March 5, 1772. NUMB. 2254.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

REMAINDER *of the* PIECE, *relating to* PUBLIC ROADS, *begun No. 2252 of this Paper.*

3. IN the next Place, let us endeavour to make ſome Eſtimate of the Expence of making our *Turnpike*. To do this, it will be neceſſary to take an exact View of every Part of the Country, through which it is to paſs, and of the Kinds and Quantity of Materials which this Country affords. It is propoſed that the Road be improved from *Philadelphia* to *Wright*'s-*Ferry*, on SASQUEHANNA; which, according to the preſent Track, is 76 Miles, but, on a ſtraight Line, perhaps, may not exceed 70. The Expence of improving ſuch a Length of Road as this, to be ſure, appears, at firſt Sight, inſupportable. But, when we conſider the *Via Appia* of the ROMANS, which *Leipſius* tells us was 350 Miles long, 28 of which was carried through a dreadful Swamp; and the whole Road made of *ſquare Free-ſtone*, ſo well laid, that tho' 1800 Years have elapſed, ſince it was firſt made, it is, in many Places, quite entire at this Day. When we conſider the immenſe Canal, made at the Expence of a ſingle Subject of *England*, I mean the *Duke of Bridgewater*---When we conſider the long Canals, made in *Ireland*, to open a Communication between the Lakes in the North and the Bay of *Newry*---we ſhall not ſurely diſtruſt our Ability to effect what is here propoſed. I know it will be ſaid that this is a *new Country, and not yet able to ſupport ſuch an Undertaking*. We ſhall grant the Premiſes, but not the Concluſion. It is a *new Country*, to be ſure; but not ſo *new*, nor, thank God, ſo poor, as not to be able to ſupport ſuch an Undertaking *as is propoſed*. I have often heard the Expence of this Road computed, at Random, at £ 100,000. But we hope it will appear that leſs than Half that Sum will be ſufficient to effect it. The Principles upon which the original Expence of making Roads in *England* (paved or gravelled 12 or 14 Feet, as already deſcribed) are theſe; *Two Tons of Materials are allowed to every Yard forward*, which will be 3520 Tons to a Mile. *Each Ton, upon an Average, coſts* 1*s. and* 10*d. all Expences included, when delivered into the Road*, making in the whole for Materials, £ 322 13 4 a Mile; *and the Labour of forming, placing and banking, &c. is about* 9*d. per Yard*, which will be £ 66 more, amounting in the whole, for Materials and Labour, to £ 388 13 4 *Sterling*, for every Mile of finiſhed Road.

But when we are ſpeaking of Roads in *Pennſylvania*, I know it will be thought by ſome, that theſe Prices ſhould, at leaſt, be *doubled*, to make up the Difference between the Expence of Labour *here* and in *England*. The Difference is undoubtedly very great; for which Reaſon the Price of the *Labour* ſhall be *trebled*; and inſtead of 9 d. per Yard, we will calculate at 2 s. and 3 d. per Yard. But with Regard to the Price of the *Materials*, there ſhould be no Allowance, in the preſent Caſe; becauſe the *natural* Advantages attending the *Coneſtogoe Road*, are ſo much greater than thoſe that have perhaps attended the ſame Extent of Road in any Part of *England*, that they will reduce the Sterling Prices to Currency. That is, we ſhall have as much Materials for £ 100 Currency *here*, as they can have for £ 100 Sterling in *England*. In many Parts of *England* the neceſſary Materials are not to be obtained without conſiderable Difficulty and Expence. Stones, Gravel, &c. are often brought 5 and 6 Miles to the Road. Whereas the Country, through which the Road, propoſed here, is to paſs, is ſo plentifully and conveniently ſtored with thoſe Articles, that near one Half of it may be made almoſt without any Hawling; and the other Half will not require much, as the greater Part of it paſſes through Lime Stone Quarries, or a gravelly Soil. So that we may take it for granted, that the Materials will not exceed £ 322 13 4 *Currency* a Mile. The Labour, at 2 s. and 3 d. per Yard *(three Times* the Price paid in *England)* will make £ 198 more, which, added to the Materials, will be £ 520 13 4 Currency for every Mile of finiſhed Road. This Sum, multiplied by 70 (the ſuppoſed Number of Miles from *Philadelphia* to *Wright*'s-*Ferry*, on a *ſtraight Line)* will make the whole Expence £ 36,446 13 4.

It will appear evident that this Calculation makes a ſufficient Allowance, when it is conſidered, that it is founded upon a Suppoſition that the Road is to be *ſtoned* or *gravelled* the *whole Way*, in the Manner that has been already mentioned. But it will, by no Means, be neceſſary to do this. The Road from *Pequea* to the *Ship*, and that through the *Radnor* Hills, will require no Improvements of this Kind. Nothing more will be neceſſary there, than to *form* the Road to its proper Breadth, to open Courſes on each Side for the Torrents, occaſioned by heavy Rains, to paſs along, without touching the Road, and to cut away the Trees, for ſome little Diſtance, ſo that the Sun and Wind may have their full Power in drying. *Stoning* will be neceſſary only in *wet, low* and *ſpungy* Ground, which perhaps may not amount to 30 Miles in the whole Diſtance; and ſhould Stone, Gravel, &c. prove ſcarce in ſuch Places, *Wood* may, very advantageouſly, be ſubſtituted in their Room. It is well known that Wood, buried in moiſt Ground, and preſerved from the Air, will laſt for Ages *. Where other Materials therefore fail, we propoſe that Logs of Wood, of 12 or 14 Feet long (the Breadth of the *mended Path)* be laid cloſe together, and buried, at leaſt 8 Inches below the Surface, and covered with the beſt Soil that the Place will admit of. Such a Road will laſt beyond the preſent Generation, and we truſt the next will be able to repair it. Indeed, if the Road be well conſtructed in the Beginning, the whole of it may be eaſily kept in Repair. This will be done by appointing Men of Capacity and Integrity as Commiſſioners, with proper Powers and Rewards to enable and encourage them to do their Duty. The next Step ſhould be the Eſtabliſhment of *Broad-wheeled Carriages*, for ſuch as *conſtantly* uſe the Road, or that follow *Waggoning* as an Employment; with an Indulgence for *narrow Wheels* to ſuch Perſons only, as live at ſome Diſtance from the Road, who only come upon it *occaſionally*, and to whoſe Purpoſes of Farming, &c. *broad-wheeled Carriages* might be inconvenient; provided that for ſuch Indulgence, they have their Carriages made with one of the Axle Trees a few Inches longer than the other, ſo that the fore and hind Wheels of each Side ſhall roll a Surface of conſiderable Breadth. Some other Regulations, no Doubt, will be found neceſſary; but theſe will be the chief, and if carefully attended to, the *annual* Repairs of the Road will be ſo inconſiderable, as, perhaps, not to exceed £ 20 a Mile.

It will be expected, no Doubt, that theſe *Obſervations* and *Eſtimate* ſhould be accompanied with ſome Mode or Plan of raiſing a Fund, for the Purpoſes mentioned. This, however, is a Matter which comes not properly within the Deſign of ſuch *looſe Hints*. The Wiſdom and Prudence of the *Legiſlature* will readily point out Ways and Means to effect this. I would only obſerve, that equitable Taxes are never to be accounted Burthens, where they are to be immediately employed for attaining proportionate Benefits to the Public. The ſecuring, facilitating and extending Commerce, are, in the preſent Situation of human Affairs, great Benefits to the Public.

Perhaps a due Regard to the ſeveral Circumſtances mentioned here, might conduce to bring about the End propoſed. But, after what has been ſaid, if it ſhould ſtill be thought that the Country is too young to attempt what is called a *Turnpike*, it is to be hoped that it will not be thought too young to attempt ſomething elſe to ſecure the great Benefits that have been enumerated. "While we are daily receiving Accounts from all Parts of the World, of the unwearied Aſſiduity with which foreign Princes and States are promoting the commercial Intereſt of their Dominions" and Countries, we cannot ſuppoſe that the vigilant and public Spirit of PENNSYLVANIA will now drop aſleep, and ſuffer a very valuable Part of her ſtaple Commodity to be wreſted out of her Hands. The Products of 3 of the *Weſtern* Counties are, *perhaps*, already of more Value than thoſe of all the other Counties put together. Thoſe Products will greatly increaſe, and become more valuable every Day---9000 Buſhels of Wheat, it is ſaid, have been brought down this Fall from the Settlements upon *Juniata* alone to *Harris*'s-*Ferry*. The *New Purchaſe* is crouding with Inhabitants, and will, in a very few Years, be a well ſettled, plentiful Country. Now, to keep the Trade and Products of thoſe Counties, and of that growing and flouriſhing Country, from being carried off to enrich the Inhabitants of *another Province*; and to turn them into their native and proper Channel, it is abſolutely neceſſary that proper Communications ſhould be *immediately* opened between that Country and the Capital. A *Turnpike* Road has already been propoſed as *Part* of a Plan for doing this. If this Part ſhould not be adopted, let us not loſe Sight of the other Parts. Let an *Inland Navigation* be opened between *Saſquehanna* and *Schuylkill*, by Means of the Waters of *Swatara* and *Tulpehocken*; which may be accompliſhed at a ſmall Expence, according to the Information of a Gentleman who attended the Surveyor General, and other Commiſſioners, who lately took a Level between the Heads of thoſe Creeks, and obſerves, in a Letter to a Friend, that "Nature has pointed out the Deſign of joining "thoſe Waters. The Ground is beautiful and level between; "and the Heads of *Quitiphibilla* are ſo nearly level with *Tolpe-*"*hocken*, that there is but *four Inches* Difference." The Advantages of this Communication muſt appear evident, at firſt Sight, to any Perſon who is acquainted with *Pennſylvania*, or that will take the Trouble to examine the Map of it. Let a Road be opened from *Peach Bottom* to *Chriſtiana Creek*. Let the *Coneſtogoe Road*, at leaſt, be *repaired*, at an Expence of £ 5000; and let the like Sum be laid out in opening and clearing the *new Road*, leading through the Village of *Straſburgh*.

Two Roads will divide the Number of Travellers, and of Courſe be leſs liable to Decay. They may alſo raiſe an Emulation in the Overſeers and Tavern-keepers of both, which may be of Advantage to the Public. Theſe are the grand Channels, through which the very Health and Life of *Philadelphia* ought to flow, and if theſe are obſtructed, ſhe can never thrive.

Much more might be ſaid upon this Subject---But, for my own Part, being ſenſible of my Inability to treat it as it deſerves, I ſet out only with a Deſign to ſelect ſome Extracts from Mr. *Homer*, and to offer a few ſcattered Hints of my own; in Hopes of exciting thoſe, who poſſeſs more Leiſure and Experience, to impart their Knowledge and Sentiments to the Public; by which Means the beſt Informations and Schemes may be obtained, and the principal End, at laſt, accompliſhed. Whether any Thing propoſed here may contribute to this important Purpoſe, I know not. But this I declare, that it has been dictated by a Zeal for the Welfare of this flouriſhing Province. And that my Wiſhes are, that *Philadelphia* may one Day be "*the crowning City, whoſe* "*Merchants ſhall be Princes, whoſe Traffickers ſhall be the honour-*"*able of the Earth.*" And that "every Source of Improvement to the Trade, Wealth and Proſperity of PENNSYLVANIA, by whatever Means accompliſhed, may, together with its Liberty, be immortal."

CLERICUS.

The following Out-lines of a SCHEME, *are ſubmitted to the Conſideration and Improvement of the* PHILADELPHIAN YOUTHS.

I. A MONTHLY Meeting of young Gentlemen, whoſe Ages do not exceed 21 Years, freely to diſcuſs any Matter or Topic in any of the Arts and Sciences, which may be thought adapted to their Capacities.

II. That ſome Nights be ſet apart for any of the Members to deliver an Oration; Strangers to be admitted on thoſe Nights (if agreeable to the Speakers.)

III. That the beautiful Parts in polite Literature be occaſionally read, or rehearſed, and accompanied with the Criticiſms of the Aſſembly, &c.

IV. That the Members, before their breaking up, fix upon a fit Subject for the next Night's Diſputation; ſo that they may not come altogether unprepared, &c.

V. That a Preſident be adjudged by Ballot, or the Chair filled in Succeſſion, to ſee Decency and Decorum obſerved; and to ſuppreſs any Irregularities in the Conduct of the Diſputants, &c.

Mankind ſeem agreed, that it is not the Labours of the Learned can make a REASONER, nor Rules of Eloquence an ORATOR, more than reading Tomes of Divinity a CHRISTIAN, but the Exerciſe and Habit of this Faculty alone. The only Thing therefore to invite Youth to uſe their Reaſon, is to let the Exerciſe be attended with Pleaſure. Now, a Freedom of Enquiry, and Privilege of diſcuſſing any Tenet or Argument, where there is no Curb to the Imagination; no pedantic Opinions, but what may be freely rejected; no aſſuming Dictators, but a Liberty of Expreſſion and Language granted every Perſon, conſiſtent with the Rules of Good-breeding and Decency, muſt always render ſpeculative Converſations inſtructive and agreeable.----Hence it is apprehended, ſuch a Scheme as the above muſt prove extremely uſeful to the Ingenious, who, from a Diffidence of ſpeaking their Sentiments before their Elders or Superiors, contract an awkward Habit, which they find very difficult ever to ſurmount.

There is nothing more allures the Affections of thoſe we converſe with, nor any Thing we have more Occaſion for in our daily Intercourſe with Mankind, than a pleaſing off-hand Eloquence.---Yet there is no Part of our Education leſs attended to. Whilſt Parents are careful to have their Childrens Heads made a Lumber Room of Learning, they are inattentive to what may teach them the happy Art of drawing up their Ideas in proper Order, and calling their School Acquirements into Action. It is the very Nature of this Inſtitution to teach this elegant Art, and learn Youth to argue with Freedom and Propriety, unconfined to the SOCRATIC, FORENSIC or SCHOLASTIC Trammels of Diſputation.----What is more beautiful, more eſtimable, or more univerſally uſeful, than ORATORY? This perſuaſive Language adds a Grace to the moſt elegant Form.----It is not confined to the PULPIT, to the BAR, or the PROFESSOR'S CHAIR, but enters into every Occurrence of our Life; and, in the Syſtem of human Inventions, there is not a Vocation or Employment, but it may prove beneficial to----But to point to all its peculiar Advantages is needleſs---Every Perſon feels the Want of it.

Therefore, to render this *extempore Eloquence* more general, and to lend a helping Hand in forming a Race of ORATORS, PATRIOTS, PHILOSOPHERS, and ſhining Members of Society, the above Scheme was calculated: And thoſe who think it adapted to enlarge their Underſtandings, are deſired to meet at Mr. John Little's, at the Indian Queen, in Fourth-ſtreet, on Monday, the 9th of March, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening, to conſider of a proper Place for the Members to aſſemble, and to form neceſſary Laws to exclude vain Wrangling, and to bar againſt any evil Conſequences which this Plan might introduce----Alſo to look into a rough Draft of Laws for this Inſtitution, which will be laid before them, by their moſt obedient humble Servant.

PHILOMATH.

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

ON Monday, the 16th inſtant, preciſely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and again at ſix o'clock in the evening, the ſubſcriber intends to deliver a Courſe of Lectures on Pneumaticks, or the Science of the Air, at the Philoſophical Society's Hall, in Second-ſtreet. In this courſe will be exhibited, a variety of curious and entertaining experiments on an Air-pump, of an entire new conſtruction, lately invented by him.

From the ſimplicity and ſmall expence of this Air-pump, and its being ſo contrived as to act as a condenſer, by turning a cock, he has reaſon to believe it will meet with general approbation; and therefore informs his friends and the public, that he can ſupply them with ſuch upon very reaſonable terms.

CHRISTOPHER COLLES.

Tickets for the Courſe, at 5 s. each, to be had of the Printers hereof, of Mr. Dunlap, printer of the Pennſylvania Packet, and of ſaid COLLES, in Gray's-alley, near Doctor Thomas Bond's, in Second-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL tract of land, containing 35 acres, ſituate in Northwales, in the county of Philadelphia, by a very public road leading from Philadelphia through Germantown, to Northampton and Berks counties; there are on the premiſes a good ſtone houſe and kitchen, a well of water at the door, a ſtone barn, a large bearing orchard, a tan-yard, in good repair, where the buſineſs has been carried on upwards of 20 years; about 25 acres of the ſaid tract cleared, 5 acres thereof improved meadow. For terms of ſale, apply to the ſubſcriber, in Providence townſhip, in ſaid county,

§ 6 W. ROWLAND EVANS.

ALL Perſons indebted to MARTIN WALN, of this City, Milk-man, are deſired to make immediate Payment to the Subſcribers (his Aſſignees) and thoſe who have any juſt Demands againſt ſaid WALN, are requeſted to bring their Accounts, without Delay, to STEPHEN PASCHALL,

Second Month 25th, 1772. ‖ 1 w. REUBEN HAINES.

Lower Merion, February 25, 1772.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtates of JOSEPH MILES, and PHEBE MILES, of Radnor, in Cheſter County, and SUSANNA MILES, of Lower Merion (deceaſed) or either of them, on Bond, Note, or Book-Debt, or for Goods bought at either of their Vendues, or otherwiſe, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to the Subſcriber, otherwiſe they may expect to be ſued, without further Notice. Alſo thoſe Perſons having any Demands againſt either of ſaid Eſtates, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, in order for Settlement, to JOHN ROBERTS, Miller, Executor and Adminiſtrator to Phebe Miles, and Suſanna Miles. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

At public VENDUE, in the City of BURLINGTON, on Fifth-day, the 26th Inſtant,

A LARGE brick dwelling-houſe, and lot of ground, ſituate in the ſaid city, on the eaſt ſide of High-ſtreet, oppoſite to Friends Meeting-houſe, on one of the higheſt parts. The houſe is ſuited for two tenements, or may be readily converted into one, has 3 rooms on a floor, with a good kitchen and waſh-houſe back; a large yard, into which there is room for a carriage to enter; and a large good garden back, the lot being 46 feet front, on the ſaid ſtreet, and extends that width half way to York-ſtreet. Alſo a lot of ground, with a ſtable thereon, fronting on the ſouth ſide of Broad-ſtreet, near the Church, containing in width 85 feet and a half, and extending back to Thomas Powell's lot.

Alſo a tract of timber land, in Hunterdon county, near Rockſeticus Iron-works, containing by the ſurvey thereof 100 acres, adjoining to lands late Iſaac Norris's.

And a quantity of Weſtern Propriety Rights to unlocated lands; late the property of Samuel Scattergood, of ſaid city, deceaſed.

The payments will be made very eaſy to the purchaſer or purchaſers, on giving ſecurity, if deſired; and a good title will be ſhewn and conveyed by WILLIAM SMITH, and SAMUEL ALLINSON, Executors. *Burlington, Third Month* 2, 1772. §

To all FREEHOLDERS, and OTHERS, who have a Right to vote for Superviſors of the Highways, for the Townſhip of the Northern Liberties.

I RETURN you my hearty Thanks for the Confidence you have repoſed in me, in chooſing me one of the Superviſors of the Highways, for the aboveſaid Townſhip, for theſe ſeveral Years paſt; but, as a Continuance in that Office will not ſuit me any longer, I deſire you will chooſe another (to ſerve in my Stead) at the next Election for Superviſors, from your ſincere Friend, JOSEPH CANNON. ¶

ALL perſons that have any demands againſt the eſtate of DARBY DURELL, late of the townſhip of Cheſter, in the county of Burlington, deceaſed, are deſired to meet at his late dwelling-houſe, near the mouth of Rancocas creek, in the townſhip aforeſaid, on the 25th day of this inſtant March, with their accounts, properly proved, in order to receive their dividend of ſaid eſtate, from

JOSEPH HACKNEY, Adminiſtrator.

An old Wood Flat, belonging to ſaid eſtate, will be expoſed to public ſale, the ſame day, by ſaid *Joſeph Hackney*. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

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* *Witneſs the Timber, dug out of the Bogs of* Ireland, *and other Countries, ſuppoſed to have lain there ſince the* Deluge, *which is yet hard and ſound.*

By Captain ADAMSON, *from* Liſbon, *we were favoured with ſome Engliſh Prints, from which we have the following Intelligence.*

LONDON, December 12.

WE are now told that advices have been received, within theſe few days, from Lord Grantham, Britiſh Ambaſſador at the Court of Madrid, informing that his Catholic Majeſty is deſirous of having the difference relative to the late affair at Carthagena adjuſted in an amicable manner; and that he promiſes to make all the ſatisfaction that the Court of Great-Britain can reaſonably require, for the inſult offered to the Britiſh flag.

We hear that the diſpute which lately happened between an Engliſh ſloop and a Portugueſe frigate at the Brazils, is entirely accommodated, to the ſatisfaction of both Courts.

Several Cabinet Councils have been held on account of the Reſolutions of the Houſe of Commons in Ireland; and, we are told, the Miniſtry are at a ſtand how to proceed.

We hear that orders are given for a ſurvey to be made of all the ports and harbours belonging to the Britiſh colonies in America, under the inſpection of two able Engineers.

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, Dec. 8.

"Yeſterday morning, in a moſt violent ſtorm of wind, Capt. Henry, with lumber, from Boſton for London, was driven aſhore near the Bolt; the Captain and all the men were ſaved, but the ſhip and cargoe are entirely loſt.

As Mr. Wilkes has publickly aſked Mr. Townſend to declare, that he never would accept a Contract; we hear that, at the next meeting of thoſe Gentlemen, Mr. Townſend intends to require of the Patriot to declare, that he does not at preſent, never did, nor ever will, receive a Penſion, from the French Adminiſtration.

Not leſs than three expreſſes were received yeſterday at St. James's from the Earl of Grantham at Madrid.

The Duke of Grafton has lately had ſeveral conferences with his Majeſty at the Queen's Palace.

It was reported this morning, that his Grace has been offered the Viceroyſhip of Ireland, and it is ſaid he has accepted it, on condition that he ſhall continue in it for ſeven years, inſtead of three.

The Duke of Glouceſter intends to make but a ſhort ſtay at Piſa, and will ſpend the remainder of the Winter at Florence. We are well aſſured that he found no benefit from any of the preſcriptions of the Italian Phyſicians, conſiſting of ice-clyſters, lemonades, and ſuch ridiculous remedies; and had not his own Surgeon ſtrongly inſiſted upon the bark (the efficacy of which his Royal Highneſs had experienced when he was laſt in Germany) we had probably loſt that much valued branch of the Royal Family.

Inſtructions are now making out at the Secretary of State's office for the different Governors in the Weſt-Indies, reſpecting their behaviour towards the Spaniards.

The Rev. Mr. S--t---ns, who married the Duke of C-m----d on the 2d of October laſt, had a ſalary of 100 l. per annum ſettled on him immediately after the ceremony.

It is reported, that when a certain Lady went to pay her reſpects to the D----s of C-----d at Windſor Lodge, ſhe, agreeably to the former intimacy that ſubſiſted between them, ruſhed forward, to embrace her with all the ardour of affection; when, inſtead of meeting with that return which friendſhip or good-breeding demanded, the D. of C. ſat in her chair of ſtate with great dignity, and held out her hand to be kiſſed, after the royal manner, as an inſtance of her great humility.

"As for the new party that is forming itſelf with inconceivable facility (ſays a Correſpondent) I cannot but ſay, there is very ſufficient foundation. One good turn deſerves another; Col. Luttrell did all the dirty work Government had the modeſty to require of him, yet you ſee how much more forcible the operations of pride are to thoſe of gratitude, and his ſiſter is not to be acknowledged for what his Sovereign's brother has had the generoſity to make her. It is a little remarkable, that theſe men, who are ſuch happy Time-ſervers, ſhould grow into ſuch inſtantaneous importance. Lord Bute, on his firſt introduction, was neither better nor worſe, than a *ſtop-gap* Governor: To what dignities has not he arrived!--In like manner, our ſtop-gap Repreſentative has contrived to advance himſelf, until there is but one ſtep higher for him to climb: The King's brother is only one remove from------."

It was Solon, the Athenian Law-giver, who ſtrongly forbade impriſonment for debt, and upon whoſe principles the Empreſs of Ruſſia has ordered the like practice to be diſcontinued throughout her dominions.

If, as there is reaſon to think, this practice is contrary to humanity and good policy, it is to be hoped that the example of this wiſe Princeſs will be followed in the more enlightened parts of Europe.

His Majeſty's ſhip Vanguard, at Portſmouth, is ordered to be fitted immediately for the American ſtation.

Letters from Madras and Bombay give account of ſeveral Britiſh veſſels being ſeized in the gulph of Baſſora by the Perſians.

Laſt night Lottery Tickets ſold at ſome of the Offices, from 35l. to 36l.

December 19. According to the laſt advices from Conſtantinople, a diſcovery had lately been made of an immenſe treaſure in one of the vaults of the Seraglio, to the value of many millions ſterling, which had been buried under ground ſome hundred years by one of their former Emperors, during the time of a popular inſurrection.

Extract of a Letter from an Engliſh Officer in the ſervice of the Empreſs of Ruſſia, dated Lazaretto, Legborn, Nov. 11, 1771.

"His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter is ſo well recovered from his late dangerous illneſs, as to be able to take the air every day. As ſoon as we arrived here, on the 30th of laſt month, in a man of war from the Levant, his Highneſs ſent immediately to compliment our Lieutenant-General, Count Theodore Orlow, on his arrival, and on Sunday laſt honoured his Excellency with a viſit. His Highneſs came in a chariot with Lady Dick, attended by Col. Rainsford, Major Haywood, Sir John Dick, the Captains Balfour and Jarvis, and Mr. Rutherford, the Ruſſian Agent in this port. Their Excellencies Count Orlow, Count Bouterline, and General Darragon, received his Highneſs in the Lazaretto; all the Ruſſian officers, who wore new uniforms on this occaſion, were preſented to his Royal Highneſs, and ſeveral private ſoldiers of the Ruſſian guards were drawn up in form, as a compliment to the Engliſh Prince. His Highneſs converſed a conſiderable time with his Excellency Count Orlow, and ſeemed greatly delighted with the appearance of the Ruſſian officers. Several antiquities, brought from different iſlands in the Archipelago, were ſhown to his Highneſs, which he ſeemed pleaſed at the ſight of. Afterwards Count Orlow cauſed a fine Barbary horſe to be exerciſed before his Highneſs, which he greatly admired. This creature was deſigned by a Captain Pacha, as a preſent for the Grand Signor, and taken by one of the Ruſſian ſhips in a veſſel bound for Conſtantinople. After his Royal Highneſs was gone, his Excellency Count Orlow ſent him a letter, deſiring his acceptance of the horſe, which his Highneſs graciouſly received. At dinner a general toaſt by all the officers was given to the health of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter, and the Count was exceedingly charmed at the mark of condeſcenſion the Duke ſhewed, in paying him this polite viſit."

Letters from Dublin, dated Dec. 9, declare, that the Court party's intention of introducing a land-tax in Ireland, is looked upon by all the patriotic gentry, &c. as totally inconſiſtent with the intereſts of that country, as it muſt certainly fall upon the occupiers of land, enhance the price of proviſions to the manufacturer, and of courſe, that of the manufactures themſelves; which muſt be highly injurious to the trade of the nation, without reckoning the numberleſs difficulties the collecting ſuch a tax (which will be conſtantly fluctuating) muſt be attended with. In conſequence of this opinion, the counties of Cork, Clare, Antrim, Sligo, Meath, Waterford, &c. have addreſſed their conſtituents to oppoſe, with all their powers, any bill which may be brought into Parliament, tending to levy a land-tax in that country.

In order to qualify the bitter draught of the land-tax to the people of Ireland, we hear the Courtiers propoſe to leſſen the tax levied there upon the public, called Hearth Money, which is an aſſeſs raiſed upon all the fire places of the inhabitants of that country, and which brings Government in an immenſe ſum.

We are aſſured, that the 20,000l. prize, drawn on Monday laſt, which was ſaid to belong to a gentleman in Dantzick, is the property of Mr. Solomans, a Jew broker of this city.

Polite excuſes have been ſent from many of the neighbouring nobility to the Duke, apologizing for not paying their reſpects to him; to which his Highneſs's conſtant anſwer has been, that he greatly approved their conduct, and would be infinitely unhappy to give the leaſt additional uneaſineſs to his Majeſty.

Sir John Huſſey Delaval, notwithſtanding the interjection from St. James's, has viſited the Duke, declaring that he could ſee no reaſon to ſacrifice his friend, merely for performing an honourable action.

It is very extraordinary, that in our *virtuous* Court indiſcretion ſhould be puniſhed more ſeverely than actual criminality; while the Duke was a public ſeducer, he was not only well received at St. James's, but had the *expences* of his illicit amours defrayed; whereas his marriage without leave is now to reprobate him intirely, and a human ceremonial to be perſecuted with a rigour never once attempted, when he violated the laws of God.

Lord Townſend's ſituation in Ireland is truly deplorable; he is ſurrounded by enemies, condemned by his few friends, cenſured by Adminiſtration, and unable either to return with credit to England, or ſtay with honour in the ſeat of his government.

The ariſtocracy in Ireland, is not ſo entirely deſtroyed as the Miniſtry imagined on this ſide of the water, ſince the preſent oppoſition to government has been chiefly ſpirited up by a few of the great families.

The preſent oppoſition in Ireland, muſt be a very agreeable circumſtance to every reflecting Engliſhman, becauſe it ſhews, that even a country comparatively poor cannot be eaſily bought by a Miniſter; and that, conſequently, it muſt indeed be a Herculean labour to purchaſe ſo very opulent a country as England.

By the Mercury Packet, *Captain* DILLON, *from* Falmouth, *and the* Counteſs of Donnegall, *Captain* PYM, *from* Dublin, *both arrived at* New-York, *we have the following Advices.*

CONSTANTINOPLE, *October* 17.

ACCORDING to advices from the Danube it appears, that the operations of this campaign are at an end; and that the reſpective armies, diminiſhed and weakened by a contagious diſeaſe, will ſoon go into winter quarters.

St. James's, Dec. 11. This day was received from Captain Stott, Commander of his Majeſty's Ship Juno, who arrived at Plymouth the 9th Inſt. in ſeventy Days from Port Egmont, the following Account of the Execution of his Commiſſion to receive the Poſſeſſion of Falkland's Iſland, in his Majeſty's Name. On the Evening of the 13th of September laſt, Captain Stott arrived at Port Egmont, with his Majeſty's Frigate Juno, the Hound Sloop, and Florida Storeſhip, under his Command. The next Morning ſeeing Spaniſh Colours flying, and Troops on ſhore, at the Settlement formerly held by the Engliſh, he ſent a Lieutenant to know if any Officer was there on Behalf of his Catholic Majeſty, empowered to make Reſtitution of Poſſeſſion to him, agreeable to the Orders of his Court for that Purpoſe, Duplicates of which he had to deliver to ſuch Officer. He was anſwered, that Don Franciſco de Orduna, a Lieutenant of the Royal Artillery of Spain, was furniſhed with full Powers, and ready to effect the Reſtitution. Don Franciſco ſoon after came on board the Juno, when Captain Stott delivered to him his Catholic Majeſty's Orders. They then examined together, into the Situation of the Settlement and Stores; adjuſted the Forms of the Reſtitution, and Reception of the Poſſeſſion; Inſtruments for which were ſettled, and reciprocally delivered. On Monday, the 16th of September, Captain Stott landed, followed by a Party of Marines, and was received by the Spaniſh Officer, who formally reſtored him Falkland's Iſland, Port Egmont, its Fort, and other Dependencies, giving him the ſame Poſſeſſion as His Majeſty had before the 10th of June, 1770: On which he cauſed His Majeſty's Colours to be hoiſted, and took Poſſeſſion accordingly. The next Day Don Franciſco, with all the Troops and Subjects of the King of Spain, departed in a Schooner, which they had with them.

LONDON, *December* 3.

It is ſaid a certain great Lady is ſo reſigned to her approaching Diſſolution, as to have made her Will, and ſettled all her moſt trivial Affairs in the World. She has left three Millions Sterling to the Children of a Great Perſonage, and the reſt to her German Relations.

Dec. 4. The King of Pruſſia has declared in a Manifeſto, that it is to keep off the plague from Poliſh Pruſſia, that he has entered that country with an army.

It is confidently reported that the Grand Signor is indefatigable in his Preparations for War, and that his Sublime Highneſs has at length ſtruck out a Plan, by which he propoſes to pay the Ruſſians in their own Coin, and make them ſeverely repent their having ever taken up Arms againſt the Deſcendants of Mahomet. Other Accounts ſay, that two of the principal Members of the Divan had juſt received the Bow-ſtring for diſſenting from this Plan, and being Advocates for an inglorious Peace.

Dec. 6. It is ſaid, that a certain Great Perſonage is ſo ſtruck with, and affected by the late deſperate Conſpiracy and Aſſaſſination of the King of Poland, that his Guard will be doubled for the future, whenever he goes out.

Several Privy Councils have lately been held on the preſent proceedings of the Iriſh Parliament; and we are told, that all the Judges will be ſhortly required to give their opinion with reſpect to the power of the Royal Prerogative over the money of that kingdom.

Dec. 7. It is by ſome conjectured, that the approaching Seſſion of Parliament will not only be the buſieſt, but alſo one of the moſt important ever known in this Kingdom.

Dec. 10. It is rumoured, that a Meſſage, full of Inſolence, hath been received laſt week from Spain.

Dec. 12. Laſt Night the Earl of Bute, Jeremiah Dyſon, Sir Gilbert Elliot, and another Gentleman, were in Conference with his Majeſty above two Hours, at Buckingham-Houſe.

They write from Toulon, that the naval Commander there had juſt received an Order from his Court, to equip a Number of Men of War and Frigates for Sea, with the utmoſt Expedition.

Dec. 13. It is whiſpered, by the Moderators at the Weſt End of the Town, that the only Way to heal the Differences in Ireland, is to ſend over Lord Chatham, to ſucceed the preſent Viceroy; and it is even ſaid that ſuch a Deſign has been hinted to his Lordſhip's Friends, by the Deſire of a Great Perſonage, but we have not heard what Reception the Propoſals met with.

Dec. 14. It is apprehended, that the Spaniards intend building a Fort upon Falkland's Iſland, within Gunſhot of Fort Egmont.

Since the arrival of Captain Stott from Falkland's Iſland, the miniſterial Runners have induſtriouſly circulated, *according to order*, "That the Spaniards have given up Falkland's Iſland entirely---the whole iſland---Fort Egmont and all!" It is more than probable the London Gazette will confirm this report. If it does, it will not be the *firſt falſhood* which the London Gazette has given to the world. The fact is, the Spaniards have ſurrendered Port and Fort Egmont ONLY. The Spaniards drove our People from the *Iſland*; they would not ſuffer them to remain upon any part of it. They took poſſeſſion of the whole; ſaying, "the Iſlands belonged to the King of Spain." The Papers laid before the Parliament laſt winter (which were publiſhed) give us the fact. The Spaniards have reſtored to us the Port and Fort *only*. But to whom does the *Sovereignty* of the Iſland belong? Is that to be the ſubject of another negotiation? Or is it to be tamely given up? The Speech, at the enſuing ſeſſion, will doubtleſs be full of this great condeſcenſion in Spain. That ſtate paper the Miniſters think is *a privileged vehicle of fallacy*. But though the North-Briton was perſecuted with a rancour that would have diſgraced the reign of a Stuart, for ſpeaking *bold truths*, yet this LIE, if it is told, ſhall not go undetected.

Summonſes were iſſued out early this morning to the Lord Preſident of the Privy Council, Lords Sandwich, Temple, Hereford, North, and the Secretaries of State, &c. to attend at a Council, on Monday, at the Queen's Palace. The above Council is ſummoned, in conſequence of ſome very intereſting advices that arrived laſt night from the Earl of Harcourt at Paris.

A private Board of Admiralty was held yeſterday, at which Commodore Harvey preſided. Dr. Solander, and Mr. Banks, attended to receive ſome inſtructions for their intended voyage. The above gentlemen are to ſail the beginning of March. They are to have one ſhip of 50 guns, two frigates, and three ſmaller ſail. They are particularly charged with making diſcoveries on the coaſt of New-Holland and New-Zealand, which are at preſent almoſt unknown.

Dec. 17. A Correſpondent obſerves, that Falkland Iſlands have coſt us no leſs than Five Millions of Money; beſides the additional Weight of 40,000 Seamen, which are to be kept in Pay during the bleſſed Period of an imperfect Peace. But, adds this Gentleman, however honourable or eſſential it may be for this Country to have the Navy in a reſpectable Condition, it was ſurely never intended that Affairs between us and Spain ſhould have terminated in the Manner they have done, as the Engliſh have been ſeldom or ever ſatisfied with gaining a Loſs.

It is an undoubted Fact, that no Steps have been omitted to reduce the D-ke of C--------d to the Level of a private Gentleman. Orders have been univerſally given at Court for the Conduct of all Ranks of People; and even the Theatres have received Notice, that it is his M-----y's Pleaſure he have no Diſtinctions paid him there.---What a Difference is thus made, by the moſt virtuous of P---ces, between the Sin of Gallantry, and the Diſgrace of an unequal Marriage?

It is certain that the Princeſs of Brunſwick is *not* to viſit the Duke of Cumberland.

We have advice from Madrid, that the Diſpatch in fitting out their Ships is incredible, upwards of 14,000 Men are employed in their ſeveral Dock Yards, &c. for that Purpoſe.

A Letter from Liſbon ſays, that Advice is received there of all the new Fortifications at Rio de Janeiro being deſtroyed by an Earthquake, which has greatly damped the Spirits of the Court of Portugal.

We are now told that the D. of C. will not make his Appearance at Court before the D. of G.

It is aſſured that a certain great Lady, on hearing that her illuſtrious Kinſman had entered into the holy State of Matrimony, turned to one of her Gentlewomen in waiting, and ſaid, "I heartily wiſh he had choſen, inſtead of C-----l L-tt--ll's Siſter, the Daughter of Mr. Wilkes, becauſe he would then have gained *largely* by his Change of Condition---an accompliſhed Girl, and *Popularity*.

The Reaſon their Majeſties have appeared in Public ſo ſeldom this Winter, is ſaid to be owing to the great Chagrin they have felt from the Miſconduct of a once favourite Brother.

Dec. 25. The Court of Spain have iſſued Orders to their commanding Officers in the Weſt-Indies, to ſuffer no foreign Subjects to cut Logwood in the Iſland of Rattan, or even reſort to that Place, on any Pretext whatſoever.

Orders are given for two Companies of the Artillery to hold themſelves in Readineſs to embark for Jamaica, to relieve thoſe now on Duty at that Place.

A Correſpondent informs us, that within theſe ten Days paſt upwards of 40 additional Workmen have been taken into Pay at Chatham Dock Yard, by Orders from the Admiralty Board.

We hear that the Premier has written circulating Letters in the moſt preſſing Terms to the King's Men, as they are called, requeſting their early Attendance this Winter on extraordinary Matters, which are to come on the very Opening of the Seſſion of Parliament.

They write from Guernſey, that 5 Sail of French homeward bound Ships from Canada, have been loſt on the Coaſt of Britanny, near the Gaſkets, between the 8th and 12th Inſtant.

The Duke of Cumberland has been adviſed by his Brother the Colonel, to go and ſpend a few Months at Luttrell's Town, till the Fracas be a little over.---The Tour of Ireland may help to finiſh his Education!

The Nelly, Hudſon, from Virginia to London, is on Shore upon the Knock, near South-End, but if the Weather proves moderate, are in hopes of getting her off again.

The Neptune, Shepherd, from Boſton to Hull, is totally loſt near Margate.

The Treaty of Commerce between the Engliſh and Ruſſians is to be concluded next Week, as all Difficulties are now removed.

It was Yeſterday currently reported upon Change, that the Grand Signor, irritated by the bad Succeſs of his Arms, had, in a Fit of Deſpair, poiſoned himſelf, and was found dead in the Seraglio. This Advice is ſaid to be received two Days ago from Holland.

They write from the Hague, that a Treaty is on Foot for lending, at a high Price, ten Dutch Men of War, to ſerve the Ruſſians the enſuing Campaign againſt the Turks in the Levant.

Laſt Night an Alarm was ſpread among the Shipping below Bridge, that Preſs Warrants had that Morning been iſſued, which occaſioned a general Conſternation among the Sailors.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, December 16.

"The Parliament lately made Remonſtrances to the King upon the Subject of ſome Edicts relative to the Finances, to which his Majeſty ſeemed at firſt to pay ſome Attention, but upon a Repetition of their Remonſtrances, he ſent them Letters of Juſſion, directing them to regiſter his Edicts, without any Altercation or Delay."

We can aſſure the Public, that a Memorial was lately ſent off from St. James's to the Spaniſh Court, demanding a Releaſe of Engliſh Priſoners, which have been at different Times taken by Spaniſh Veſſels on various Pretences. From the ſame Authority we alſo aſſert, that there is not one Royal Sea Port Town in Spain, which has not at this Time a greater or leſs Number of Engliſh Priſoners in cloſe Confinement. The above Point muſt be ſettled, before the Diſputes now ſubſiſting between England and Spain can be brought to any Termination.

At the laſt Board of Admiralty, the ſtationing of the ſeveral Men of War fitting out for Sea, in the different Dock Yards, was fixed, and Inſtructions were ſent to the Commiſſioners for carrying the ſame into Execution.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, December 17.

"The laſt Letters from Vienna adviſe, that the great Advantages lately gained by the Ruſſians over the Turks, have made ſuch an Impreſſion upon the Empreſs Queen and her Miniſtry, that there is Reaſon to hope her Imperial Majeſty will be more inclined than heretofore to liſten to the Terms propoſed for bringing about a Peace between the Ruſſians and the Turks."

By the NEW-YORK *Poſt we have as follows.*

WARSAW, November 30.

THE King's Uhlans have taken eleven Confederates, who were about five miles from this town. They have alſo ſeized the famous Domanſki, who had reſolved to aſſaſſinate Korſinſki, that he might not make any farther confeſſion. The latter has undergone ſome interrogatories lately, in which he has confeſſed ſeveral things regarding the horrible project formed againſt the King's life.

The Heyduck, who was wounded in defending his Sovereign, and died of his wounds, was a Diſſident; and ſome of the Romiſh prieſts ſpared no pains in his laſt moments, to engage him to abjure his errors, and die a Catholic. When they had exhauſted all their rhetoric, and he found himſelf near his end, he replied coolly: "You ſtun me with your ſolicitations, but happily for me they cannot laſt long; your zeal would be better employed in converting the aſſaſſins of my King." Soon after he had ſpoken theſe words, he expired.

LONDON, December 10.

The only cauſe for removing Lord Townſend from Ireland, is on account of the Blunders of his tyrannical Government. If they had permitted him to remain another year there, it is thought he would have ruined all the Miniſterial intereſt in that kingdom.

Dec. 12. We have it from good authority, that the Spaniſh Ambaſſador has at length declared, that his Court is willing to conciliate matters with Great-Britain---*by the mediation of France.*

Dec. 14. We hear that Lord Viſcount Townſhend is to conti-

Best possible image.

nue in his ſtation as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland during the preſent Seſſion in that kingdom, and that no Perſon has been appointed to ſucceed him, as mentioned in ſome of the Papers.

The *little Junto*, and *doers* of all public Buſineſs, have reſolved to ſupport Lord Townſhend in Ireland, againſt the Houſe of Commons there.

The Duke of Cumberland is now incog. and yeſterday wrote a letter to a great and amiable Lady: To which he received a moſt gracious anſwer, with a promiſe to exert her influence in his behalf.

Dec. 16. Orders were on Saturday evening ſent to his Majeſty's dock-yards for fitting out, with all expedition, one firſt rate, two ſecond rates, and ſome other ſhips of the line; which, when ready for ſea, are to ſail for Jamaica, to reinforce Admiral Rodney.

By recent advices from France we are aſſured, that the French fleet, ordered to be equipped at Breſt, is ready for ſea, and will ſail in a few days for the Mediterranean.

A draught of twenty men, from every regiment in England, is to be made to reinforce the garriſons abroad, and four new regiments are to be raiſed here to replace them.

Dec. 25. The following odd adventure happened laſt Tueſday on the New Road: A woman, who had eloped with her paramour, was met by her huſband, who reſolutely ſtript her, amidſt the gaping croud, to her ſhift and under petticoat; then told her, it was out of decency to the public, not charity to ſuch a beaſt, he left her any covering at all: He carried off her cloaths, and left her to the rough ſatire of the populace.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Dec. 17.

"The letters from Warſaw adviſe, that the King is ſtill confined to his apartment, and though his wounds are conſtantly on the mending hand, he is not yet able to appear in public. Theſe letters add, that the circular letters for convening a Senatus Concilium are all ready, but not ſigned; which is attributed to ſome points which a certain foreign Miniſter inſiſts upon being inſerted in thoſe letters, and which ſeveral of the magiſtrates ſtrenuouſly oppoſe, ſo that the Senatus Concilium is not ſo near as was expected. It is pretended that a great Perſonage, of the firſt rank among the Polanders, has lately been ſent from Warſaw to Peterſburgh, under a very ſtrong guard; for what offence is not yet known. It is likewiſe reported, that a detachment of Ruſſian troops is ſecretly marching to Elbing, in order to conduct the Prince Primate from thence back again to Warſaw; which, if true, throws ſome ſuſpicion upon that Prelate, as one of the parties concerned in the late attempt againſt the King."

The following letter, which came by the Juno, Captain Stott, lately arrived from Port Egmont, was ſent to a gentleman in town from one of the Officers who took poſſeſſion of the Port.

Port-Egmont, in Falkland's-Iſland,
September 27, 1771.

"I take the opportunity of ſending this by his Majeſty's ſhip Juno, to acquaint you of my ſafe arrival here the thirteenth inſt. after one of the beſt paſſages almoſt ever known. The ſhip's company I came with have been remarkably healthy. On our arrival here, we found the Spaniards in poſſeſſion of the place, and their colours flying; ſince which it has been delivered up to our Commodore in form, agreeable to the Convention, except the cannon (there were but four) and ſtores, all which they have taken away, and ſent to Buenos Ayres. The climate ſeems very healthy and agreeable. Here is a great plenty of wild fowl, as alſo vegetables, and very good. I am told there is good fiſh in the ſeaſon, and great abundance. It is now the ſpring of the year; what the ſummer may produce I cannot inform you. I have but juſt time to write this, being in a hurry. Yours, &c."

Dublin, Dec. 24. By a Letter from Shane-caſtle, in the County of Antrim, we are well informed, that the Hearts of Steel have again begun to be outrageous, having on Tueſday Sen'night broke open the Store of Mr. Ellis, and thereout took all the Arms, Ammunition, &c. and erected a Gallows, which John O'Neil, Eſq; immediately cut down; they then erected another, and threatened his life. The outrages committed by them cannot be aſcertained as yet, as the Number increaſes daily.

GRENADA, Saint George, January 11, 1772.

On Friday, the 27th of December laſt, about Eleven o'Clock at Night, a moſt dreadful Fire broke out in a Bake-Houſe at the End of Halifax-ſtreet, in the moſt Leeward Part of this Town, owing to the burſting of an over-heated Oven, and not to any other Cauſe, as has been reported.---Upon the firſt Alarm the General and Garriſon repaired to the Spot; but as the little Wind that happened to blow was northerly, and there being, at the ſame Time, an almoſt total Want of every Implement neceſſary for extinguiſhing or ſtopping the Progreſs of Fire, the Flames ſpread in all Directions, with ſuch Rapidity, as to lay the whole Lower Town in Aſhes, in leſs than five Hours----It was at length happily extinguiſhed, after it had ſeveral Times ſeized the Cuſtom-houſe and Court-houſe, on the top of the Hill, and Mr. de Chanteloup's Houſe in the Carenage; and, had not thoſe Houſes been providentially ſaved, the Deſtruction of the whole Town, and very probably, of the Shipping in the Harbour, muſt inevitably have enſued. His Excellency exerted his utmoſt Efforts, and every where animated the People by his Preſence and Example, on this melancholy Occaſion, and the Officers and Soldiers of the 70th Regiment, though their ſpirited Endeavours were in vain, behaved in ſuch a Manner as will ever reflect Honour on them, and claim the Gratitude of the Inhabitants.

It is with the greateſt Satisfaction we can mention, on this Occaſion, the ſingular Humanity of the principal Inhabitants, whoſe generous Subſcriptions, and immediate Attention to the Means of furniſhing their diſtreſſed Fellow-citizens with the Neceſſaries of Life, deſerve the higheſt Encomiums.---Providentially for us, a Number of Veſſels have lately arrived, loaded with Proviſions and Lumber, and many more are hourly expected, which affords the pleaſant Proſpect that our Markets will be plentifully ſupplied, and tends greatly to alleviate the general Diſtreſs.

NEW-YORK, *February* 24.

We learn from Holland, that Monſieur de Voltaire has lately publiſhed a Book, called REPENTANCE, in which he publicly confeſſes, and recals the horrible and abominable Sentiments and Vices, he for ſo many Years has been attached to.--------*Non demoreris in errore impiorum: ante mortum confiteris.*

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.

Captain Cox, from Liſbon, on the 27th of January, in Lat. 25:42, *Long.* 48:44, *ſpoke a Brig, Captain Coldſtream, from Hamburgh for South-Carolina, out* 28 *Days; on the 6th of February, in Lat.* 27:5, *Long.* 64:24, *ſpoke a Schooner, from New-York for Hiſpaniola, out* 18 *Days; the next Day ſpoke a Schooner, from South-Carolina for Barbados,* 8 *Days out; and on the 9th, in Lat.* 37:7, *Long.* 64:23, *ſpoke the Schooner Suſanna, Captain Eaſton, belonging to this Port, bound to Jamaica from North-Carolina, out* 8 *Days.*

Captain Corry, from Liſbon, on the 18th of laſt Month, in Lat. 33, *Long.* 67, *ſpoke a Ship, Captain Hare, from South-Carolina for Oporto, out* 8 *Days; and on the 24th, juſt on the Edge of Soundings, be ſpoke a Brig, Captain Hutchinſon, from Cape-Nichola for Boſton,* 12 *Days out, all well.*

Captain Anderſon, arrived at New-York from Liverpool, on the 19th of January, in Lat. 29:14, *Long.* 41:48, *ſpoke the Brig Nancy, Captain Clark, from Hull for Cape-Fear; Feb.* 7, *in Lat.* 28:17, *Long.* 70, *ſpoke the Ship Friendly, Captain Burch, from London for Virginia; 11th, in Lat.* 33:10, *Long.* 70:50, *ſpoke the Ship Betſey, Captain Snowball, from South-Carolina for London,* 6 *Days out; and the ſame Day he ſpoke the Ship Elizabeth, Captain Davis, from London for Maryland.*

By Captain Pym, from Dublin, arrived at New-York, we learn, that a Brig, belonging to Waterford, bound for Baltimore, with Servants, was caſt away in Dublin Bay the Beginning of December, and it was feared would be loſt.

Departed this Life, on Tueſday, the 25th of February, Mrs. MARY COOKE, the Wife of Mr. NATHAN COOKE, of this City. She was a Perſon of an amiable Character, ever performing her Duty as a Wife, Mother, Friend and Neighbour, with unfeigned Love and Charity. She was truly beloved by all her Acqeaintance, and her Death is much lamented. The Friday following her Corpſe was decently attended, by a great Number of reſpectable Inhabitants, to the Place of Interment.

On Tueſday laſt a Fire broke out in the Shop of Mr. Flanagan, Wheelwright, in Woodberry, New-Jerſey, which entirely conſumed the ſame, with Part of the Dwelling-houſe adjoining, together with a great Quantity of Grain. It was occaſioned by ſome Shavings catching Fire, while the People were at Dinner.

On Thurſday laſt Mr. BENJAMIN HARBESON, Merchant, of this City, was married to Miſs PEGGY COOMBE.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. The Ship Betſy, Captain Hood, at Briſtol; and the Ship Carolina, Captain Loxley, in the Downs.

From Maryland. The Jenny and Polly, Lawrence; Peace and Plenty, Smith; and St. George, Hammond, at Graveſend. Meliora, Montgomery; Hope, Hooper; Whalebone, Jenkins; Catherine, M'Kee; and Elizabeth and Mary, Young, in the Downs.

From Virginia. The Swan, Rogers; Elizabeth, Jordan; Trimley, Page; Mercury, Campbell; and Betſy, Hatch, in the Downs. Neptune, Smith, at Whitehaven. Neptune, Shepherd; St. George, Harriſon; and Virginia, Robinſon, at Graveſend.

No. 25,614, in the preſent State Lottery, drawn a Prize of £ 10,000, is the Property of Mr. Thomas Fiſher, Merchant, of New-York, who, ſome Time ago, gave a Quarter of the ſame to his Brother, Mr. John Fiſher, and his Nephew, Mr. John Shatford Jones.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Dove, W. Allen, from Barbados. Ship King of Portugal, R. Bulkeley; Snow Roſanna, P. Cox; Brig Nancy, W. Adamſon; and Snow Sarah, S. Corry, Liſbon. Brig Mermaid, J. Doubleday, Hiſpaniola. Brig Chance, J. Taylor, and Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, Grenades. Brig Peggy, P. Brown, and Brig George, J. Wilſon, Cadiz. Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, and Brig Poly, J. Shields, Jamaica. Brig Dolphin, J. Neal, Madeira. Brig Leiſure Hour, W. Wilſon, New-Providence. Sloop Succeſs, J. Lyle, from New-York.

OUTWARDS. *Ship King of Portugal, R. Bulkeley, and Brig Bolton, J. Harr, for Liſbon. Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, and Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, S. Carolina. Schooner Lovely Laſs, J. Stephen, Maryland. Brig Chance, J. Taylor, St. Vincent. Brig Becky, J. Harper, Antigua. Ship Philadelphia, J. Malcolm, Belfaſt. Schooner Chance, W. Greenway, St. Euſtatia. Brig Burke, N. Valence, Surrinam. Brig Dove, W. Allen, for Barbados.*

CLEARED. *Ship Holland, A. Taylor, to Jamaica. Sloop Bottetourt, T. Pollock, Virginia. Ship Hawke, J. Guetcheus, and Ship Richard Penn, I. All, Liſbon. Brig Sam, R. Banks, Porto Rico. Brig Betſey, R. Inkſon, Grenades. Sloop Sally, T. Alberſon, and Sloop Succeſs, J. Lyle, New-York. Schooner Amelia, P. Barry, and Brig Molly, J. Mullett, St. Kitts. Ship Wolfe, R. Hunter, Londonderry. Ship Pennſylvania Packet, P. Oſborne, London. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Snow Stirling, J. Walker, Hiſpaniola. Sloop Hannah, G. May, to Halifax.*

JOSEPH READ,
Nottingham and Philadelphia Meſſenger,

HEREBY informs his Employers, that his fourth Year of riding expires the 22d Inſtant. He returns Thanks to thoſe who, by punctual Payments, have aſſiſted him to diſcharge his Duty faithfully; but as there are many who are long in Arrears, he requeſts ſuch ſpeedily to leave their Ballances with the different Tavern-keepers on the Road, where their Papers are left, who will give proper Receipts, otherwiſe he muſt be obliged to quit riding. *March* 3, 1772.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
By ROBERT BELL, BOOKSELLER,
At the late Union Library, in Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia,
IN NEAT LAW BINDING,
PRICE ONLY TWO DOLLARS,
(Although the Britiſh Edition of this Volume, is ſold for above SIX DOLLARS)
THE SECOND VOLUME
OF THE AMERICAN EDITION OF
COMMENTARIES
ON THE
LAWS OF ENGLAND,
By SIR WILLIAM BLACKSTONE, KNT.
one of his Majeſty's Judges in the Court of Common Pleas.

N. B. The Third Volume is now in the Preſs, and all Gentlemen, who intend to encourage this expenſive Undertaking, are requeſted to leave their Names with ſome Bookſeller in America.

PHILIP WILSON,
Has removed his ſtore to Water-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut-ſtreet and the Crooked-Billet-Alley, adjoining Mr. Thomas Pryor's, where he has for ſale, viz.

BOOK and Jacconet muſlins; bordered muſlin handkerchiefs; humbums; cambricks and clear lawns; Iriſh linens; dowlas; brown and white Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheetings; Ruſſia drilling; curdled Ruſſia towelling; buckabacks; Ruſſia and clouting diaper; diaper and damaſk table-cloths; ozenbrigs; whitened beſſens; cottons and calicoes; furniture chintzes; nankeens; bed ticks; bed bunts; thickſets and pillows, jeans and jeanets; figured dimmothy; Mozeens and Wiltons; ſaggathies and laſtings; pluſh; collar velvets; camblets and camblettees; ſilk Pruſſian Mecklenburgs; tammies and durants; calimancoes; flannels and ſtrouds; broad and forreſt cloths; halfthicks; buckram and canvas; cotton, romal and check handkerchiefs; worſted and ſilk breeches pieces; thread and cotton hoſe; peelongs and modes; half-yard and ell-wide perſians; taffeties and ribbons; ferrets and ſilk laces; ſilk and worſted knee garters; mohairs and buttons; ſewing ſilk; coloured thread; coarſe tapes; bedlace and gartering; mens gloves; fans and wax necklaces; chip hats; ivory and horn combs; pins and writing paper; ſnuff-boxes; knives and razors; ſciſſars and ſhoe-buckles; gunpowder and ſhot; cinnamon; London ſnuff; wool and cotton cards; braſs kettles; ſcythes; ſtraw and hay knives; pipes, and 6d. nails; and a very neat left-handed fowling piece.

Which articles he will ſell at prime coſt for caſh, to any perſon who will take an aſſortment or quantity thereof.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at public VENDUE, on the 15th of April, 1772,
A PLANTATION, ſituate in the Weſtern Diſtrict, between Oley and Colebrookdale townſhips, Berks county, containing 70 acres of land, 20 acres whereof cleared, and in good fence, with a ſquare log dwelling-houſe, barn, orchard, &c. thereon, with a fulling ſtock and tenters, all in good repair; alſo a good wind-mill, Weaver's loom, and ſundry houſhold furniture, too tedious to mention. The above mill has a great plenty of water in the drieſt ſeaſons. The purchaſer, paying half the purchaſe money down, may have two years to pay the remainder. Due attendance, and reaſonable credit, will be given by GILES HALLIDAY. ¶

New-Caſtle County, ſſ. January 21, 1772.

ON Friday, the 20th day of March next, will be expoſed to ſale, at public vendue, 78 acres of LAND, ſituate in Brandywine Hundred, in the county of New-Caſtle aforeſaid, bounded by the lands of Daniel M'Bride, Joſeph Pierce, James Bratten, and Joſeph Day; being part of the real eſtate of Thomas M'Cracken, deceaſed. Attendance will be given on the premiſes, by DANIEL M'BRIDE, Executor of the ſaid deceaſed, or his Attorney. *By order of the Orphan's Court,*
¶ R. M'WILLIAMS, Clerk of Orphan's Court.

To be LETT,
And may be entered on the 15th of March inſtant,
A SAW and GRIST-MILL,
IN Carnarvon townſhip, Berks county, its ſituation at the Head of Coneſtogoe creek, and in a very fine wheat country, renders it vaſtly convenient for country work, and is capable of making a large quantity of merchantable flour, having three boulting cheſts, and two pair of ſtones; the whole in good repair. For terms, enquire of JACOB MORGAN, Eſq; adjoining the premiſes, or the ſubſcriber, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia; who has for ſale, BAR IRON, of the beſt quality, neatly drawn; German, London, and Philadelphia STEEL; Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum, cordials, melaſſes, ſugar, tea, coffee, pepper, alſpice, Liſbon and Teneriffe wines, lamp and tanners oil, mackarel, &c. JACOB MORGAN, junior. §

*** *For the* LIST *of Prizes in the* APOQUINIMINK LOTTERY, *ſee the Supplement.*

A PUBLIC SALE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Six o'Clock in the Evening of the 26th Inſtant, being the Fifth Day of the Week, of Part of the Real Eſtate of Benjamin Kendall, *viz.*

A Convenient well-finiſhed DWELLING-HOUSE, almoſt new, three Stories high, ſituate on the North-ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet, 24 Feet front, about 42 Feet deep, with commodious Back-buildings adjoining, good dry Cellars, and well-built Vaults under them, the Lot free of Ground-rent, is 90 Feet deep from Cheſtnut-ſtreet.

A HOUSE and LOT, contiguous to the above, ſituate at the North-eaſt Corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet and Third-ſtreet, with the Stables, &c. having been many Years a well accuſtomed Inn, (the ſign of the Croſs Keys) which now letts for £ 80 per Ann. the Houſe being 26 Feet front on Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and about 40 Feet on Third-ſtreet, and the Lot the ſame Depth as the above-mentioned.

And on the 30th Inſtant, being the Second Day of the Week, will alſo be expoſed to Sale, at public Vendue, at the ſame Place, at Seven o' Clock in the Evening,

Two Tracts of well-improved MEADOW GROUND, in Paſſyunk Townſhip, on Greenwich Iſland; one of them containing 14 Acres and three Quarters; the other ſix Acres and 12 Perches; diſtant about three Miles from the City.

Alſo a ſmall Tract of LAND, in the Townſhip of Moyamenſing, about eight Acres, with a convenient Brick Tenement, 50 Feet front, thereon erected, Part of the Inſide of which is unfiniſhed; likewiſe a Frame Barn, a Well of good Water and Pump, an Orchard, Garden, and other Improvements, about one Mile and an Half diſtant from the City.

DOCTOR GEORGE WEED,
IS removed from Front-ſtreet into Market-ſtreet, the fourth door above Front-ſtreet, over againſt the Coffee-houſe, where he continues the practice of Phyſic and Surgery, and hath to ſell a neat aſſortment of medicines, among which are; the Royal Balſam Syrup, againſt the bloody flux; Syrup of Balſam, againſt coughs and colds; Bitter Tincture, for the head and ſtomach; Ointment to cure burns and ſcalds; Ointment and Powder to cure the piles; Ointment to cure inflamed eyes. Printed directions will be given with each of them, with their particular virtues. He can with pleaſure acquaint the public, that the ſucceſs of theſe medicines hath been ſo great, that there is a continual ſale of them. He alſo ſells the *genuine* Patent Medicines.

To be LETT, within eight Miles of Philadelphia, and entered into immediately,
A PLANTATION, of about 160 Acres of LAND, above 20 of which are watered, and above 100 excellent Plow Land, a good Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſes, and Orchard thereon. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 13th of MARCH, on the premiſes,
A PLANTATION, containing about 120 acres of land, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Delaware, in the Falls townſhip, Bucks county, between Bordentown and Trenton Ferries; late the property of Amos Shaw, deceaſed, whereon is a dwelling-houſe, barn, and other out-houſes, a good orchard, &c. The conditions to be made known on the day of ſale, by CATHERINE SHAW, and GEORGE BROWN, Execut. §

WILLIAM BARRELL,
Has for SALE, at his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, between Walnut and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, a very large and general aſſortment of European, India, and HARD-WARE GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon; among which are,

A GREAT quantity of linen, cotton, and cotton and linen Mancheſter checks, and Iriſh linens of all widths, properly aſſorted, from 1s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. per yard. Alſo, a neat aſſortment of blue and white INDIA CHINA; black pepper, nutmegs, mace, cloves, and cinnamon; powder, ſhot, ſmall bar and ſheet lead, Engliſh and German ſteel, and beſt London made 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. nails; all which he is determined to diſpoſe of exceeding cheap, for caſh, or the uſual credit, by wholeſale and retail. He has likewiſe a ſmall quantity of Engliſh loaf ſugar, and a few hogſheads and barrels of good Antigua ſugars, which he will ſell low.

February 27, 1772.
EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt Nantmell, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named EDWARD GODFREY, aged about 20 years, 5 feet 1 or 2 inches high, brown hair, a mild pleaſant countenance, and has a ſmall ſcar on his forehead. Took with him a black mare, 6 years old, about 13½ hands high, well known about Frankford by the name of Moll Flanders, very round bodied, well made, and has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, is wind-galled in the fore foot, and trimmed about the head and fetlocks; ſhe has been uſed to running, is of high courage, trots eaſy, and canters, and is rough ſhod round. He had on, and took with him, a grey broadcloth coat and waiſtcoat, with yellow metal buttons, a grey ſurtout, half worn, dark fuſtian breeches, ſwanſkin trowſers, white ribbed ſtockings, ſtrong ſhoes, with pinchbeck buckles, a pair of ſpatterdaſhes, a half worn beaver hat, with a black ribbon round it, and a yellow buckle, 2 or 3 fine ſhirts, an old ſilver watch, maker's name Williams, a pretty new ſaddle, with a blue ſaddle cloth, bound with yellow, and a black bridle. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and mare, and ſecures them, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward; or for the mare, without him, FORTY SHILLINGS; and for the man, without the mare, TWENTY SHILLINGS, paid by AZARIAH THOMAS.

N. B. The watch had a ſteel chain, and a ſilver ſeal, with a red ſtone in it. It is thought he will change his name.

Philadelphia, March 4, 1772.
TO BE SOLD,

The BELSIZE ARABIAN,
AT 12 o'Clock, on Saturday, the 28th Inſtant, at the London Coffee-Houſe (if not ſold before at private Sale) he is healthful, and in good Order. For further Particulars, enquire of JOHN PERKINS, in Sixth-ſtreet. §

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in the town of Salem, on Monday, the 13th inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant man, named WILLIAM HERROGAN, *who was imported in the year* 1769, *in the ſhip Earl of Donegall, Duncan Ferguſon, maſter; he is about* 25 *years of age,* 5 *feet* 7 *or* 8 *inches high, thick ſet, red hair, light grey eyes, broad face, a little pock-marked, ſores or blotches on the back of each hand; had on, and took with him, one greyiſh coloured cloth jacket, with cuffs to the ſleeves, lined with ſtriped linſey-woolſey, an old ſtriped linſey jacket under it, tow ſhirt and trowſers, patched on both knees, one pair of black and white yarn ſtockings, and one pair of blue and white ditto. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me*
Salem, Jan. 16, 1772. ¶ BENJAMIN DEROW.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of RICHARD PARKER deceaſed, are requeſted to pay the ſame to LYDIA PARKER; and thoſe who have any accounts againſt the ſaid eſtate are requeſted to bring them in, that they may be ſettled and paid LYDIA PARKER, Executrix, JEREMIAH WARDER, JOSEPH PARKER, JEREMIAH WARDER, junior, JOHN WARDER, Executors. ¶

N. B. The goods on hand, which are a large and general aſſortment, will be ſold at the ſtore (lately his) in Third-ſtreet, upon exceeding low terms, for caſh only.

Londongrove, Cheſter County, January 29, 1772.

WHEREAS Mark Alexander appears to be uneaſy, that I the ſubſcriber have cautioned the public not to buy a plantation and griſt-mill thereon of him, which he advertiſed for public ſale on the 10th of December laſt, in the public Gazette, and by his advertiſement of the 7th inſtant, would fain have the public to think, that I have no right to ſaid place, but did it to hurt his ſale; I ſhall let the public know how I came by my title, which I think will make his appear to be of no value, notwithſtanding he advertiſed it to be indiſputable.

In the year 1683, a certain Edward Odwire obtained a patent of Lord Baltimore for 6000 acres of land, lying on both ſides of Elk-river, called New Munſter, according to the courſes and diſtances therein mentioned, be the ſame more or leſs, and in the year 1701 the London Company obtained a patent of the Proprietaries of Pennſylvania for a large tract of land, on the eaſt ſide of ſaid Odwire's land, and took in ſeveral hundred acres of the land that was granted to Odwire by patent by Lord Baltimore; upon which land a certain John Alexander ſettled, but never obtained any right but poſſeſſion right, which he ſold to his ſon-in-law, Abraham Emet, which can be proved by living evidence, and writing from under ſaid John Alexander's hand. Said Abraham ſearching the records in Annapolis, in Maryland, found that ſaid Odwire had ſold and conveyed ſaid land unto one Tows; that Tows was dead, and had left ſaid land by will to his ſon John Tows; that John Tows had run 23 l. ſterling in debt, for which his brother-in-law, Robert Roberts, became bound; ſaid Tows then run away, and ſaid Roberts had the money to pay. Said Robert Roberts then petitioned the General Aſſembly of Maryland to make an act to ſell ſaid Tows's land, in New Munſter, to pay ſaid debt, which they were pleaſed to do, and by virtue of their act impowered ſaid Roberts to ſell the ſame, of whom Abraham Emet obtained a deed for 200 acres of ſaid land in New Munſter patent, on which he built a griſt-mill and dwelling-houſe, and ſold 100 acres of ſaid land unto Dr. Samuel Kennedy, with the mill, and other buildings, and conveyed the ſame to him. Said Dr. Kennedy then repaired ſaid mill, and put two pair of ſtones in her, one Collogne, the other Brandywine's, and made her running geers all new, with new boulting cloths, and every thing fitting for merchant work. Then Mark Alexander ſaid that the land was his by virtue of John Alexander's will, who firſt ſettled on it, and was then deceaſed, and by force put Dr. Kennedy out of the houſe, and took poſſeſſion of the premiſes. Dr. Kennedy then had a court of enquiry called, by which ſaid Mark Alexander was found to have taken forceable poſſeſſion, and unlawfully to detain the ſame; then the Sheriff of Cheſter was commanded to diſpoſſeſs ſaid Alexander, and put Dr. Kennedy in poſſeſſion of the premiſes, which he did, according to law. I, not knowing of all this diſturbance, purchaſed ſaid plantation and mill of Dr. Kennedy, and paid him for the ſame, and received a deed of him, duly executed. Mark Alexander then appeared a ſecond time with an inſtrument of writing, that he ſays is a patent from the Land-office in Maryland, and in my abſence took poſſeſſion of ſaid mill and plantation, without taking any ſteps of the law to gain poſſeſſion of them. At preſent I leave to the public to judge, whether ſaid Mark Alexander is an honeſt man or not, by his endeavouring to ſell the ſame by a title that is of no value, as the land was patented to Odwire, and then to the London Company, ſo long ago; and if the land had not been patented, to go privately, and obtain a patent to take away another man's mill and houſe, as no one that was concerned ever knew any thing of his certificate or ſurvey, if he had any, be a thing that any honeſt man will juſtify; likewiſe to endeavour to aſſert that it is in Cæcil county, in Maryland, and not under the juriſdiction of Cheſter court, when he knows that the Magiſtrates of Cheſter county, with a jury of 12 men of ſaid county, found him guilty of forcibly entering on ſaid premiſes, and unlawfully to detain the ſame; that the Sheriff of ſaid county diſpoſſeſſed him of the ſame; that there is a road laid out and opened, by order of Cheſter court, acroſs the middle of ſaid place, and that John Alexander, by whoſe will he firſt claimed, always paid tax to Pennſylvania; and his will, when dead, was proved and recorded in Cheſter; theſe are not things that have no other foundation but my own aſſertions, but facts that ſtand upon record in Cheſter and Annapolis, and Mark Alexander knows to be true.

¶ ALEXANDER LEWIS.

Cheſter, February 27, 1772.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the Thirtieth of MARCH next,

A TRACT of PATENT LAND, in the townſhip of Concord, and county of Cheſter, containing 52 acres, and 110 perches, with allowance of 6 per cent. for roads and highways; it being part of the eſtate of Richard Sanderſon, deceaſed; there is thereon ſome meadow, and more may be made; a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, with a large log building adjoining, together with a work ſhop in the yard.---- The place is conveniently ſituated for a tradeſman of any ſort, and for a public-houſe or ſtore, as it lies on the new road from Brandywine to Marcus-Hook, in a well ſettled country all around it. The terms of purchaſe will be made known on the day of ſale, by GEORGE CRAIG, JOS. WORTH, Executors. ¶

THOMAS POWELL,

Maſter of the BOARDING-SCHOOL, at BURLINGTON,

TAKES this Method to inform his Friends, and the Public, that, being provided with proper Aſſiſtance, the Youth under his Care may be taught the Latin, Greek, and French Languages. His Dwelling-Houſe is conſiderably enlarged, for the Accommodation of Boarders; he has ſeveral commodious Apartments adjoining his Houſe, well adapted to inſtruct Youth in; and aſſures all ſuch who may think him worthy ſo great a Charge, as the Care of their Children, of his utmoſt Aſſiduity, with reſpect to Morals, Health and Inſtruction. ¶

N. B. Due Care will always be taken of their Apparel.

Lancaſter County, ſs. *Feb.* 24, 1772.

WE, the Subſcribers, Auditors, appointed on an Attachment iſſued out of the Court of Common Pleas, for ſaid County, againſt TOBIAS PICKLE, do hereby give Notice to all Perſons, who have any Demands againſt the ſaid *Tobias Pickle*, to attend on Tueſday, the 24th Day of March next, at the Houſe of Adam Riegart, in the Borough of Lancaſter, at Ten o' Clock in the Forenoon, at which Time the Accounts will be ſettled, and Diſtribution made, among the Creditors of ſaid *Tobias Pickle*, by us, MICHAEL HUBLEY, CASPER SHAFFNER, junior, PAUL ZANTZINGER. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Straſburgh townſhip, Lancaſter county, a ſervant lad, named JOHN BRYN, about 18 or 19 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, hath a down look, and black hair; had on, when he went away, a new blanket ſurtout, with red binding, a light-coloured coatee, without pockets, a black ruſſel waiſtcoat, without ſleeves, old leather breeches, blue knit ſtockings, one pair of ſhoes, and a pair of pumps, about half worn. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, from GEORGE WEAVER. ¶

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN STAGG, of Philadelphia, Painter, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment; and thoſe that have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts, that they may be ſettled, by MICHAEL M'GANNON, Executor. ¶

February 28, 1772.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday, the 20th day of March next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, by the ſubſcriber,

A VALUABLE plantation, containing 77 acres of land, 47 acres cleared, ſix whereof are good meadow, and more may be made; a dwelling-houſe, a ſtable, a good ſtone ſpring-houſe, over a never-failing ſpring, a good orchard, containing 200 apple-trees, of excellent fruit, lying on the high road, leading from Abington to David Fulton's mill, in the Manor of Moreland, in the county of Philadelphia, adjoining lands of Joſhua Morris, Stephen Yerkes, Widow Jeanes, William Settleton, John Neſmith, and John Ramſey, now occupied by George Coſs.

Likewiſe, on the 25th day of March next, will be ſold, at public vendue, on the premiſes, by the ſubſcriber, at two o' clock, on ſaid day; a valuable plantation, ſituate in Horſham townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, adjoining lands of John Man, ſenior, John Luken, ſurveyor, and Daniel Luken, containing 200 acres, 90 whereof good woodland, 12 acres of watered meadow, and more may be made, a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, a good ſpring-houſe, over a good ſpring, never known to fail in the drieſt times, a good bearing orchard, containing 300 apple-trees.

The terms will be made known, at the time and place of ſale, by JAMES CRAVEN. ‖ 756.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE LOT of GROUND, in the City of Philadelphia, containing in Breadth, on Fourth-ſtreet, 80 Feet, and on Saſſafras-ſtreet, or Race-ſtreet, 68 Feet; bounded by Lots of John George on each Side. For Terms of Sale, enquire of JACOB BRISTOL, Baker, in Pewter-platter-alley.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

MADE his eſcape, on the 20th of February, 1772, from the Conſtable of Abington, after committing a dangerous aſſault and battery upon the body of the ſubſcriber, a certain STEPHEN JENKINS *(ſon of Phineas Jenkins, of Abington aforeſaid) about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, of a thin viſage, and a large crooked noſe, he ſtoops much forwards, and walks remarkably wide, and much knock kneed, and lame, is by trade a wheelwright, very remarkable for quarrelling and ſwearing, and has much of a down look; had on, when he went away, a long light-coloured ſurtout coat, and old jacket, one white ſhirt, and a good beaver hat, light-coloured ribbed ſtockings, and good ſhoes; and as he hath many other clothes with him, it is ſuppoſed he will change them, and his name alſo; he is ſuppoſed to be gone towards Maryland, as he hath been there before. Whoever takes up ſaid* Stephen Jenkins, *and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me*

¶ CHARLES ROBERTS.

FIVE POUNDS Reward, Pennſylvania Currency.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 2d day of January laſt, near Wincheſter, in Virginia, a ſervant Man, named JOHN ROBINSON, came from Ireland, and landed in Philadelphia, and lived in Cheſter, York, and Cumberland counties, 18 years of age; he is remarkably ſhort and chunky, of a ſwarthy complexion, and has ſhort black hair; had on two old cloth-coloured jackets, a cloth-coloured great coat, too large for him, leather breeches, blue leggings and ſtockings; had on an iron collar; he can do ſomething at the miller's buſineſs, is fond of driving a waggon, ſpins on the little wheel, dances, and plays cards, can read, but cannot write; he is impudent and bold, will deny his name, and change his apparel. He took with him a brown waggon horſe, and ſaddle, the horſe paces and trots, and is branded on the near buttock G. B. Whoever ſecures the ſervant in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Three Pounds reward, and Forty Shillings for the horſe, with reaſonable charges, paid by me

¶ DAVID DAVIS.

CAME to the Plantation of the Subſcriber, living in New-Providence Townſhip, Philadelphia County, on the Firſt Day of June, 1771, a ſmall black MARE; the Owner is deſired to come, prove his Property, pay Charges, and take her away. PATRICK GORDON. ¶

Newtown, February 28, 1772.

NOW in Cuſtody, in Newtown Goal, a NEGROE MAN, named MOSES, belonging to Daniel Lippincott, in Eveſham, Weſt New-Jerſey. His Maſter is deſired to come, pay Charges, and take him away.

¶ JOHN ANDERSON, Goal-keeper.

Germantown, February 29, 1772.

To be SOLD, at public SALE,

At the London Coffee-houſe, in Philadelphia, on the 25th day of March next, at ſix o' clock in the evening, if not ſold before at private SALE,

A CERTAIN two ſtory ſtone houſe, and lot, containing one quarter of an acre, or thereabouts, with a good kitchen, and other convenient out-houſes, ſuitable to carry on any public buſineſs, lying in Germantown, next door to the Friends Meeting-houſe, and near the Market-houſe. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above premiſes, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to *John Jones*, Tanner, in Germantown, *Benjamin Davids*, in Philadelphia, at the Sign of the George, or *Abraham Griffith*, in Middletown, Bucks county.

N. B. The above *Griffith* has a quantity of good hay to ſell, at Joſeph Morris's mill, lying in Upper Dublin; any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to *Jonathan Taylor*, living near the above place. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, in Allen-Town,

A LOT of LAND, containing one acre and a half, on which there is a large dwelling-houſe, a good kitchen adjoining, a work ſhop, draw-well, and part of the lot is in orchard, which bears very good fruit. It is a very good ſituation for ſtore-keeping, or a tradeſman. It will be ſold at a reaſonable price. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe, may apply to BARTHOLOMEW WEST, who lives about a mile and a half from the premiſes. ¶

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on the firſt day of APRIL, by the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county,

A VALUABLE plantation, containing 275 acres, with allowance for roads, there are 120 acres cleared, of which there are 20 or 30 acres of meadow made; the ſaid place is well watered, with Buck Run running through the ſame, which affords a convenient ſeat for any ſort of water works to be erected thereon, the head race and tail race are already dug, together with a new fixed tan-yard, and houſes fit for carrying on the buſineſs, with a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, and other office-houſes; a good ſpring, and ſtone houſe over the ſame, and two good bearing orchards, is well timbered, and very conveniently watered for the clear land. It has been a licenced tavern about 16 years, known by the ſign of, a bird in the hand worth two in the buſh, on the road leading from Lancaſter to Wilmington, Newport and Cheſter, convenient to ſeveral places of public worſhip and merchant mills. Likewiſe to be ſold the ſaid day, a variety of houſhold furniture and huſbandry utenſils, ſuch as waggon, cart, plows, harrows and gears; horſes, cows, ſheep, and ſwine. Any perſon that hath a mind to view the ſaid place, before the day of ſale, may be informed by the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. The vendue to begin at ten o' clock, and continue till all is ſold. Attendance will be given by me ALEXANDER SIMRALL. ¶

Philadelphia, Firſt Month 20, 1772.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, about four weeks ago, an indented ſervant lad, named DANIEL RICE, about 17 years of age, about 4 feet 10 inches high, he is blind of his right eye; had on, when he went away, an old brown nap great coat, and velveret coat, jacket and breeches. Whoever takes up the ſaid lad, or ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by WILLIAM SHIPLEY. ¶

TO be SOLD by the Subſcriber, in Upper Merion Townſhip, Philadelphia County, A ſmall Tract of Land, ſituate on the GULF CREEK, near the GULF MILL, containing 23 Acres; whereon is erected a good Griſt-mill, the Houſe 38 Feet by 24, and two Story high, has but one Pair of Stones, but has Room for another Pair; the Mill is well accuſtomed with Country Work, does a conſiderable Quantity of Merchant Work, and has boulting Mills for carrying on the ſaid Work, which all go by Water, and are in good Repair; likewiſe a good Dwelling-houſe, Cooper's Shop, and other convenient Houſes. There are on the ſaid Place about 4 Acres of good watered Meadow, and a young thriving Orchard; alſo a good Lime Kiln, with a ſufficient Quantity of Lime Rock. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid Mill and Place, by paying Two Hundred Pounds down, may have Time for the Remainder, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required. For further Particulars, enquire of JOSEPH INGELS. ¶

CHOICE PHILADELPHIA BOTTLED BEER and CYDER,

For exportation, or immediate uſe, careſully put up, and ſold by

ISAAC GRAY,

In Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Strawberry-alley:

WHERE may alſo be had, Old Madeira, Liſbon, Mountain, and Teneriffe WINES, by the caſk, or leſs quantity; Frontiniac, Malmſey, Canary, claret, and red port, in bottles; old Jamaica ſpirits, brandy, geneva, wine bitters, Kenton's London porter, Burton ale, and Briſtol beer.----- Likewiſe Hyſon and Bohea tea, coffee, chocolate, loaf, lump and brown ſugars, mace, cinnamon, cloves, nutmegs, pepper, alſpice, ginger, madder, brimſtone, corks, flour of muſtard, ſweet oil, cheeſe, &c.

Baltimore, January 7, 1772.

A CERTAIN ALEXANDER LEWIS, having, by advertiſement in the public Gazette, cautioned any perſon from purchaſing a tract of land, called Alexander's Lot, which the ſubſcriber had advertiſed for ſale.----To remove the impreſſions, which may be made upon the credulous, by the poſitive aſſertions of Mr. Lewis (ſhould they remain unanſwered) evidently calculated to prevent the ſale: The ſubſcriber begs leave to aſſure the public, that the ſaid tract of land lies in Cæcil county, in Maryland, about 1 mile to the weſt of the 12 mile circle, and the ſame diſtance from the weſt line, as ſettled by the province commiſſioners, and on the Maryland ſide of the reputed temporary line, that the ſaid tract is adjoining a tract of land called New-Munſter, lying in Maryland, that he has obtained a patent from the Land office, after a regular ſurvey made, and certificate returned.---Such is the title of the ſubſcriber, by which he has hitherto held, and will hold the tract of land in controverſy.---Had Mr. Lewis been ſo candid as to point out, where his patent of 70 years old was granted, by whom, and to whom, and the name of his land, the ſubſcriber could then have fully undeceived the public, until that is done nothing is left but conjecture, the moſt probable of which is, that the title and patent reſt only in the imagination of a man capable of ſuch effrontry, as to aſſert that the above land lies in London-Britain townſhip, Cheſter county, and can only be equalled by Dr. Samuel Kennedy, and his man John Jack, in the depoſition taken before the honourable William Allen, Eſq; upon a pretended claim of the above land.----The ſubſcriber will put the above land to public ſale, the 25th day of March next, at which time he requeſts Mr. Lewis would attend with his old patent. MARK ALEXANDER. ¶ 12.5

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, at Bladenſburgh, in Maryland, a NEGROE man, named Ezekiel, born in the Jerſeys, 30 years old, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, thin faced, ſlim made, and very active, he ſpeaks good Engliſh and Low Dutch, and is very plauſible in his diſcourſe, and crafty in his behaviour, that whoever apprehends him muſt take great care, or he will give him the ſlip; he can make coarſe ſhoes, and for 5 years paſt worked at his former maſter's, Starr's forge, on Still-Water, in Suſſex county, in the Jerſeys, where he has been many times ſeen ſince he run away. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him in any goal, ſhall receive FORTY SHILLINGS; or if delivered to me, or James Maccubbin, or James Whitehead, in Philadelphia, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward. *Feb.* 5, 1772. JAMES MILLER.

Baltimore county, Maryland, January 14, 1772.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from JOSHUA ANDERSON's *plantation, on Oſtenara, in Cæcil county, about two months ago, a ſorrel MARE, about 14 hands high, 8 or 9 years old, a blaze face, and branded on her left ſhoulder with W, a white ſpot on the left ſide of her back, occaſioned by the cart ſaddle, a ſquat thick well ſet mare, paces and trots well. Whoever brings her to the ſubſcriber, at Rock-Run, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JOHN WILSON. §

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold, by JOHN DUNLAP, *in Market-ſtreet,*

THREE SERMONS to GENTLEMEN, upon TEMPERANCE and EXERCISE. Dedicated to WILLIAM CADOGAN, M. D. Fellow of the College of Phyſicians in LONDON.

Cæcil County, North Eaſt, December 28, 1771.

THIS ſerves to acquaint the public, and travellers, that the ſubſcriber hath declined keeping public houſe, and returns his ſincere thanks to all his friends and old cuſtomers, for favours done their moſt humble ſervant, WILLIAM CURRER. §

GLASS FACTURE,

In the NORTHERN LIBERTIES.

THE higheſt Price given for broken Flint Glaſs, and good Alkaline Salts, next Door to the Sign of the Marquis of Granby, adjoining the Preſbyterian Meeting, in Market-ſtreet. One Workmen, and two Servitors, are wanted at the Factory. ¶

Downing-Town, Cheſter County, in Pennſylvania, Feb. 3, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber the 1ſt inſtant, a native Iriſh ſervant lad, named WILLIAM CRAWNEEN, *but calls himſelf* GORDON, *has been between 2 and 3 years in the country, about 18 or 19 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a black complexion, ſtreight black hair, rugged and boiſterous in diſcourſe, can neither read nor write; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a half-worn fur hat, two goood cloth jackets, light coloured, lined with lincey, one of which had cuffs, the other without ſleeves, two ſhirts, one fine and good, old buckſkin breeches, coarſe yarn ſtockings, of a brown colour, one pair of ſtrong ſhoes, the ſoles drove full of pegs, with flat ſquare copper buckles, two ſilk handkerchiefs, one of which black; is an artful fellow, and addicted to gaming, particularly at buſſel-cap. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me* JOSHUA WAY. ¶ 6 w.

N. B. He was ſeen croſſing the Upper Ferry, on Schuylkill, laſt Firſt-day morning, and is ſuppoſed to have gone into the Jerſeys.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

LIST of the Numbers that came up PRIZES in the *First Class* of the APPOQUINIMINK NEW CHURCH LOTTERY, drawn at *Cantwell's Bridge*.

N. B. *Those Numbers that have no Sums annexed to them, are Prizes of* THIRTY SHILLINGS.

No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£
2		398	3	763		1089		1430		1842	25
4		400		65		91	5	34		47	100
7		4		68		93		37		50	
11		8		72		96	3	38		51	
13		11		73		98		42		53	
24		13		75		99		47		54	
25		16		79		1101		49		55	
29		19		81		2		50		56	3
22		20		84		5		51	5	60	
28		21		87		6		55		61	
29		25		88		13		56		62	
31		31		90		16		60		66	
32		33		91	5	18		61		85	
36		35		92		23		62		87	
38		36		93		24		64		88	
39		40		96		30	10	69		89	
41		42		800		31		74		97	
48		44		2	5	32	10	78	3	98	
52		45		4	10	33		79		1902	
67		47		5		34		80		4	
71		52		11		37		81		10	
74		53		12		41		82		15	3
76		54		13		42		85		16	
86		55		14		50		86		22	3
87		58		16		51		89		25	
91	5	62		17		52		93		26	
93		65		21		55		96		27	
94		69		22		57		99		31	
95		72		25		65		1500		36	
97		73		26		67		9		41	
101	3	76		28		68		10		44	
4		77		31		71		11		48	
5		79		32		73		12		51	
12		82		36		76		17		52	
17		87		41		79		18		53	
20		90	25	42		83		19		59	
26		97		44		87		24		60	
28		99		48		91		27		63	
34		506		51		94		29		65	3
37		9		53		97		30		66	
43		11		54		98	3	31	3	69	
46	3	12		57		1201		34	3	71	
50		13		59		2		35		74	
51		16		60		4		40		79	
53		17		62		7		43		84	
60		25		69		11		44		85	
61		26		70		18		45		88	
65		27		72		22		46	10	89	
66		37		75		23	5	48		93	
67		42		76		25		49		96	
68		48		82		27	3	51		97	
70		50		83		29		53		99	
75		53		85		31		59		2000	
79		59		86		35		61		8	
82		66		87	25	38		63	3	12	
83		70		91		40		64		17	
85		71		93		48		66		19	
99		75		95		54		72		25	
201		77		98		55	3	74		27	
2		85		99		56		77		30	3
12		87		902		61		79		34	
14		92		6		65		80		35	
15		95		14		71		81		38	
16		98		15		72		82		40	
21		99		25	5	73		84		42	
24		602		32		75		91		43	
26	10	4		33		76	10	94		44	
29	3	5		35		82	5	99		45	
32		6		37		84		1600	10	47	
33		7		38		85		22		54	
34		10		40		87		29		60	
37		14		41		88		33		64	
38		17		46		89		34		66	
39		18		47		95		48		68	
53		21		51	5	98		49		76	
55		24		54		1300		50		77	
57		25		59	10	7		51	5	78	
61		28		61		8		53		81	
65		31		62		9		54		84	
66		32		69		10		62		93	
68		34		71		12		63		95	
72		35		72		15		78		2100	
81		38		74		16		79	25	3	
85		41		75		20		83		8	50
90		42		76		21		88		9	
92		45		77		22		89		14	
94		48		84		24		90		16	
95		55		85		25		96		33	
97		57		87		26		97		40	
300		58	5	88		28		1702		41	
3		63		89		29		5		42	
8		71		90		31		6		48	
12		73		94		34		7		49	
14		82		99		35		9		51	
17		83		1004		36		17		02	3
19		84		7		37		20		69	
21		86		8		44		24		71	
22	3	89		13		46		33		76	
25		90		18		47		36		77	
26		92		20		48		42		80	
30		96		21		55		43		83	
36		98		23		57		44		90	
39		99		30		61		48		93	
40		700		33		64		52		97	
42		1		35		66	50	61		2200	
44		5		36		70		63		3	
45		6		41		77		73		5	
47		9		44		78		78		8	
48		12		49		82		81		9	
53		13		51		83		84		11	
55		20		54		84	5	91		16	
56		31		56		89		92		17	
58		32		57		91		93		19	
59		34		58		93		98		25	
62		36		59		95		99		27	
65		37		61		99		1801		28	
70		39		64		1400		6		29	3
72		45		66		4		18		35	
74		47		67		13		23		39	
82		49		68		17		25		41	
83		50		70		18		27		42	
88		54		73		25		29		47	
93		56		74		26		32			
95		57		82		27		35			
97		60		83		29		39			

I do hereby certify, the above is a true Copy of the Numbers that came up Prizes in the First Class of the *Appoquinimink New Church Lottery*.

ROBERT BAIL, Check Clerk.

The above is a true Copy, compared with the Check Book,

JOHN JONES, B. NOXON, R. CANTWELL, Managers.

ALL Persons who received Tickets for Sale, from the Managers of the *Appoquinimink New Church Lottery*, are requested to be speedy in settling for them; and those who incline to renew their Tickets, are desired to apply within two Months, or they will be excluded the Preference after that Time.

PURSUANT to an order of Orphan's Court, on Third-day, the 17th day of March next, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, two contiguous tracts or pieces of land, situate in the township of Blockley, in the county of Philadelphia, containing together the quantity of 65 acres; bounded by Cobb's creek, by land of Joseph Lee, and Thomas Marshall, land formerly of Daniel Hibberd, now of Thomas Musgrove, land formerly of Samuel Jones, now of George Emlen, and land of John Nickinson. And on Seventh-day, the 21st, will be exposed to sale, in like manner, on the premises, a certain other piece or lot of land, situate in the township of Moyamensing, in the said county; bounded north-easterly by Moyamensing road, south-easterly by land now or late of William Garwood, south-westerly by Second street continued, beyond the city of Philadelphia, and north-westerly by land now or late of Isaac Jones; late the estate of Abraham Johnson, deceased. The sale to begin at 12 o' clock at noon. Attendance will be given at the time and place of sale, by MARTHA JOHNSON, *and* BENJAMIN BONSALL, *Administrat.*

N. B. There are three acres and a half of good meadow on the said land, next adjoining to Cobb's creek. ¶

Second Month 3, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered on next spring,

A PLANTATION, containing 335 acres of LAND, lying in Lebanon township, Hunterdon county, West-Jersey, within 2 or 3 miles of Change Water and Point Forges, and several grist-mills, and whereon Philip and John Metler now live; there are two log houses and other buildings thereon, and about 60 or 70 acres of plowland cleared, and a young orchard; the land is good for grass or wheat, 8 or 10 acres of meadow cleared, and 40 or 50 acres of swamp to clear; the woodland generally well timbered and watered: Its being so near said Iron-works, makes the timber valuable, as the purchaser may sell the timber standing. For further particulars and terms, enquire of ANTHONY SYKES, in Chesterfield, Burlington county; or ABEL JAMES, and JOSEPH HILLBORN, Merchants, in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, February 21, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WAS stolen, or lost, on Wednesday, the 19th instant, an old Morocco leather POCKET-BOOK, with about Nine Pounds in cash, and several notes of hand, a number of accounts and memorandums, and several lottery tickets, three of which are in the third class of the Newark land and cash lottery, No. 214, 242, 244, signed *John M'Callmont*; all persons are requested not to purchase any of the above tickets, and the managers are desired to stop any who should apply for the prize money, if either of them should draw a prize. Any person who has found the same, and will return it to me, with the above articles, shall receive the above reward. ¶

WILLIAM JENKINS.

Philadelphia, Second Month 27th, 1772.

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE

CHARLESTOWN PACKET,

SAMUEL WRIGHT, MASTER,

Will sail with all convenient speed, having extraordinary accommodations for passengers, and part of her cargoe now ready to go on board. For freight or passage, apply to JOSHUA CRESSON, WOOLMAN and PUSEY, or the Master on board, at Millnor and Hough's wharff.

N. B. Lignumvitæ, and mahogany, to be sold. Enquire of *Woolman* and *Pusey*. ¶

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The Brig PRINCE of WALES,

WILLIAM MOORE, MASTER,

WILL sail with all convenient speed, having great part of her cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight, or Passage, apply to MASON and HARTLEY, at their store, in Water-street, near the Old Ferry, or said Master on board, at Riche's wharff. To be sold, at said store, choice rice, sarsaparilla, sheathing nails, brads and spikes, of different sizes, seine twine, and sundry other goods. ¶

READY MONEY given for new and old BOOKS, by SAMUEL DELLAP, at his shop, in Front-street, two doors above Pewter-platter-alley.----There is to be sold at said place, Queen's Pearl Wash-balls, for removing sun burning, freckles, roughness of the skin, &c. they render the skin delicately white, smooth, and plump, being far superior to any thing of the kind ever offered to the public; price Three Shillings. Also curious Lanthorns. §

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL TRACT of LAND, containing 100 acres, whereon are erected, a good corn grist-mill and saw-mill, both in good order for business, convenient dwelling-house and out-houses, about 15 acres of meadow, under good grass, being watered by the head race of the mills, 10 acres of upland cleared, the rest under timber, remarkable for the quantity; the above place is situated in Whiteclay-creek Hundred, New-Castle county, in a good neighbourhood for getting wheat or timber, distant from the Head of Elk river (a wheat landing) 5 miles, and the same distance from Christiana landing. Also 130 acres in London-Britain township, Chester county, accommodated with a sufficient quantity of excellent watered meadow, dwelling-house and orchard, about one half cleared. One other tract, in said township, about the same quantity of land, with dwelling-house, out-houses, orchard, and meadowing. The titles to the above premises are indisputable, and the quitrents no more than a bare acknowledgment; the payments will be made easy. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber, at his lower mills, on Whiteclay-creek, near Newark.

Feb. 11, 1772. ♄ JOHN EVANS.

Philadelphia, February 20, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the stable of the subscriber, on the 9th instant, a dark bay HORSE, with a bushy mane, and twitch tail, has a large head and ears, is about 14 hands high, shod all round, paces and trots, between 4 and 5 years old. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, if stolen, shall receive FORTY SHILLINGS for the horse, and FOUR POUNDS for the thief, if convicted, and all reasonable charges. ¶ JAMES CRESSON.

WANTED,

AN APPRENTICE to the mercantile BUSINESS. One who writes a good Hand, and is thoroughly acquainted with Arithmetic, on Application to the PRINTERS of this Paper, may know where to apply. ¶

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,

In such parcels as may best suit the purchasers,

A VALUABLE TRACT of improved LAND, in the township of Alexandria, in the county of Hunterdon, and province of New-Jersey, commonly known by the name of Byerly's Tract, containing about 8000 acres, now in possession of a number of tenants, whose leases will expire the 25th of March next. It is situate on the rivers Delaware and Musconecong, about 6 miles below Easton, 10 miles from Union Iron works, is contiguous both to Mr. Hughes's and Johnson's forges and grist-mills, and in the neighbourhood of several other grist and saw-mills. The land is extremely well watered, and of an excellent quality for raising of wheat and grain of all kinds. The tract is accommodated with a very good fishing place on the river Delaware, where a great quantity of shad and other fish are taken in the proper seasons. The buyers, on paying down one third of the purchase-money, will have time given to pay the rest. For further particulars, application may be made to Archibald Stewart, of Andover Iron-works, who will attend on the land, from the 1st to the 25th of March next. *Feb. 8, 1772.* ALLEN and TURNER. 6 *W.*

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VALUABLE plantation, situate in the township of West-Town, Chester county, near the great road leading from the Valley to Chester, 20 miles from Philadelphia, and 13 from Chester, containing 160 acres of good land, 90 acres whereof are cleared, 12 or 15 acres of meadow, and more may be made, the woodland well timbered, and the whole well watered; there are on the premises a good frame dwelling-house, and stone kitchen, a log barn, and a good orchard. The purchaser, paying part of the purchase money down, may have a good title, and time allowed (without interest) for the payment of the remainder, on giving good security, if required. Any person inclining to purchase, by applying to JOSEPH JAMES, of West-Town aforesaid, may be further informed. ¶

DURHAM IRON-WORKS,

TO be LETT.----The superior Quality of the Ore, and the many Advantages attending these Works, are so well known, it is unnecessary to say any Thing in their Favour.---- For the Terms of the Lease, apply to JOSEPH GALLOWAY, in Philadelphia.

Pottsgrove, February 15, 1772.

WHEREAS the subscriber did, on or about the 2d of November last, give his Mulattoe wench Hagar Jones, a pass for 8 days, in order to visit a child of her's in the city of Philadelphia, but never returned; he, about 4 weeks ago, had her taken up and sent to the work-house, but neglecting to get a commitment from the Mayor, was discharged; she is a very lusty Indian looking hussy, remarkably fond of spirituous liquor, very turbulent in her temper, drunk or sober, is supposed to have gone to New-Jersey or New-York, and being an artful jade, may probably obtain a pass under pretence of being a free woman; she has a large scar on her forehead, is about 34 years of age. Whoever secures her in any of his Majesty's goals, so that her master may get her again, shall have *Twenty Shillings* reward, and reasonable charges, paid by THOMAS CULLEN.

N. B. The said *Cullen* has to dispose of 150 acres of land, very good in quality, situate in York county, about 12 miles from York-Town, in Warrington township, joining lands of Thomas Edmonson, Joshua Brown, Thomas Brunton, and Edmund Philips, on which is erected a good log house, 21 feet square, 7 acres cleared, and the whole well watered and timbered. For terms, apply to Thomas Doyle, in Lancaster, or to Robert Stephenson, Tavernkeeper, near the premises. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Upper Freehold township, East New-Jersey, on the 16th day of this inst. February, a servant lad, named WILLIAM BIRD, aged 21 years, about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a fair complexion, red hair; had on, when he went away, a new felt hat, ozenbrigs shirt, a new homespun suit of drugget, of a dark brown colour, with large white metal buttons on the coat, and wooden ditto on the jacket, new buckskin breeches, yarn stockings, footed, blue and white, calf-skin shoes, with buckles, of a yellowish colour, somewhat carved. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's county goals, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JAMES LAWRIE. ¶

MADE his escape, on the night of the 15th of this instant February, from the Constable of Whitpain township, a certain DAVID MORRIS, by trade a Taylor, about 20 years of age, has a down look; had on, when he went away, a brown upper jacket, and a swanskin under ditto, leather breeches, ribbed yarn stockings, of a white colour, old shoes. Whoever takes up the said David Morris, and secures him in Philadelphia goal, shall receive FORTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by me ¶ EDWARD ROBERTS, Constable.

RUN away from the subscriber, living at the Sign of the Death of the Fox, in Chestnut-street, on the 25th of January last, an Irish servant man, named DAVID GILLMORE, about 20 years of age, and about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, walks very heavy, and speaks broad, on the North country dialect, is of a fair complexion, with yellowish coloured hair; had on, when he went away, a light blue coloured cloth coat and breeches, old hat, and shoes. He came to this country last fall, with Captain M'Cutchon. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN MOODEY.

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril. ¶

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in New-Garden township, in Chester county, two Irish servant men, both bred to plantation work, viz. one named Alexander Finlah, about 28 years of age, is 5 feet 8 inches high, strong and well made, black hair, coarse featured, thick lipped, and is fond of hearing himself laugh; had on, and took with him, a good brown broadcloth coat and jacket, lined with durant of the same colour, his other clothes uncertain; he served 4 years as a servant with Mr. George M'Cullough, at Fishing Creek, in Lancaster county, and after lived one year with William Miller, in New-Garden, and since has removed from place to place, his residence being uncertain; he lived some time last fall in the town of Carlisle, and at his leaving it he purposed going to New Castle county to see a brother he had there, but has not gone back. The other named Hugh Orr, about 28 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, clumsey made, lame of one of his thighs; he lived some time in Chester county, and of late has lived near the Upper Cross-Roads, in Baltimore county, in Maryland. Whoever takes up and secures said servants in any of his Majesty's goals, so as their master may have them again, shall have the above reward, or Forty Shillings for any one of them, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN RANKIN. †

A NEGROE MAN for SALE,

BORN in this Country, 22 Years of Age, 5 Feet 11 Inches, or 6 Feet high, well proportioned, and remarkably strong; has been generally employed as a Shallop-Man, in Delaware River, which Business he perfectly understands, as well as the general Parts of Husbandry, and can be well recommended. For further Particulars, apply to LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH, on Stamper's Wharff, Philadelphia. §

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Upper Dublin township, Philadelphia county, a servant man, named RICHARD HUSBAND, who calls himself an Englishman, but speaks a little like an Irishman; he is 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, a well set fellow, of a darkish complexion, strait brown hair, and has a down look; had on, when he went away, a cloth-coloured jacket, with cuffs, a swanskin double breasted jacket, with black spots; and it is supposed he had another under jacket, a pair of sheepskin breeches, as good as new, with white metal buttons, a felt hat, bound round, old milled worsted stockings, with blue ribbed leggings, and good shoes, with small square brass buckles. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, in any goal, so as his master may have him again, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward, with reasonable charges, paid by JOSEPH LUKENS. *Feb.* 14, 1772. §5w.

N. B. He has a remarkable scar upon his left instep.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, and tract of LAND, in Pequea, part thereof in the county of Chester, and part in the county of Lancaster, containing 438 acres, with allowance, fine lime-stone land, upwards of 100 acres clear, 25 acres of watered meadow, and 80 acres more may be made at a small expence; two bearing orchards of choice fruit, a neat garden, a good dwelling-house of stone, well finished off, a good kitchen, with a well of good water at the door, barn, stables, smoke-house, and other out-houses; plenty of timber and water, as well as lime-stone, to manure the land; so that it will never wear out with any kind of good husbandry; the whole pleasantly situated on Lancaster road, about 46 miles from Philadelphia, fit for any kind of public business, near places of worship, merchant mills, iron-works, and markets. It is well known, that the Pequea land is excellent for wheat, hemp, and all sorts of spring grain; this tract may be divided into two or more plantations, leaving timber, water and meadow on each. As for the soil and situation, enquiry may be made of the Reverend Mr. James Boyd, of New-Town, in the county of Bucks; Benjamin Lightfoot, Esq; at Reading; James Wilson, Esq; at Carlisle; Major John Philip Dehaas, Esq; of Lebanon; Edward Shippen, Esq; at Lancaster; Mr. William Moore, of Baltimore-Town, in Maryland; and Mr. John Kerlin, Innkeeper, at the White Horse, on Lancaster road. One third part of the purchase money to be paid down, the remainder will be made easy, on giving security. For further particulars, apply to the owner, on the premises,

Churchill, Feb. 10, 1772. JOHN MILLER. ‖

TO BE SOLD,

A RIGHT to locate LANDS, in the province of Pennsylvania, being part of an original grant of 50,000 acres, made by the late honourable William Penn, Esq; to Sir John Fagg, in trust for his first wife, the lady Gulielma Maria Penn, during life; and after her decease, as to a moiety thereof, in trust for his eldest son and heir at law the late William Penn, jun. Esq; subject to the quitrent of *one Indian ear of Corn*, for the whole 50,000 acres. The terms of sale will be easy, and may be known, by applying to ISRAEL MORRIS (son of William) or to CLEMENT BIDDLE. Also to be sold, by said MORRIS, the following parcels of LAND, viz. one tract of high pleasantly situated land on Cohansey Creek, near the bridge, containing 95 acres of good upland, well timbered, with hickory and oak, and 14¾ acres of excellent marsh; the whole so situated on navigable water, as to render the transportation of wood, and all other produce, from the premises to Philadelphia market very handy. There is on the land (of which about 12 acres are cleared) an excellent spring, on which a good spring-house may conveniently be built. The reversion of one other tract of about 40 acres of good LAND and MEADOW, situate on the same navigable Creek, a little below the last described tract; it is a fine high situation, well watered, and has on it some fruit trees. One other TRACT, of about 10 acres of mowable embanked MEADOW, in Holmes's marshes, on said Creek. Together with one other TRACT of excellent PATENT LAND, situate on Head's Creek, in Northampton county, Pennsylvania, well watered, and having the advantage of an extensive range for cattle, not likely to be interrupted. Considerable time may be had for payment of great part of the purchase monies of any of the above lands, on paying interest.

Second-month (February) 13*th*, 1772. ¶ 6 *W.*

NOTICE is hereby given to the public, that there are two men committed to Trenton goal, Hunterdon county, viz. THOMAS HENRY ENMAN, he has lost one of his eyes, and has a large scar near said eye, long light hair, fair complexion, near about 5 feet 9 inches high. The other is committed by the name of ROBERT JACKSON, alias WILLIAM MOORE, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, well set, and full faced, with black curled hair. Their cloathing for the most part is answerable to two men that are advertised in the Pennsylvania Gazette, No. 2249; likewise they confess themselves to be the same men. Their masters, or owners, are hereby requested to come, and deliver them from their confinement, otherwise they will be sold to pay cost, and goal fees.

¶ PETER HANKINSON, Goaler.

ALL persons indebted to JOHN STARRETT, late of Chester county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment to the subscribers; and those who have any demands against said estate, to bring in their accounts, properly proved, that they may be adjusted by

¶ ANN and JAMES STARRETT, Administrat.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGROE MAN, about 25 Years of Age, a sober honest Fellow, who understands Farming, taking Care of Horses, driving a Team, and would do for a Carriage. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof.

Will be exposed to public SALE, on the 23d of MARCH next,

A PLANTATION, or TRACT of LAND, containing 223 acres, lying in Bedminster township, Bucks county, on a great road leading from Philadelphia towards Derham, there are on the premises a log house, log barn, stables, barracks, and a cow house, two bearing orchards, a considerable quantity of land cleared, both meadow and upland, both good, and more may be cleared; a good spring thereon. The vendue to begin at one o'clock in the afternoon; where the terms of sale will be made known, and attendance given, by ALEXANDER BROWN. ‖ 4 *W.*

To be LETT, and entered on the First Day of APRIL next,

A VERY commodious HOUSE and large GARDEN, with about two Acres of very good Meadow, situate in Pikeland Township, Chester County, at the Yellow Springs: Said House is very suitable for a Shopkeeper, as it has been occupied in that Way some Years past, and a considerable Distance from any other Shopkeeper. For Terms, apply to Doctor SAMUEL KENNEDY, or Mr. JOHN BAYLY, at the Springs.

Wanted to purchase, a NEGROE Man, acquainted with Farming, apply as above. ¶

THE Day of Appeal, for those who think themselves over rated in the Lamp and Watch Tax, is adjourned to the 26th of March next, at 10 o' clock in the Morning, when the Wardens and Assessors will meet at the Court-House for that Purpose; after which Day no Allowances will be made.

Bucks County, February 26, 1772.

WE, the Subscribers, Assignees of ISAAC RICHARD, late of the Township of Solebury, in the said County, do request all those indebted to said Richard, to discharge their respective debts; and also all those who have any demands against him, are desired to appear and bring their Accounts, properly attested, the 21st Day of March next, to the Dwelling-house of John Corryell, Innkeeper in the said Township; where Attendance will be given, and Dividend made of such Effects as may be then in our Hands. JOHN ROSS, BENJAMIN PAXSON. ¶

Gloucester County, February 22, 1772.

WHEREAS I, the subscriber, purchased a tract of land, of one William Norcross, containing 60 acres, on the 31st day of January, 1761, for payment of which I gave the said Norcross six bonds, viz. one payable the 25th of March following; the 2d, the 25th of September ensuing; the 3d, March the 25th, 1762; the 4th, September the 25th, the same year; the 5th, March the 25th, 1763; the 6th, September the 25th, the same year; whereas three of the said bonds are left unpaid, viz. the 3d, of Ten Pounds; the 4th, of Ten Pounds; the 6th, of Ten Pounds; and finding the said Norcross is not willing to make a title to said land, I forewarn all persons from taking an assignment on the said bonds, for I will not pay them, till I get a sufficient deed, &c. FRANCIS WARNER. ¶

On the 20th day of March next, being the 6th day of the week, at six o' clock in the evening, will be exposed to SALE, at the London Coffee-house (if not otherwise disposed of within that time)

A HOUSE and LOT, situate on the east side of Second-street, being the third house below the corner of Arch-street, containing in front 14 feet 6 inches, and in depth 80 feet, extending to an alley leading into Arch-street; the house commodious, being 40 feet in depth, the kitchen a brick building; the whole subject to a groundrent of 55*s.* per ann. Any person inclining to purchase, before the above-mentioned day of sale, may apply to JOHN DRINKER, nearly opposite the premises. *February* 17, 1772. 4 *W.*

Philadelphia, February 20, 1772.

BY order of an Orphan's Court, will be sold, by public vendue, at the London Coffee-house, on the 5th of March next, being the 5th day of the week, at 6 o' clock in the evening, a LOT of GROUND, with a good new frame shop, two story high, situated on the south side of Spruce-street, a few doors to the eastward of Third-street, containing in breadth, on Spruce-street, 20 feet front, and 51 feet deep; the ground subject to Ten Pounds, currency, per year, and the owner to build, and finish, a brick tenement, of 20 feet front, and 30 feet deep.

Also to be SOLD, or LETT on Groundrent, by HANNAH PANCOAST,

A LOT of GROUND, situate on the east side of Second-street continued, nearly opposite the Barracks, in the Northern Liberties of this city, containing in breadth, on said street, 18 feet, and about 130 feet deep. For further particulars, enquire of HANNAH PANCOAST, living near the first described lot. ¶

TO BE LETT,

And entered on the 6th of March next,

PART of the estate late of THEODORUS LORD, deceased, in Passyunk, commonly called The Neck, and near John Everly's tavern, containing 36 acres of land, on which is a neat brick house, and an old one, with a stable and barn, and very good garden and orchard. A lease may be had to a person who would improve it, and there is now for this purpose, ready cut on the premises, near 600 posts. This place is beautifully situated on a pleasant part of the river Schuylkill, within about 3 miles of the city, and hath the advantage of two large roads leading to it. It affords the prospect of a most delightful landskip over the river. There is good shooting and fishing at this seat, and would suit a gentleman with a small family extreamly well. For terms, enquire of JOHN SEARSON, on the premises. ¶

Gloucester, West New-Jersey, February 17, 1772.

PURSUANT to the Act of Assembly of the province of New-Jersey, entituled, "an Act for the relief of insolvent debtors," lately made and provided; this is to give notice to the creditors of JAMES MORFORD, now confined in Gloucester goal, to shew cause, if any they have, on the 19th day of March next, why an assignment of the said James Morford's estate should not be made to his creditors, and his body discharged from confinement. ¶

ALL persons who have any demands against the estate of GEORGE HOGELAND, late of Southampton township, in the county of Bucks, deceased, either by bond, bill, or book debt, are desired to bring in their accounts to the subscriber, the 16th day of March next, to have them adjusted; and all persons who are indebted to said estate, are desired to pay the same, on or before that day, to prevent further trouble.

¶ DIRCK HOGELAND, Administrator.

TO be sold by public auction, at the London Coffee-house, on the 10th day of March next (if not before disposed of at private sale) all the LOTS remaining of the OLD ALMS-HOUSE SQUARE, a plan whereof will be left at the Coffee-house, and at the house of Stephen Collins. Persons disposed to purchase by private contract, may apply to said STEPHEN COLLINS, LUKE MORRIS, or JOHN DRINKER, jun. who are appointed by the board of managers to treat with such appliers. Tbc.

THE Partnership of BALDWIN and STARR being expired, these are to request all Persons, indebted to them, to make speedy Payment, to enable them to close their Partnership Accounts; and all that have any Demands against them, to bring in their Accounts, and they shall be paid.

JAMES STARR

Carries on the Trade as usual, at his House, in Chestnut-street, where it was carried on in the Time of the Partnership, and will be obliged to the former Customers for the Continuance of their Favours. Having provided a good Stock of English Soals and Boot Legs, he hopes to give Satisfaction in that Branch in particular. *Philadelphia, December* 3, 1771. ‡ 4 w.

Gloucester, February 3, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 4th day of May next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o' clock, on the premises, a valuable plantation, containing 210 acres, situate on Woodberry creek, 97½ thereof is as good meadow as any in the province, and in excellent order, being chiefly in timothy and green grass, and is secured from the tide by a dam at the mouth of the creek, which is maintained at the expence of a number of proprietors; there is a good orchard thereon, a good two story brick house, with 3 rooms on a floor, and a cellar under the same, a good kitchen adjoining the same, a good barn and stables, a granary, and divers other necessary out-houses, which renders it both commodious and convenient; the whole adjoining lands of James Whitall, William Snowden, John Hopkins, and others; late the property of Abraham Chattin, deceased, seized in execution by JOSEPH HUGG, Sheriff. ¶ 5*s.* Tbc.

TO BE LETT,

ON the First of April next, the TAVERN, at the Falls of Schuylkill, now kept by Mr. Lukens. For Terms, apply to Doctor PHINEAS BOND. Tbctf.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE certain LOTS of GROUND; one situate on the north side of Arch-street, between Fourth and Fifth-streets, containing in breadth on Arch-street 37 feet, and the same on a public alley, called Apple-tree Alley, being 140 feet in length or depth; there are now on the said lot 3 tenements and a stable, which will rent for 47 l. per annum.

One other lot, situate on the west side of Fourth-street, between Arch and Race-streets, being in breadth on Fourth-street 12 feet and a half, and in length or depth 49 feet and a half; subject to a groundrent of 25*s.* currency, per annum; having thereon a two story frame building, that now rents for 10 l. per annum.

And one other lot, situate on the east side of Fifth-street, between Arch and Race-streets, containing in breadth on Fifth-street 16 feet, and in length or depth 60 feet.

Any person or persons desirous of purchasing the above mentioned lots, may apply to JOSEPH WATKINS, junior, in Third-street, opposite Cherry-alley, Philadelphia, and be informed of the conditions of sale. *tf.*

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, at the dwelling-house of MICHAEL WAYNE, in East-Whiteland, Chester county, on the 6th day of March next,

A VALUABLE plantation, whereon the subscriber now lives, containing about 100 acres of land, with a good stone dwelling-house and barn, the house well finished off, and a spring under the same, a good orchard, 8 acres of meadow made, and more may be made with small trouble; the plow-land good; the woodland well timbered, and the fences in good repair.

Also to be sold, a plantation, situate in East-Town, Tredyffrin township, containing 150 acres, or thereabouts, with two dwelling-houses on the same, a good barn, and stables, 9 acres of meadow cleared, and watered by a good stream of water, a good orchard, 80 acres cleared, the remainder well timbered. A good title will be given for the above described plantations, and the payments made easy.

Also the same day and place, will be disposed of, horses and mares, cows, sheep and swine, with all kinds of household furniture and farming utensils, and wheat and rye in the ground.

The vendue to continue from day to day till all is sold. Attendance will be given by MICHAEL WAYNE. §

Gloucester County.

WHEREAS HENRY DAVIS, and JOHN GEORGE DAVIS, languishing prisoners, now confined in the common goal of said county for debt, do intend to apply to the Judges and Justices of the said county, at the next Court of Common Pleas, to be held in and for the said county, in order to crave the benefit of the Act of the General Assembly of the province of New-Jersey, entituled "an act for the relief of insolvent debtors:" If therefore any of the creditors of the said Henry Davis, and John George Davis, or either of them, have any objection against the said Henry Davis, and John George Davis, or either of them, why they should not receive the benefit of the aforesaid Act of General Assembly, they are desired to appear at the Court aforesaid, to alledge such objections, if any they have. JOHN GEORGE DAVIS,

¶ HENRY DAVIS.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on the 25th day of March next, on the premises, if not sold before at private sale,

THAT valuable plantation, well known by the name of Breeze-Ridge, an exceeding pleasant and healthy situation for a country seat, being in the township of Northampton, and county of Burlington, about 17 miles from Philadelphia, and 3 from the town of Mount-holly, lying in the Forks of Rancocus Creek, adjoining both branches, and near the great road between Philadelphia and Mount-holly aforesaid, containing about 500 acres of land, 80 whereof improved good meadow, under good bank, and about 20 acres more may be made, 150 acres of upland cleared, and in good fence, a good large dwelling-house, neatly finished off, with two large kitchens, out-houses, milk-house, cheese-house, and every conveniency suitable for a dairy, a pump of excellent good water at the door, with a large new barn, granary, stables, cow and waggon houses, two bearing orchards of good fruit, and a large garden, paled in. The said plantation will be sold together, or in 2 or 3 parts, as may best suit the purchasers, the meadow and upland lying convenient to be divided. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to Sarah Bispham, *of the town of Haddonfield, or* John Hinchman, *Esqr, of the county of Gloucester, or* John Bispham, *of the town of Mount-holly, near the premises aforesaid, for further particulars, and conditions of sale; the above being part of the real estate of Thomas Bispham, late deceased, and to be sold by* SARAH BISPHAM, *Executrix,* JOHN HINCHMAN, *and* JOHN BISPHAM, *Executors. Mount-holly, Feb.* 3, 1772. ¶ 10*s.*

NOTICE is hereby given to all Persons in the Counties of Philadelphia, Chester, Bucks, Berks, Lancaster, and Northampton, who are indebted to the Honourable the Proprietaries for Quitrent, that Attendance will be given at the Receiver-General's Office, in Philadelphia, from the 24th of this Month (February) to the 2d of March next, for receiving the Quitrents due in the City and County of Philadelphia; at Chester, for the County of Chester, from the 3d of March to the 7th; at Pennsbury, for the County of Bucks, from the 9th to the 14th; at the Town of Reading, in Berks County, from the 16th to the 21st; at Lancaster, for the County of Lancaster, from the 23d to the 28th; and, at the Town of Easton, for the County of Northampton, from the 6th of April to the 11th inclusive; at which respective Times and Places, all Persons concerned are required to pay their Arrearages, otherwise Distresses will certainly be made, pursuant to the Directions of an Act of Assembly, in that Case made and provided, express Orders having been given for putting said Act in Execution against those, who neglect to make Payment.

EDMUND PHYSICK, Receiver-General.

To be SOLD, by

BALDWIN and GILBERT,

At their store, at the corner of Front and Vine-streets, viz. WEST-INDIA and Philadelphia RUM, by the hogshead, or larger quantity, best melasses, Muscovado, loaf and lump sugar, tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, cocoa, cotton, fall mackarel, Madeira wine, four years old, by the pipe or quarter cask, Lisbon and Liverpool salt; a very large and general assortment of red cedar, which they will sell at a very low price to any person, inclining to purchase the whole, as they intend to drop that branch; they have likewise to sell a pair of BURR MILL-STONES. §8w.

Just imported, in the Pennsylvania Packet, Captain Osborne, from LONDON, and to be sold by

JOHNSON and BOWMAN,

At their STORE, in Second-street, the second door below the Baptists Meeting-house,

A NEAT Assortment of MERCHANDIZE, amongst which are a great variety of hosiery, consisting of mens and womens worsted and cotton stockings, mens ribbed and plain drab coloured ditto, silk and worsted ditto, a good assortment of cloths and coatings, with suitable trimmings, Irish and Russia linens, cutlery, &c. &c. which they will sell very low for cash, or short credit. ¶

LATELY came to the plantation of the subscriber, in West Whiteland, Chester County, an old light bay HORSE. The owner is desired to pay charges, and take him away.

January 6, 1772. RICHARD THOMAS. ¶

March 12, 1772. NUMB. 2255.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

The re-publiſhing, in your extenſive paper, the following ADDRESS, will be acceptable to many of your readers, who have heard of the ſame, and have not had an opportunity of ſeeing it. This will alſo ſerve another purpoſe, to be explained afterwards.

Charles-Town, South-Carolina, Jan. 1, 1772.

To the FRIENDS *of* RELIGION, *and* PATRONS *of* LIBERTY *and* USEFUL KNOWLEDGE,

The humble REPRESENTATION *and* ADDRESS *of* WILLIAM SMITH, *D. D. Proveſt of the* COLLEGE *and* ACADEMY *of* Philadelphia, *in Behalf of that Seminary.*

IN that immenſe extent of country, now poſſeſſed by Great-Britain, from *Florida* to the limits of *Canada* northwards, it is impoſſible for an attentive obſerver not to behold an EMPIRE already planted, which, with careful culture, promiſes to enlarge itſelf to vaſt dimenſions, and to give *law* as well as *happineſs* to every other part of AMERICA.

IN a *commercial* view, it is needleſs to remark of what great and growing importance theſe Colonies are, from their length of ſeacoaſt, conveniencies of navigation, and variety of produce. From this variety ſprings another bleſſing, not known in an equal degree perhaps to any other people upon earth: We have the *ſtaff of life*, BREAD in abundance for ourſelves, and to ſupply the neceſſities of others, with hardly a probability, under the favour of Heaven (as the experience of a century paſt tells us) of ever ſuffering ſcarcity or want. The climate too is, in general, favourable to all the powers of body and mind, nurſing up a race of bold and hardy men, with whom our feebler neighbours *, on the ſouthern part of this Continent, would wage but ineffectual *war*; ſhould *war*, in ages hence, continue to be the *Unchriſtian* mode of arbitrating the differences of *Chriſtian* nations!

A FRIEND to humanity, therefore, cannot but adore that Providence, which, when the *New* world was to be portioned out among the kingdoms of the *Old*, called Great-Britain (a nation enjoying *liberty*, *religion* and *ſcience*, in their pureſt and moſt improved ſtate) to the poſſeſſion of that part of *America*, which ſeems thus ordained to empire and pre-eminence over the reſt!

THE idea is truly animating; and a ſerious mind will not conſider the growth of theſe Colonies, merely as tending to increaſe the wealth and commerce of the world; but likewiſe in a more important view, as promiſing to enlarge the ſphere of PROTESTANTISM and HUMANITY. In this view, every *Britiſh American* will look upon himſelf as a choſen inſtrument, in theſe latter days, for ſupporting and promoting the Cauſe of LIBERTY, and all its concomitant bleſſings in the *new* world at a time when decaying in the *old*; and will accordingly rejoice to water the *tender plant* that hath taken root among us, and to rear and ſhelter it from the *ſtorm*, till it ſhoot up into a *great tree*, "ſending forth its boughs unto the ocean, and its branches to the utmoſt rivers."

BUT, in carrying on this great work, we are not to truſt to the moſt ſucceſsful ſtruggles againſt foreign enemies, nor even to repeated domeſtic ſtruggles for *native* and *political* rights. The ſouls of Youth muſt be nurſed up to the *love of liberty*, and their boſoms warmed with a ſacred and enlightened zeal for every thing that can bleſs or dignify their ſpecies. In ſhort, laſting proviſions muſt be made, by good *education*, for training up a ſucceſſion of *Patriots*, *Lawgivers*, *Sages* and *Divines*; for LIBERTY will not deign to dwell, but where her fair companion KNOWLEDGE flouriſhes by her ſide; nor can *government* be duly adminiſtered, but where the principles of juſtice, virtue, ſobriety and obedience, for conſcience ſake, are upheld.

EVERY well regulated *ſeminary of learning*, therefore, in America, that promiſes to exalt the *Genius* of our country, and to be the means of diffuſing *uſeful knowledge*, ſtill wider and wider, over this yet untutored Continent, will be an object of general regard, whereſoever it is; for in this reſpect we have all but one great and common intereſt to purſue. I hope, then, I may have leave to mention the *College and Academy of Philadelphia*, as one of the moſt important inſtitutions of this kind. Situated in the very center of the Britiſh Colonies, in a city exemplary in its *police*, abounding with every neceſſary of life at reaſonable rates, flouriſhing in Commerce, and all the *Mechanic Arts*; this Seminary, from a co-incidence of theſe and other fortunate circumſtances, although begun by private men, and carried on by private contributions, amidſt the tumults of an expenſive war, and the jarrings of domeſtic diſcord, hath, in leſs than *twenty* years, arrived to a perfection which many of the like kind have not attained in whole centuries, though founded by ſovereign princes, and ſupported at national expence.

BESIDES profeſſorſhips for the *Engliſh*, *French*, and other *Modern Languages*, with the practical branches of *Mathematics*, in what is called the ACADEMICAL part of this inſtitution; the COLLEGIATE part hath a full eſtabliſhment of Schools and profeſſorſhips for the *Antient Languages*, *Rhetoric*, Moral and Natural *Philoſophy*, *Anatomy* and *Surgery*, *Chemiſtry* and *Natural Hiſtory*, *Botany* and *Materia Medica*, *Theory and Practice of Phyſick*, with *Clinical* Lectures in the Provincial *Hoſpital*, &c. There is alſo a compleat APPARATUS for *Experimental* Philoſophy; ſome parts of which, particularly the *Electrical* and *Aſtronomical* apparatus, are not to be equalled, perhaps, in any other part of the world.

THESE profeſſorſhips are not *nominal* only, but actually filled with men who truly diſcharge their duty. Upwards of TWO HUNDRED youths are conſtantly educated in the different ſchools, beſides *ſixty* boys, and *thirty* girls, on charity; and the execution of the whole is ſuperintended by *Twenty-four* TRUSTEES, living within the city, who *viſit* monthly, and think not the chief offices of government, which ſeveral of them fill, any way diſcredited by their deſcending, from time to time, to examine the progreſs of the youth in letters and ſcience.

IT would be needleſs to mention here thoſe reaſons (whether of policy or principle) which have hitherto prevented an inſtitution, ſo honourable to the country where it ſubſiſts, from obtaining a provincial ſupport. The time is probably not very remote, when it may be otherwiſe; but, in the mean while, after being carried on for about twelve years, at the expence of more than *Seven Thouſand* Pounds Sterling, raiſed by † private means within the province, and near *Three Thouſand* Pounds Sterling value, granted in lands and money by the honourable *Proprietaries*, THOMAS and RICHARD PENN Eſquires; the whole undertaking muſt at laſt have ſunk, if His MAJESTY, in his great goodneſs, had not (together with a princely benefaction) granted a *royal brief*, by means of which, through the generoſity of the Engliſh nation, upwards of SIX THOUSAND Pounds Sterling were raiſed, and added to our almoſt exhauſted capital.

ALTHOUGH this capital hath ſince been augmented by ſome legacies, yet the yearly revenue of the college, joined to the money ariſing from the ‡ tuition of the youth, falls near TWO HUNDRED Pounds ſhort of the yearly expence; and therefore, to ſave our ſtock from being again gradually exhauſted, and with the hopes of placing it at laſt upon a permanent footing, one effort more became neceſſary, in which we could only turn our eyes to the benevolence of the friends of learning and mankind, in the neighbouring Colonies.

I TRUST, then, that our application will not be in vain to the inhabitants of this Province; a people bleſt in general with plentiful fortunes, and what is more, with hearts ſo truly liberal and humane, that I have been well aſſured, wherever there is a propriety in *giving*, it is their delight to *give*, and to manifeſt their benevolence and public ſpirit. From what has been ſaid, I hope the deſign for which their aſſiſtance is now ſolicited, will appear both proper and public-ſpirited. It is not for an *obſcure* ſeminary, it is not for a *narrow* or *partial* one, that aid is requeſted; but, I can ſay it without oſtentation, for a ſeminary actually *ſhining* as one of the chief lights of this new world; unexampled in its catholiciſm §, and placed in a city having frequent and eaſy communication with this and the other Colonies. Thoſe, therefore, who love to do good, and to lay foundations for poſterity, will here find a proper object. The cauſe is a common one, and I know but this argument that requires notice, namely, that an inſtitution of the like kind is intended, and much wanted, in this province.

I WISH ſucceſs to whatever may be deſigned of this nature here; which I hope may be forwarded, not retarded, by what is ſaid in this paper. If my experience, in matters of education, could be rendered ſerviceable in perfecting the propoſed plan during my ſtay in this place, it would give me real pleaſure; and I profeſs myſelf ſo much a friend to the general intereſt of Literature, that if the preſent application could in the leaſt interfere with that intereſt here, it ſhould never be urged further.

THE univerſities of Great-Britain, nay every great town, and almoſt every pariſh there, had the intereſt of learning to ſupport among themſelves, and their own ſchools to provide for; yet all of them chearfully contributed towards the ſupport of the ſame cauſe among their American brethren, when our public collection was made there. In the like manner, the *mite* that may be now contributed by benevolent perſons in this province towards a neighbouring ſeminary, will not be *miſſed*, when the like inſtitution comes to be eſtabliſhed among themſelves; more eſpecially as the general weight of that undertaking will be happily borne here, as it ought to be, by *public*, and not *private*, expence. In the mean while, whatever may be thus generouſly given towards the keeping a *neighbouring light* burning, will not be wholly loſt, ſince the rays of that *light* may extend back hither, in the benefit which, it is hoped, many of the youth may derive, by an eaſy and cheap opportunity of a liberal education in a place not very diſtant, till the like opportunity can be had in the place of their nativity.

ALL I have to add, is a perfect aſſurance that every contribution ſhall be faithfully accounted for, and the names of the Contributors recorded among the Benefactors of the inſtitution, with gratitude, to the lateſt times.

WILLIAM SMITH.

‡ *Every ſtudent pays but* TWELVE DOLLARS *per annum for his education and firewood. His board, lodging and waſhing, in the college, ſeldom exceed* 24*l. Pennſylvania money, or* SIXTY-FOUR DOLLARS *per annum. The additional expence of books, cloaths and pocket-money, may be more or leſs, according to the directions and reſtrictions under which parents may be pleaſed to place their children.*

§ *The Proveſt is of the church of England; the Vice-proveſt of the church of Scotland; and the other Profeſſors of various different religious perſuaſions, according as they are found qualified for the different offices.*

POSTSCRIPT.

Philadelphia, March 11, 1772.

A GENEROUS contribution of near ONE THOUSAND GUINEAS, *from a worthy and humane people, at* 800 *miles diſtance, fully evidenced their kind reception of the foregoing* Addreſs; *and if the ſentiments it conveys were ſo far approved by them, only as friends to the general cauſe of* Freedom *and* Knowlege *in America, it is hoped they will not have a leſs influence among ourſelves. Pre-eminence in* Science *and* uſeful Arts, *will give to any people a reputation and importance among their neighbours, which mere* Wealth *alone cannot procure; and this province already begins to derive no ſmall credit and advantage from the rapid progreſs of the* Sciences *in it, and the number of youths drawn hither for their education.*

Altho' the Truſtees *of the* COLLEGE *have now the pleaſure to find their* Capital *nearly compleated, ſo far as regards their firſt plan of inſtruction in the* Languages, Mathematics *and* Philoſophy; *yet the engrafting upon it the late uſeful inſtitution of* MEDICAL SCHOOLS, *renders a further public aſſiſtance ſtill neceſſary. Sundry repairs and additions to the* Buildings, *with a brick wall and gate on Fourth-ſtreet, are yet wanted, and intended to be carried on; for as the money hitherto raiſed has been applied to the more eſſential purpoſes of education, the* Building *itſelf continues to be the only* public one *belonging to this* elegant *and* improving *city, which cannot even be ſaid to be in* decent Order, *or fit for* STRANGERS *to viſit.*

The Truſtees, *therefore, unwilling to break upon the capital collected in diſtant places, hope to carry on this part of the undertaking, and compleat the whole deſign, by one general collection among ourſelves, and ſome of our neighbours, who have not yet been applied to; for tho' much has already been done by ſtrangers for this inſtitution, the contributions to it in the province (however conſiderable) have been chiefly from a* Few, *no general collection having been propoſed for it here, ſince its firſt foundation.*

It cannot be doubted, then, but ſucceſs will now attend this meaſure. The experience of Twenty Years, *and the number of youths of all denominations that have been educated in it, and rendered ſerviceable to their country, both in church and ſtate, cannot but recommend the intereſts of ſuch a* Seminary *to good men of every perſuaſion among us; and indeed, with reſpect to the* Building, *almoſt every perſuaſion, Preſbyterians, Baptiſts, Lutherans, Calviniſts, having, in their turn, had the* free Uſe *of it, they will not now decline their mite for putting it in decent and proper repair.*

Philadelphia, March 6, 1772.

THE Owners and Occupiers of the WICACOA MEADOWS, are deſired to meet at the Court-Houſe, the Firſt of APRIL next, to elect MANAGERS, and TREASURER, for the enſuing Year. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, in Hanover townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 211 acres of land, bounded by lands of Martin Smith, William Young, Samuel White, Hugh Gilleland, Frederick Noah, James Sloan, and Peter Walmer; there are on this place a ſmall log dwelling-houſe, a barn, about 80 acres of clear land, 12 of which are fine watered meadow, and 30 acres more be made and watered by a never failing ſtream; alſo a ſmall orchard. The woodland is extraordinary good. For terms of ſale, apply to JOSEPH SWIFT, or CALEB FOULKE, in Philadelphia. Tbc. 3 M.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, in Little-Britain townſhip, Lancaſter county, about 30 miles from Chriſtiana Bridge, a good landing-place, from whence there is a conſtant communication kept up with the Philadelphia market; this place formerly belonged to Colonel James Gilleſpy, and was late the property of Robert Fulton. It is bounded by lands of William Montgomery, Joſeph Brown, Widow Repley, James Ramſay, William Peterſon, and Thomas Whiteſide, is in a good neighbourhood, and a very fine healthy ſituation, where four roads meet, one leading from York county to Chriſtiana Bridge, one from Lancaſter to Charles-Town, and to two different Ferries on Saſquehanna to Baltimore-Town. It contains 365 acres of land, with the allowance, is good wheat-land, and produces plentiful crops of all kinds of ſummer grain, and is alſo very favourable for paſture; 90 acres of plowable land are already cleared, 16 of which are new, it is eaſily wrought, and free from ſtone; alſo 70 acres of fine meadow already made, and 20 acres more may be made, of good hazel bottom; it lies very convenient and agreeable, at each end of the houſe you may look over the whole of it; there are between 900 and 1000 water courſes cut through it, by which it is all watered except about half an acre; it is now under clover and timothy; the fences in good repair; the dwelling-houſe is part ſtone, and part ſquared logs, the ſtone part is two ſtories high, 2 rooms on a floor, 3 of which have fire-places; the other part is a large ſtove room, a good kitchen, and 2 good cellars, a draw well and oven at the kitchen door; likewiſe a large barn, 102 by 22 feet, a threſhing floor, 4 large bays for hay and grain, two ſtables, which hold 20 horſes, a cow-houſe, with Engliſh ſtalls, for 21 head of cattle; alſo a ſtore well ſhelved off; a ſtill-houſe, meat-houſe, corn-houſe, and a compleat hog-houſe, all in good repair; two large neat gardens, one well paled in. This place is extremely well calculated for farming, grazing, ſtore-keeping, and a tavern. For further information, enquire of JASPER YEATES, Eſq; in Lancaſter, of WILLIAM WEST, or JOSEPH SWIFT, in Philadelphia. Tbc. 3 M.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

A PLANTATION, containing 200 acres of extraordinary good lime-ſtone land, ſituate in the townſhip of Tredyffrin, Cheſter county, about one half cleared; there are on the premiſes, a new ſtone dwelling-houſe and kitchen, a log dwelling-houſe (not quite finiſhed) built over a ſpring of excellent water, and very convenient for a dairy, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, log barn, ſtables, &c. There are many advantages attending this farm, ſuch as a very good mill-ſeat, with ſufficient of water in the drieſt ſeaſons, a conveniency of watering near 20 acres of meadow; of making any quantity of lime, either for the uſe of the plantation, or for ſale; its ſituation, which is within three-quarters of a mile of Schuylkill, on a pleaſant ſtream of water, known by the name of *The Valley Creek*, and the cleared land chiefly freſh, and very fertile. If ſold, the payments will be made eaſy to the purchaſer. For further particulars, apply to SARAH DAVIS, on the premiſes, RICHARD MILES, near the Spread-Eagle, on Lancaſter road, or SAMUEL MILES, in Philadelphia.

SAMUEL MILES requeſts all thoſe indebted to him on book, to call and ſettle their accounts, within one month from this date, to prevent further trouble; and thoſe indebted on bonds, notes, &c. to be ſpeedy in diſcharging the ſame.

Philadelphia, March 7, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, in the townſhip of Abington, about 11 miles from Philadelphia, containing 135 acres, about 100 of which are cleared, including 14 acres of good meadow, the reſt is wooodland; the plow-land is divided into ſix fields, with the benefit of water in all of them, except one. On the ſaid plantation there is a good dwelling-houſe, ſpring-houſe, barn, granary, cow-houſe, and ſtables, chair and cart-houſe, with a loft over it convenient for ſtoring Indian corn, and all in good repair; there are two orchards, one of which is young, planted with cherry, pear and apple trees, moſt of which are grafted with very good fruit, and in its prime. There is alſo a large kitchen garden, well incloſed with pales, beſides a genteel flower garden, and a well of water near the kitchen. The ſituation is very healthy; it is convenient either for a farmer or gentleman's country ſeat. The title is indiſputable. Whoever inclines to purchaſe, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, and be informed of the terms THOMAS BOURNE. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, late the eſtate of Philip Fitzſimons, deceaſed, containing about 50 acres, ſituated in Worceſter townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the Manatawny road, leading from Philadelphia to Reading town. There is on the premiſes a good large ſtone houſe, 50 feet by 40, two ſtories high, and a cellar under it, 4 rooms on each floor, a new kitchen, and a pump by the houſe, with exceeding good water; alſo a ſtone ſpring-houſe, a large ſtone barn, with 5 ſtables, and a large ſtone ſhed, that will hold 40 or 50 horſes; a fine kitchen garden; every thing very convenient on ſaid place. There are 12 acres of exceeding good meadow, that can be well watered the whole year; laſt year there was made on ſaid meadow above 30 tons of hay; alſo a fine bearing orchard, between 6 and 8 acres, with exceeding good fruit; there are aboout 22 acres of extraordinary good wood land, well timbered, the reſt all cleared land, in good repair. Whoever inclines to purchaſe ſaid place, may apply to JOSEPH CAUFFMAN, Executor, in Second-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or MARY FITZSIMONS, Executrix, on the premiſes. ‡

THE MANAGERS OF THE FILATURE IN PHILADELPHIA, hereby give *public Notice*, to all Perſons deſirous of raiſing SILK the enſuing Seaſon, that they may be ſupplied with Eggs of the Silk-Moth, *gratis*, by applying to Mr. ISAAC BARTRAM, in Second-ſtreet: Any ſo inclined, ſhould loſe no Time in making their Applications, leſt they ſhould meet with Diſappointment.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

* *The Spaniards and Portugueſe of South-America.*

† *Part of the money was raiſed by lotteries, which were afterwards prohibited by law.*

WARSAW, November 16.

THE Grand Chancellor, Biſhop of Warſaw and Poſnania, has written and ſent a paſtoral letter to every Curate of his dioceſe, in which he ordains, that they ſhall expoſe to their pariſhioners the great heinouſneſs of regicide, and guard the youth in all their ſchools againſt ſome ſeditious and fanatick Eccleſiaſticks, who would inſpire them with contrary ſentiments. This precaution is the more neceſſary, as the priſoners now in cuſtody for attempting to kill the King, declare they have received abſolution from ſome Religious, before they ſet out on that horrid attempt.

Vienna, Nov. 23. The Emperor, in his late journey to Bohemia and Moravia, has adopted a very intereſting ſcheme; which is that of aboliſhing the ſervitude which ſubſiſts in thoſe countries, where the Farmers poſſeſs nothing of their own, and can conſequently do nothing in favour of their children. Several other advantages are expected from his Imperial Majeſty's travels, during which he found means to familiarize and ingratiate himſelf in ſuch a manner with the inhabitants, as enabled him to make many diſcoveries, which are kept as a ſecret from Princes by thoſe about them.

Paris, Dec. 7. The Sieur Gilles George Gerad, Curate of Berticount, in the Dioceſe of Beauvais, died a few Days ago, in the ninety-ſecond Year of his Age. He has left a Brother eighty-two Years old, one Siſter ninety-four, and another eighty-ſix. His Servant, who ſurvives him, is turned of ſeventy-five, and had lived with him fifty-nine Years. Amongſt his Effects are two Horſes, each of them above twenty-five Years old.

LONDON.

Dec. 7. The Friends of the Miniſtry give out that no extraordinary Supplies will be required for the next Year's Service.

One Day laſt Week one of the Yeomen of the Guards addreſſed Lord North, as he was paſſing through the Guard Chamber, in the following Manner: "My Lord, there is now almoſt three Quarters of a Year's Salary due to us, and we have many of us large Families, and Proviſions are very dear; I hope your Lordſhip will take this into Conſideration." To which his Lordſhip returned; "Very well, very well, theſe are Things of Courſe." Upon this diſſatisfactory Anſwer the Yeoman immediately formed a Reſolution of ſelling out his laſt Fifty Pounds to pay his Debts, and ſupport his Wife and Children. This is a Fact.

An Expreſs arrived laſt Night at St. James's from Copenhagen, which brought Advice that the Queen of Denmark is far advanced in her Pregnancy.

A few Nights ſince Lady Bridget L--- being in the Stage Box at Drury Lane Theatre, when the Comedy of *The Hypocrite* was performed, in which there are ſeveral Paſſages of Latin, Lady B---- applied to a *Macaroni*, who ſat behind her, for an Explanation. The *fine Gentleman* told her, that it was *Dog Latin*, and that he could not explain it. *It is very ſtrange*, replied Lady B----, *that a* Puppy *ſhould not underſtand his* own Language.

Yeſterday was tried, in the Court of Common Pleas, a Cauſe, wherein a Dutchman was Plaintiff, and the Colonel of a Britiſh Regiment Defendant. The Action was brought for Hay, Straw, and Oats, furniſhed by the former to the latter in the Courſe of laſt War, and was laid at Three Thouſand Five Hundred Pounds. The Defence was, that the Britiſh Officer acted only for Government, and conſequently was not liable. The Court ſeemed to be of that Opinion; but the Jury thought otherwiſe, and in about four Minutes returned a Verdict for the Plaintiff, with Two Thouſand Pounds Damages.

Two remarkable Inſtances of good Fortune are told of Mr. Joſhua Mendez, an eminent Broker in the City: In a former Lottery, he had two Five Thouſand Pound Prizes in one Day; and in the preſent, one Day brought him a Two Thouſand Pound Prize in the Engliſh, and another a Two Thouſand Pound Prize in the Iriſh Lottery.

Dec. 10. It is aſſerted that the violent Anger againſt the Duke of Cumberland, and the Excommunication under which he now lies, is only a State Farce, and that all Matters are cleared up.

It is ſaid that a Great Perſonage has ſignified his Diſapprobation of the Intention of the Eccleſiaſtical Petitioners.

A very conſiderable Bett is laid, that the Vote of the Iriſh Commons, declaring the Penſion granted to Jeremiah Dyſon *burthenſome* and *unneceſſary*, will be declared *null* and *void* in England.

This Day, about four in the Afternoon, the Sittings before Lord Mansfield ended in Weſtminſter Hall. In the Courſe of theſe, ſixty-ſeven Cauſes were tried, and three compromiſed; of the former, were ſix for Criminal Converſation.

By a Maſter of a Veſſel from Liſbon, we are informed, that the French King has threatened to recal his Miniſter and Conſuls from every Place in Portugal, if ſome Infringements, of which his Subjects complain, are not immediately removed.

A young Lady, Heireſs to a conſiderable Fortune, made her Eſcape from a Nunnery at St. Omer's in France, where ſhe had lately been ſent from England.

A certain young Nobleman, juſt come of Age, was *touched* the other Morning, at a Chocolate Houſe near Pall-mall, for Seven Thouſand Pounds at Piquet.

Advice is received that the St. Amand, a French Man of War of ſixty Guns, bound from Breſt to Martinico, laden with Guns, Ammunition, and other warlike Stores, is totally loſt within a few Leagues of Martinico, and all the Crew drowned.

Dec. 12. By the late Inundation in the North, the Town of Yarm, in the County of Durham, has ſuffered moſt ſeverely. The Gentlemen are quitting it for ever, and thoſe in Trade ſeem at preſent to be in ſome Degree doubtful whether they ſhall rebuild and repair, or pitch their Tents in ſome ſafer Situation.

The Iriſh Parliament have no poſitive Right to ſtrike off ſuch Penſions as are granted by the King's Letters on the Revenues of that Nation, but they have a Power nearly equal, which is to raiſe no more Money than they think proper; and this they will certainly exerciſe on the preſent Occaſion, to the great Mortification of Government.

Lord Baltimore's Will came over laſt Monday from Italy. His Lordſhip has appointed Hugh Hammerſley, Robert Eden, Robert Morris, of Lincoln's Inn, Barriſter, and Peter Provoſt, Eſquires, Truſtees and Executors, with an Annuity to each of 1000 l. for Life, and 1500 l. to be divided among them; and he has bequeathed to Sophia Hales, and Elizabeth Hales, Infants, Daughters of Elizabeth Dawſon, Spinſter, 2000 l. each, and 1000 l. to their Mother; to Charlotte Hope, Daughter of Elizabeth Hope, 2000 l. to his Siſters, Caroline Eden, and Louiſa Browning, 10,000 l. each; to Henry Herford, Son of Heſter Rhelan, of the Age of 14, his Province of Maryland, and all his real and perſonal Eſtates, at the Age of 21; and in Caſe of his Death before 21, to his Siſter, Frances Mary Herford, and her Heirs; and he alſo gave to the ſaid Frances Mary Herford, 30,000 l. and to the ſaid Heſter Rhelan an Annuity of 200 l. a Year for Life.

Dec. 17. The Expence attending the Equipment of the Navy, the Increaſe of our Land Forces, together with all the various Preparations for a War with Spain, amounts, we are aſſured, to Three Millions Sterling; and the Value of Falkland Iſland is eſtimated at about Five Shillings of American Currency.

A Great Man, ſpeaking on the Affair of Falkland Iſland laſt Sunday, at St. James's, obſerved, that now the People had got their favourite Rock again into their Poſſeſſion, it was ten to one but they grumbled at the Expences attending the Recovery, and exclaimed againſt the Government for increaſing the national Debt, to obtain an Object ſo notoriouſly inconſiderable.

Several political Screech Owls, who eternally love Misfortune, tell us, that Spain has only patched up a Peace with us, and that the Moment ſhe is in a Condition for War, ſhe will commence Hoſtilities. Let us even ſuppoſe this Prediction an abſolute Fact, ſtill are we to do an Injuſtice to prevent the Spaniards from being unjuſt, and to enter into a poſitive War at preſent, through Fear of being forced into one upon ſome future Occaſion by the Miniſters of his Catholic Majeſty?

Though the Iriſh Houſe of Commons have voted the Supplies demanded by Government, they have voted them upon a new Principle, and given Adminiſtration very little Occaſion for rejoicing. Formerly, when the Parliament of Ireland granted an Aid, they laid a Duty upon ſome particular Branch of Trade, and appropriated the whole Revenues to his Majeſty's Uſe. In ſuch Appropriations, Care was always taken that the Duty brought in much more than was required for the oſtenſible Expenditure which it was to defray; and the Crown, by this Means, got a large Surplus upon all the Revenues, to gratify the Avarice of Penſioners. The Miſapplication of public Money, however, is now at an End; a ſpecifick Sum being given to his Majeſty for national Purpoſes, ſubject to parliamentary Controul, and dangerous to be proſtituted in the Arts of Venality.

The Victory of General Eſſen over the Body of Turkiſh Troops, which was poſted over againſt the Fortreſs of Giurgewo, and the Defeat of the Grand Vizir, by Major General Weiſſman, are now fully confirmed; and the Advantages, it appears, are greater than were at firſt known. The Conſequences of theſe important Events are, the Loſs of the whole Camp and Baggage, and more than 165 Pieces of Artillery. The Iron Cannon were burſt or ſunk in the River, and the 165 Pieces of Braſs Cannon were carried off by the Victors. To theſe Succeſſes we may add the retaking of the Fortreſs of Giurgewo, and the demoliſhing the Fortreſſes of Iſakczia, Babadag, Tulczi, Medzin, and Hirſkowa. And what is ſtill better, theſe Events have obtained for the Ruſſian Troops ſafe and quiet Winter Quarters, eſpecially as the whole Turkiſh Army is now at a great Diſtance from the Banks of the Danube.

Extract of a Letter from Cronſtadt, Nov. 17, O. S.

"Captain Joſias Walker, of the Adamant, is juſt come up very leaky, having been on Shore on the Reef of the Pitters, and brings us the melancholy News of leaving about 16 Veſſels, Engliſh and others, moſt of which he fears are ſtranded on the Pitters, and other Iſlands thereabouts. This happened on the 28th of October, at Night, in a hard Gale of Wind from the North, and prodigious thick Weather.

Extract of a Letter from Plymouth, Dec. 13.

"Laſt Saturday Morning, and the Evening before, we had, on a high Tide, very rough and turbulent Weather. Two Veſſels came in by Diſtreſs; one an outward bound Indiaman, with Goods from London. Before ſhe could come to Anchor the Storm was ſo violent that it drove her on the Rocks; upon which a Veſſel juſt by, at Anchor, ſeeing their Diſtreſs, put out their Boat to her Aſſiſtance. The Maſter, Mate, and three Men, leaped into it, but before they could get to their Oars, the Maſt broke off, and fell upon the Boat, and it ſunk immediately; all were drowned, but all taken up and buried on Tueſday laſt. The other Veſſel was loaded with Wheat; ſhe was alſo toſſed on the Rocks, all the Cargoe ſpoiled, but the Men all ſaved. The Water was higher than ever I ſaw it. We have very diſmal Accounts from Cornwall, all along the Coaſt."

The following is an authentic copy of the ſpeech which Mr. FLOOD *made in the Iriſh Houſe of Commons, on Monday, the 25th of November laſt, when the debate on the penſion of* Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſq; *came on before the Committee of Supplies.*

I CANNOT help obſerving, on this occaſion, that the ſubject of the preſent debate is one of the moſt intereſting and important to the good of this diſtreſſed kingdom, as *(if the* HONEST *men in the Houſe carry their point)* it may ſerve as a precedent for other *burthenſome* and *unneceſſary* penſions being ſcratched off our enormous penſion liſt; and at the ſame time I am ſorry to obſerve, that ſo neceſſary an expedient, as the eaſing our aggrieved country of the dreadful weight upon its ſhoulders, ſhould find opponents in this Houſe, and be brought to a debate.

"I have but little to ſay on a ſubject which ſpeaks ſo amply for itſelf. It is the misfortune of this country, that it has always been ill-uſed, and ill-uſed by *foreign* hands too---*foreign* governors, *foreign* penſioners, *foreign* Paraſites. With all the natural requiſites of life within our kingdom, and with all the artificial conveniences of it within our reach, our countrymen live in beggary, and die in deſpair; while other people riot in our treaſures, and bend under the weight of our ſpoils, we are gaſping for our daily ſuſtenance, and treated with all the indignity of a petty province. Tell me, can it be ſaid that Great-Britain has treated us with the ſame honour and reſpect with which one *ſiſter* kingdom ought to treat another? Though we have our own legiſlature, our own laws, our own revenues, have we not always been, and are we not ſtill, inſulted with oppreſſion and reproach, as *an out-caſt among the nations?* If there is a man on the other ſide of the water who has ſpent his life in Court intrigues, and Court knavery, done underhand jobs for the worſt purpoſes, and ſerved all the evil purpoſes of an evil Miniſtry, is he not immediately diſpatched to Ireland with a *miniſterial mandate* in his pocket, and ſaddled upon our revenue for poſts and penſions, as the reward of his evil doings?---In the midſt of all this miſery, it were ſome comfort, ſince we *muſt* be preyed upon, if we were preyed upon by the *caterpillars* of our own land---but to be *eat up* by the *vermin* of *another* nation, is the curſe that galls me.

"But of all the burthens which it has pleaſed government to lay upon our devoted ſhoulders, that which is the ſubject of the preſent debate, is the moſt grievous and intolerable. Who does not know *Jeremiah Dyſon*, Eſquire? *We* know little of him indeed, otherwiſe than by his *name* in our penſion liſt; but there are *others* who know him by his *actions*. This is he who is endued with thoſe happy talents, that he has *ſerved every* adminiſtration, and ſerved every one with equal ſucceſs---a civil, *pliable*, good-natured gentleman, who will do what you will, and ſay what you pleaſe, for *payment*.

Here Mr. Flood was interrupted, and called to order by Mr. M------; who urged that more reſpect ought to be paid to Mr. Dyſon, as one of his Majeſty's *officers*, and, as ſuch, one whom his Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to repoſe *confidence* in. However, Mr. Flood went on:

"As to the Royal *confidence* repoſed in Mr. Dyſon, his gracious Majeſty (whom God long preſerve) has been *graciouſly* laviſh of it, not only to Mr. Dyſon, but to the *friends* of Mr. Dyſon: And I think the choice was good: The *royal ſecrets* will, I dare ſay, be very ſecure in their breaſts, not only for the *love* they bear to his gracious Majeſty, but for the *love* they bear to *themſelves*. In the preſent caſe, however, we do not want to be informed of *that* part of Mr. Dyſon's character----we know enough of him---- every body knows enough of him----aſk the Britiſh Treaſury---- the Britiſh Council----aſk *any* Engliſhman----who is he, what he is----they can all tell you, for *the gentleman is well* KNOWN.---- But what have *we* to do with him? He never ſerved Ireland, nor the friends of Ireland. And if this diſtreſſed kingdom was never benefited by his counſel, intereſt, or ſervice, I ſee no good cauſe why this kingdom ſhould reward him.-----Let the honourable Members of this Houſe conſider this, and give their voices accordingly. For God's ſake let every man conſult his conſcience: If *Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſq;* ſhall be found to deſerve this penſion, let it be continued; if not, let it be lopped off our revenue, as *burthenſome* and *unneceſſary*."

BOSTON, February 24.

We are informed, that at the requeſt of a Committee appointed by this town, an ORATION is to be publicly delivered next month by JOSEPH WARREN, Eſq; on the dangerous tendency of STANDING ARMIES to the Rights of CIVIL SOCIETY; and in commemoration of the horrid maſſacre perpetrated on the 5th of March, 1770.

On Tueſday laſt, being the day by law appointed for holding the Superior Court at Boſton, in and for the county of Suffolk after opening the Court in the uſual form, his Majeſty's Commiſſions were publiſhed, appointing the Honourable Peter Oliver, Eſq; Chief Juſtice, and the Honourable Edmund Trowbridge, Forſter Hutchinſon, Nathaniel Ropes, and William Cuſhing, Eſquires, Juſtices of the ſaid Court.---His Honour the Chief Juſtice gave an elegant and pertinent charge to the Grand Jury. There was a very numerous and reſpectable auditory upon this occaſion.

The paper in the Maſſachuſetts Spy of the 14th of November laſt, ſigned MUCIUS SCÆVOLA, was laid before the late Grand Jury, and we hear a bill was prepared by the King's Attorney, agreeable to an order of the Governor and Council. But the good men of the county returned *Ignoramus* thereon, not being able to find *upon their oaths* that it was "FALSE," &c.---*Quere, Whether this is a proof that ſeven-eighths of the people of this province deteſt the writings of our* "pretended Patriots," *as we have lately been told in the* Maſſachuſetts Gazette?

Laſt Saturday in the *forenoon*, the Grand Jury laid before his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Superior Court, a certain paper, the contents whereof have not yet tranſpired. This paper was ſigned by the *Foreman*, at the *unanimous* requeſt of his brethren, and ſeemed to be received with ſome reſentment by the Court; who peremptorily directed their attendance at four o'clock in the Afternoon on ſaid Saturday. This extraordinary order was matter of much ſpeculation among the people, who crowded to obſerve the event. The paper is ſuppoſed to relate to Ebenezer Richardſon, who was convicted of the murder of young Seider, *twenty-two months ago*. This ſuppoſition is rendered the more probable, as his Honour the Chief Juſtice, after it had been peruſed by the Court, ſaid to the Jury, that they *charitably* believed that they were ignorant that *the caſe of Ebenezer Richardſon was then before his Majeſty*.

NEWPORT *(Rhode-Iſland) February* 24.

The fore part of laſt week an armed ſchooner (what ſchooner we know not) ſeized a ſmall freight-boat, with about 10 or 12 hogſheads of rum, &c. on board, which were ſent from East-Greenwich, in this colony, to be ſhipped from this place to Philadelphia, in order to purchaſe flour, bread, &c. and we are told this rum, &c. had been legally imported, and entered at our Cuſtom-houſe.-------Alſo, we are aſſured, that on Thurſday laſt, a boat going from this port to Prudence, in this colony, but a few miles from hence, was ſeized by the ſame unknown Schooner, only for having 3 hogſheads of Melaſſes on board, which Melaſſes was legally imported, and the duties paid laſt week:-------Theſe 3 hogſheads of Melaſſes, we are told, belonged to a poor man, who has now loſt the full value of all he was worth under heaven; ſome ſay this p-r-t-e-l ſchooner belongs K. G----- the Th--d; but we ſhould think it a little below his Br-t-n-c Majeſty to keep men of war employed in robbing ſome of his pooreſt ſubjects, who are ſcarcely able to procure the common neceſſaries of life; when thoſe men of war might be ſo well employed, eſpecially at this time, againſt Spain, who has inſulted the Br-t-ſh flag in almoſt all parts of the globe, within theſe 18 or 20 months paſt, and *very* lately in the Weſt-Indies and Falkland-Iſland.------Americans, take CARE of your PROPERTY! For, according to preſent appearances, you may ſoon expect to have your fire-wood SEIZED, if it be tranſported by water from one place to another without clearing and entering. The above ſchooner has a number of ſwivels and carriage guns.

Since the above acccount was received, we are informed that his M----y's ſchooner Gaſpee has been cruizing our rivers for near a week paſt; but for what intent we cannot learn, unleſs it be to meet, and *manfully* attack, thoſe enemies who have lately treated with contempt the whole Engliſh nation.

'Tis ſaid the B-----h Miniſtry think it much ſafer (though a little more *diſgraceful*, but that's no matter) to keep their men of war, frigates, cutters, armed ſloops and ſchooners, cruizing on the coaſts, and plundering the navigation, &c. of their induſtrious, unarmed North American friends, than to attack their haughty, daring and inſulting enemies, the French and Spaniards!

March 2. Early laſt Wedneſday Morning a very extraordinary Affair happened in this Town, viz. A Negroe Man, named Primus, belonging to Thomas Cranſton, Eſq; having borrowed Two Dollars of his Wife, who lived with Evan Malbone, Eſq; loſt the Money at Gaming a few Days before; and finding his Wife had Three Dollars more in her Trunk, he broke it open, and took out the Dollars, and two Handkerchiefs, which he alſo loſt in like Manner. After they had got to Bed on Tueſday Night, his Wife aſked him about the Money, and told him ſhe muſt have it again; upon which a Quarrel enſued for ſome Time. Toward Day the Fellow got up, went down into the Kitchen, and ſet Fire to a Partition, carried ſome Fire into the Garret, where his Wife lay, put it among her Clothes, and then got her on the Floor, endeavouring to break her Neck; upon which ſhe cried out Murder and Fire! This alarmed the Houſe, and Mr. Malbone jumped out of Bed, and running into the Kitchen with his Buckets to get Water, found it in a Blaze; however, he happily ſoon extinguiſhed that, and hearing the Cry of Fire up Stairs ſtill continue, he told them to leave off hallooing, for the Fire was all out; but finding the Noiſe did not ceaſe, he took his Buckets with Water, and ran up to the Garret, which he found full of Smoke, and the Negroe Fellow ſtill ſtriving to break his Wife's Neck; but he broke the Fellow's Hold, before he had quite executed his Deſign, puſhed him down Stairs, and out of the Houſe. Mr. Malbone went up to the Garret again, put out all the Fire, and then went and waked Mr. Cranſton, who got up and dreſſed himſelf, to go in ſearch of the Negroe; and looking toward the Still-Houſe, which is near his Dwelling-Houſe, ſaw one of the Windows open; ſo concluding he was there, got the Key, and, with Mr. Malbone, went and unlocked the Door;----where they found every Ciſtern opened, and a Fire juſt blazing up againſt the Rum-Room, which they extinguiſhed; but looking round, immediately diſcovered another Fire breaking out in the Wood Room, which they alſo extinguiſhed; and then proceeding to ſhut the Ciſterns, found the Negroe drowned in one of them.--- This Negroe Fellow had always been an excellent Servant, and was never known to have any Difference with his Wife before; but having loſt his own Money, and that which he had borrowed and ſtolen, by the pernicious Cuſtom of GAMING, too much practiſed by WHITES as well as *Blacks*; it is probable he could not bear the Thoughts of the Reproach, which would be caſt upon him, and to prevent any Diſcovery being made by his Wife, determined to murder her.

The Morning on which this Scene was acted, the Wind blew very high at Weſt; and, in all Probability, in a Quarter of an Hour more the Fires would have got to ſuch a Head, that great Part of the South End of the Town muſt have been deſtroyed.

It is hoped this tragical Event will prompt our *JUSTICES* of the Peace, *SHERIFFS*, and all others his Majeſty's Civil Officers, to exert themſelves in putting a Stop to the vile Practice of Gaming, among Negroes, white Boys, &c. in the Streets, and *other* Places.

The Sloop Mary-Ann, Capt. Stephen Buckland, from the Weſt-Indies, bound to Hartford, arrived in Connecticut River, about a Week paſt, and came to Anchor, when the Captain and all the Hands went on Shore, except the Mate, whoſe Name is Ruſſell Woodbridge, and a young Lad, named George Cropper; but before they got aboard again, a large Cake of Ice cut away the Cable, and the Wind and Tide carried the Sloop out: The Sails and Rigging being froze and ſtiff, theſe Two could not make Sail enough to work the Veſſel well, and the Wind favouring to ſtand Eaſtward, they endeavoured to fetch this Harbour, and had got between the Light-Houſe and Brenton's Reef, laſt Wedneſday, when they were driven on the latter by a hard W. N. W. Wind; where they lay all that Night, the Mate holding the Lad in his Arms, being almoſt buried in Water, and the Weather very cold; next Morning the Mate ſwam aſhore, and ſoon after a Boat went aboard, when they found the Lad dead; He was buried laſt Friday.---The Bottom of the Sloop was beat out; and her Cargo, conſiſting principally of Salt, almoſt all loſt.

Alſo on Wedneſday another Connecticut Sloop ran aſhore near the Light-Houſe, but was got off without any Damage.

NEW-YORK, *March* 5.

The Mercury Packet, Captain Dillon, is to ſail this Day, with the Mail for Falmouth.

WILLIAMSBURG, *February* 20.

The Juſtitia, Gillies, with Tranſports (among them John Eyre, Eſquire) is arrived in Rappahannock; and the Watt, Bouſhey, from Liverpool, in James River.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.

Monday laſt arrived here the Brig Conſtant Friends, Capt. Flynn, from Cadiz, but laſt from St. Croix, having been blown off our Coaſt; on the 23d of November, in Lat. 28:48, Long. 37:37, he ſpoke the Brig Ranger, Captain Shaw, belonging to New-York, bound from Dublin for Antigua, out 28 Days; and on the 24th of December, in Lat. 36:39, Long. 68:30, he ſpoke the Ship Roſe, Captain Dyſart, from this Port for Londonderry, out 4 Days, all well.

Captain Waſdell, from Jamaica, on the 18th of December, in Lat. 35:28, Long. 73:10, ſpoke a Schooner, from Antigua for Virginia, that had been beating on the Coaſt for 16 Days; and

on the 27th of laſt Month, a few Leagues from our Capes, he ſpoke a large black Schooner, which appeared to be in great Diſtreſs; but the Wind blowing very hard, and a high Sea running, he could not learn the Maſter's Name, or where ſhe belonged, nor give them any Aſſiſtance.

Captain Harris, from Georgia, on the 28th ult. in Lat 35: 34, Long. 75, ſpoke a Sloop from St. Vincents for North-Carolina; ſhe had been drove off the Coaſt by hard Gales of Wind, and the People were very ſickly.

Captain Cook, from Boſton, on the 2d Inſtant, on the Edge of Soundings, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Hill, from Virginia for Cape-Ann, 6 Days out, all well.

☞ The Sale of the Old Alms-Houſe LOTS is poſtponed till Thurſday, the 26th Inſtant, at Six o' Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe.

*** POULSON's AMERICAN INK-POWDER; to be ſold by DAVID HALL, at the *New Printing-Office*.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

I HAVE read, with great Satisfaction, in your Paper of the 13th of February, a Scheme for raiſing Annuities, which, when carried into Execution, muſt contribute a ſeaſonable Relief to the Widows and Children of many valuable Members of the Community.

As I have conſidered the Plan with ſome Degree of Attention, in order to become a Contributor, and to give all the Aſſiſtance I can to forward the benevolent Deſign of the Inſtitution, I beg Leave to propoſe a few Queries to the worthy Gentlemen, who have generouſly taken the Pains of going through ſuch laborious Calculations as it muſt neceſſarily require.

Query. Is it the Deſign of the Scheme, that the annual Contributors ſhould pay their yearly Rates at the Commencement, or the Expiration of the Year?

Query. Is not the *firſt* Article obſcure? Some of my Neighbours apprehend that a Contributor, at his Admiſſion, muſt pay *two*, and others, *three* Rates. I confeſs that the plaineſt Interpretation of the Article ſeems to be, that every Perſon becoming a Member muſt, at his Admiſſion, depoſite in the Hands of the Society, a Sum equal to the annual Rate he propoſes to contribute, in order to raiſe a Capital; and at the *ſame Time* pay his *firſt* annual Rate; and if he lives one whole Year, and at the Commencement of his ſecond Year pays his *ſecond* annual Rate, his Widow and Children ſhall be entitled to an Annuity equal to *three Times and one Third* of his ſaid annual Contribution. I am humbly of Opinion, that every Thing in ſuch a Scheme ſhould be as plain as Words can make it, to leave no Room for Ambiguity.

Query. Is it not hard, that a Contributor ſhould forfeit his Title to his Widow's and Childrens Annuity, on his becoming a Bankrupt, or failing in his annual Payments, and it may be, after he has been a Contributor for many Years? Would it not ſufficiently ſecure Punctuality in the Payment of the annual Rates, to leſſen the Annuities on the Failure of the Payments, without a total Excluſion?

Query. Might not the Inhabitants of Cæcil and Baltimore Counties, in Maryland, and of ſome of the Frontier Counties in Virginia, be admitted Contributors? Are they not as healthy and long lived as the Inhabitants of Pennſylvania or the Northern Colonies?

Query. Is it not hard, that a Contributor ſhould, by a ſecond Marriage, forfeit the Annuity of his Children by a former Wife, if he ſhould die within three Months after ſaid Marriage, when it may be, that he has been a Contributor for many Years? However reaſonable it might be to exclude the ſecond Wife and her Children from an Annuity, to guard againſt Impoſitions, there ſeems no Reaſon to exclude the Children of the firſt Wife."

Your giving the foregoing a Place in your Gazette, will oblige ſeveral of your Cuſtomers, and more particularly,

GENTLEMEN,

Your moſt humble Servant,

Cæcil County, Maryland, Feb. 28, 1772. HUMANUS.

To the Gentleman who ſigned himſelf PHILOMATH, *in laſt Week's* GAZETTE.

SIR,

ACCORDING to your Advertiſement, a Number of young Gentlemen met at Mr. John Little's, and having adopted the Name of "*The Free Debating Society*," it was reſolved by the Members to meet To-morrow Evening, at the ſame Place, Half an Hour after Six o' Clock, finally to fix on a fit Place for their aſſembling, and it is deſired that all who deſign becoming Members, and thoſe who attended, to bring with them, and lay before the Society, a Paper, containing thoſe Laws, or Regulations, which they may think neceſſary for its good Government, that thereby the Members, from their collective Opinions, may ſelect and adopt the beſt. It is moreover ardently requeſted and hoped, that no Perſon will attend, who has not in View the Advancement of his Knowledge, as, they may be aſſured, the only Aim of this Inſtitution is Improvement.

It is expected, before any other Buſineſs be entered on, or Thing done, that a *Chairman, Secretary*, &c. be choſen, and the Laws, Regulations, &c. immediately entered.

A CARD.

PHILOMATH preſents his moſt reſpectful Compliments to thoſe ingenious young Gentlemen who appeared at Mr. LITTLE's, and hopes he will ſtand excuſable in not preſenting the Paper of Laws, &c. himſelf, when he tells them, he was detained from the Satisfaction he expected from their Converſe, and in obſerving the Origin of a Society, which he flatters himſelf will give univerſal Satisfaction, by an *Accident* he could by no Means prevent. He ſincerely Wiſhes the Inſtitution may anſwer the Public's Expectations, and ſoon hopes to have the Pleaſure of becoming a Member.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 19s. 3d. Wheat 7s. 9d. Indian Corn 3s. 6d. Ship Bread 17s. Middling Ditto 30s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 7l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 6l. 10s. Beef 2l. 15s. Pork 4l. 5s. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 9d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 28. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 50s. to 56s. Melaſſes 21d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 16s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 21s. Liſbon Salt 21d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 14d. Bar Iron 26l. Pig Iron 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Little Polly, S. Dalling, from Hiſpaniola. Sloop Molly, W. Wafdell, Jamaica. Brig Conſtant Friends, P. Flynn, Cadiz. Schooner St. Auguſtine Packet, R. Harris, Georgia. Schooner Dolphin, A. Mansfield, Salem, N. E. Sloop Molly, E. Rodgers, and Schooner Maſſachuſetts 92, N. Cook, Boſton. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, from Rhode-Iſland.

Outwards. Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, for Grenades. Schooner Tryall, G. Erwin, and Schooner Molly, R. Dolleber, Salem, N. E. Brig George, J. Wilſon, and Snow New Molly, W. Kerlin, Liſbon. Brig Friendſhip, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, Brig Thomas, T. Bernard, Ship Hercules, L. Albro, and Brig Polly, J. Shields, Jamaica. Brig Leiſure-Hour, W. Wilſon, N. Providence. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Schooner Maſſachuſetts 92, N. Cook, for Boſton.

Cleared. Schooner Chance, W. Greenway, to Montſerrat. Ship Philadelphia, J. Malcolm, Belfaſt. Schooner Lovely Laſs, J. Stephen, Maryland. Brig Chance, J. Taylor, St. Vincent. Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Liſbon. Sloop Kingſton, J. Smith, Muſquito-Shore. Ship Fame, T. White, junior, to St. Croix.

RUN away from Nicholas Hofaker, living in Lebanon town, Lancaſter county, in December laſt, an Engliſh ſervant fellow, named WILLIAM RICHARDSON, about 5 feet 4 inches high, has red hair, and is a very ill looking fellow, ſuppoſed to be about 20 years of age; he was lately ſeen ſweeping chimnies in Burlington, Briſtol and Trenton. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, paid by

† CURTIS GRUBB, at Cornwall Furnace.

On THURSDAY, the 2d of April next, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Front-ſtreet, three Doors below the London Coffee-houſe, now in the Tenure of William Smith, Broker; together with a Lot adjoining the ſame on the Back, and fronting on Lætitia-Court, with a three Story Brick Houſe erected thereon. The Houſe, in Front-ſtreet, is 17 Feet 9 Inches in Breadth, and the Lot continues the Width 100 Feet deep; the Lot, on Lætitia-Court, is 13 Feet Front, and 80 Feet deep to the before-mentioned Lot. There is a Pump in the Yard, which may be appropriated to the Uſe of both Houſes.

The ſame Evening will be ſold, a Lot of Ground, ſituated on the North Side of Market-ſtreet, between Eighth and Ninth-ſtreets, oppoſite the Muſtard Works of William Norton, containing 132 Feet Front on Market-ſtreet, and extending 306 Feet back. Any perſon, deſirous of viewing the above Premiſes, may apply to WILLIAM BRADFORD, at the London Coffee-houſe.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 24th of March inſtant, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Saſſafras (or Race) ſtreet, containing in breadth, on ſaid ſtreet, 18 feet, and in length, or depth, 180 feet; bounded eaſtward with Francis Alliſon's houſe and lot, northward with a 15 feet alley, extending from Third to Fourth-ſtreet, weſtward with Edward Evans's ground, and ſouthward with Saſſafras-ſtreet aforeſaid; late the eſtate of Martha Kelly (late Powell) deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

HENRY JONES,

BEGS Leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he is removed to that noted TAVERN, in Middle-Town, St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle County, lately kept by Mr. THOMAS WITHERSPOON; where, if travelling Gentlemen have any Occaſion to call, they may depend upon meeting with good ENTERTAINMENT, and ready Attendance. ‖

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, the Thirtieth of this inſtant MARCH, at one o' clock in the afternoon,

THAT VALUABLE FARM, whereon THOMAS BARNSLEY, Eſq; deceaſed, did live (ſold purſuant to the directions of his laſt will and teſtament) ſituate in the townſhip of Benſalem, and county of Bucks, at the head of the tide water, on Neſhaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, and about a quarter of a mile from Rodman's landing, on ſaid creek, where flour, wood, &c. are tranſported to Philadelphia, containing about 560 acres of excellent land, about one half cleared, and in good fence, near 60 acres of which are extraordinary good meadow, lately drained, and more may be made, the other half is fine timbered land; there is erected on ſaid farm, a new genteel houſe, of brick and ſtone, 56 feet and an half by 44, with a 13 feet entry through the whole, a black walnut ſtair caſe, 4 rooms on the lower floor, 6 rooms on the ſecond floor, and 3 garrets, all well finiſhed off, and painted laſt ſummer, extraordinary cellars under the houſe, alſo two large kitchens and ſtore houſe, and a well of good water at the kitchen door, with piazzas in the front of ſaid kitchen, and chambers over the ſame, for the ſervants, a cellar under the ſtore-houſe, a carpenter's ſhop, a brick ſmoke-houſe, 16 feet and an half ſquare, ſpring-houſe, with a flax and wool-houſe over it, two barns, one 66 feet by 33, a threſhing floor in the middle, and bays on each ſide, and good floors in them, and a granary over the threſhing floor; the other a ſmall barn, a threſhing floor, and cow houſes on each ſide, good ſtables, ſufficient to hold 30 horſes, and lofts over them, for hay, well floored, a commodious ſhed, coach-houſe, and poultry-houſe, 4 compleat barracks, ſtanding on ſills, with cedar tops, made laſt ſummer, two orchards, one an old one, of natural fruit, the other a young one, of 300 bearing trees, of the beſt grafted fruit; alſo is erected, in one corner of the farm, a good ſquare log-houſe, ſuitable for a tradeſman, and oppoſite ſaid farm, on the other ſide of the creek. Attendance will be given by WILLIAM RODMAN, and GILBERT HICKS, Executors. ‖ 7/6.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold on very low terms, wholeſale and retail, by

JONATHAN ZANE, and SONS,

At the large Handſaw, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, and two doors below Black-Horſe-Alley, Philadelphia,

A LARGE and general aſſortment of ironmongery, cutlery, joiners braſs-ware, ſadlery, &c. Alſo, powder, ſhot and bar lead, ground redwood, allom, madder, copperas, logwood, fuſtick, braziletto, red and white lead, Spaniſh brown, Venetian red, yellow and ſpruce oakers, verdigreaſe, Pruſſian blue, lampblack, Spaniſh whiting, chalk, linſeed oil, camphire, mace, cloves, nutmegs, cinnamon, hair ſeives, riddles, ſlates and pencils, writing paper, red and black ſealing-wax, quills, Dilworth's ſpelling books, wool, cotton and tow cards, wool combs, flax and hemp hackles, fullers jack and ſtock cards, and preſs-papers, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, 9 by 7 window glaſs, Ben-leather ſoles, glew, a few bolts of the beſt Ticklenburgs, boxes of tin plates, pewter plates, diſhes and ſpoons, gold ſcales and weights, ſurveyors chains, pins in packets, ink-powder, American red clover and green graſs ſeeds, &c. &c. &c.

N. B. Ready money for red and white clover and Timothy SEEDS. 4 W.

Philadelphia, March 10, 1772.

EIGHT POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or ſtolen, a thick well ſet MARE, big with foal, her colour is between a roan and iron grey, with ſeveral brown ſpots, a large mane, a ſhort ſwitch tail, which ſhe carries right out, large head and ears, a ruſty coloured noſe and mouth, and ſhod all round, about 14 Hands high, paces and trots, and is about 11 years old. She was ſeen ſome time in January, near the ſign of the Tun, on Paſſyunk road, where ſhe had been ſtroling, and on Penroſe's iſland, and the New-ferry road, near two months, with a ſorrel horſe, that had a white face, with which ſhe was ſeen laſt, ſuppoſed to be a ſtrayed creature. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief (if ſtolen) ſhall receive Forty Shillings for the mare, and Six Pounds for the thief, if convicted, and all reaſonable charges, from me, at Charles Pryor's,

¶ DANIEL JOY.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the 26th day of this inſtant March, at the houſe of Archibald Thompſon, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon,

THE plantation belonging to James and Mark Thompſon, containing 180 acres, 100 whereof are cleared, and the remainder well timbered; there is a good dwelling-houſe, with 5 rooms upon a floor, and a cellar under one half of it, barn, ſtables, a ſpring-houſe and other out-houſes, a ſpring of never-failing water near the houſe, 12 acres of good meadow, moſt part well watered, and more may be made, a good bearing orchard, with about 130 trees upon the premiſes. One hundred acres of ſaid land are under a groundrent of 36 buſhels of wheat per year. The whole is in good repair, and pleaſantly ſituated for a gentleman's country ſeat. Said plantation lies in the townſhip of Norrington, and county of Philadelphia, 19 miles and an half from that city, and a quarter of a mile from the river Schuylkill, two miles from two merchant mills, 3 miles from lime-kilns, and near to houſes of worſhip, of different perſuaſions. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may know the terms on the day of ſale, and they may view the place at any time, by applying to ROBERT CURREY, WILLIAM BULL, or ARCHIBALD THOMPSON, Tavern-keeper, all in the ſaid townſhip, and joining land with ſaid plantation.

THE Creditors of SHRIBER and BROWN, are deſired to call on WILLIAM MOORE, Merchant, in Front-ſtreet, to receive a Dividend of the Monies that have come to the Hands of the Aſſignees.

Philadelphia County, March 7, 1772.

TO be SOLD, *by public* VENDUE, *on the 23d of this inſt. a valuable plantation, and noted tavern, the ſign of the Seven Stars, ſituated in the townſhip of Plymouth, on the public road leading from Philadelphia to Reading, and over Schuylkill, late the property of John Elliot, deceaſed; the ſaid plantation contains about 84 acres of good lime-ſtone land, 44 acres cleared, the greateſt part well limed, with a young thriving orchard, the remainder woodland, well timbered; on the ſaid farm there is a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, with 4 rooms on a floor, and a cellar under the whole, with a good ſpring of water in it, a good ſtone kitchen, adjoining to the ſame, with a well of good water near the door, with a large ſtream of water, and ſeveral ſprings; about 22 acres of corn in the ground; there is alſo a good ſtone barn, cooper's ſhop, and ſheds, ſuitable for any public buſineſs, all new and under good repair: A variety of ſpirituous liquors. Alſo to be ſold, horſes, cows, ſheep, ſwine, hay and ſtraw, waggon, plow, harrow, &c. and ſeveral utenſils of huſbandry for farming, a great quantity of beds and bedding, and a variety of other houſhold utenſils, too tedious to mention.*

N. B. The ſale to begin at 10 o' clock preciſely, on the day above appointed. Likewiſe, the time of two apprentice lads, to the cooper's trade, will be diſpoſed of on the day of ſale: All thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate, or have any demands, are deſired to bring in their accounts the 26th and 27th of this inſtant, without further notice. Due attendance and reaſonable credit will be given, by JOSEPH PAUL, ALEXANDER COLLEY, *Executors.* §

To be SOLD, *or* RENTED, *and entered upon the Firſt Day of April next,*

A CERTAIN lot or tract of land, containing two acres and a half, with a large two ſtory dwelling-houſe thereon, with 3 rooms on the lower floor, and 4 above, 4 fire-places and a ſtove room, with a ſtove therein, a good well of water at the door, a large paled garden, near two acres of good bearing orchard, a good barn, ſtables, ſheds, and other out-buildings, very convenient for a public houſe or ſtore, the former having been kept there for many years paſt, known by the name of the Three Tuns, or the Red Houſe, ſituate in Lampeter townſhip, five miles and a half from Lancaſter, on croſs roads, one leading from Lancaſter aforeſaid, to Charles-Town, the other from the Blue Rock Ferry, on Saſquehanna, to the Gap Tavern. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or rent the above deſcribed premiſes, may know the terms, by applying to JOSEPH HAINS, living in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county; who has other lands adjoining the aforeſaid lot, which he will ſell with it or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer. ‖

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE,

On the premiſes, on Monday, the 30th of this inſtant March (if not ſold before at PRIVATE SALE)

TWO hundred acres of very valuable lime-ſtone LAND, ſituate in the townſhip of Abington, and county of Philadelphia, near the Head of Sandy Run, about 13 miles from the city of Philadelphia. The improvements thereon conſiſt of a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, 45 feet by 20, two ſtories high, a large ſtone kitchen joining the ſame, a ſtone barn, 50 feet by 25, with good ſtabling, and good convenient mows, that will hold a large quantity of hay or grain; a good proportion of meadow, and more may be made, at a ſmall expence, with watering; a large ſtone ſpring-houſe, and a fine ſpring of water riſing in it, which makes it fit for keeping a large dairy; there is a ſpring of excellent water near the door of the dwelling-houſe, which ſtands in a healthy ſituation, and remarkably peaceable neighbourhood. On the ſaid premiſes are two apple-orchards, one of them has bore a number of years, the other conſiſts of near 200 trees, of the very beſt grafted fruit, juſt coming to bear, and are exceeding thriving. The land is one half cleared, which lies high, is very fertile for raiſing wheat, or other grain, the reſidue is extraordinary well timbered with cheſtnut, hickory and oaks; on the premiſes is alſo a new lime-kiln, with great plenty of lime-ſtone of the beſt quality near it.

There will be ſold on the ſame day, and continue each day, until the whole is ſold, ſtock, green corn, farming utenſils, implements of huſbandry, with a variety of houſe and kitchen furniture. The terms will be made eaſy to the purchaſer of the land, and ſix months credit will be given for the moveables, by ISAAC BEWLEY. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE (if not diſpoſed of before by private ſale) on SATURDAY, the 11th of April next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Conrad Heſſe, in the Northern Liberties, the upper end of Second-ſtreet continued,

A LOT of GROUND, 100 feet front, and 500 deep, with a large commodious dwelling, three ſtories high, 4 rooms on a floor, with good cellars, and convenient out buildings, agreeably ſituated for a gentleman's retreat, being but one mile from the Court-houſe, is a ſuitable ſtand for a houſe of entertainment, and has been licenced for ſeveral years. Alſo, adjoining ſaid place, a groundrent of £ 17: 10: 0 per annum, iſſuing out of a lot of ground 100 feet front, and 500 deep. A ſmall brick tenement, newly finiſhed, on a lot 20 feet on Second-ſtreet, and 120 deep. Likewiſe ſundry vacant lots on ſaid ſtreet.

N. B. Any perſon inclinable to join in the DISTILLING BUSINESS, may be informed of advantageous terms, by applying to WILLIAM MASTERS.

AS there are ſundry LOTS in the Borough of Wilmington, in New-Caſtle county, that are upon groundrent to the Swedes Congregation there, and the rents remain unpaid for ſeveral years paſt; this is to give notice to all perſons concerned therein, that unleſs they diſcharge the ſame, before the 10th day of April next, they will be ſold for the ſame, at the houſe of William Marſhall, in ſaid Borough, at two o' clock on ſaid day, at which time and place, attendance will be given by NEILS JUSTIS, and JUSTA WALRAVEN, Truſtees. *February* 25, 1772. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

At public Vendue, the 31ſt Day of March, 1772, by the Subſcriber, living on the Premiſes,

A VALUABLE plantation, or piece of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Eaſt-Town, and county of Cheſter, containing 117 acres; 60 acres cleared, 12 whereof are good watered meadow, and the remainder well timbered; there are on ſaid premiſes, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, and a log end addition, alſo a good barn, ſtables, and ſpring-houſe, with a good bearing orchard. The vicinity of the above premiſes to mills, market, &c. renders it very ſuitable for a farmer or tradeſman, being ſituate 19 miles from Philadelphia, 2 miles from a good merchant mill, and about 60 perches from the provincial road leading from Lancaſter to Philadelphia. The title is indiſputable. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe ſaid premiſes, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to THOMAS TUCKER. ¶

Eaſt Whiteland townſhip, Cheſter county, March 9, 1772.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, this morning, a certain PATRICK BRADLY, about 5 feet 3 inches high, about 32 years of age, thin faced, a little pock-marked, ſpeaks on the brogue, and is fond of liquor; had on, when he went away, a ſnuff coloured coat, red jacket, and cloth coloured breeches. Whoever ſecures the ſaid *Patrick Bradly*, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that he may be brought to conviction, ſhall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by Dr. SAMUEL KENNEDY. §

RAISINS in Kegs, Indigo, and ſundry other Dye Stuffs, Sugars, &c. &c. to be ſold by BENEDICT DORSEY, in Third-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to the Work-houſe. †

MAREDANT's DROPS.

Every week produces new inſtances of happy effects from the uſe of this medicine, in all impurities of the blood, and in every ſtate of the ſcurvy, fiſtula, ulcers, the King's evil, long continued inflammations of the eyes, &c. &c. &c.

The caſe and cure of Thomas Hewitt, ſent to the Proprietor.

ABOUT 20 years ago I was afflicted with a moſt violent ſcurvy in my arms, which afterwards broke out in my face in large ulcers and blotches, ſpreading ſo faſt as to affect even my eyes, accompanied with a loſt appetite, and pains in my back and breaſt. During ſaid term of 20 years, I applied to ſeveral eminent phyſicians, and tried various medicines, preſcribed by them, to little or no effect, which is well known to moſt of the inhabitants of the city of Kilkenny, where I have reſided upwards of 30 years paſt. At length, on ſeeing Maredant's drops advertiſed by your correſpondent, Edmund Finn, printer, in Kilkenny, for being a powerful medicine for diſorders ſuch as mine, I was adviſed to try them, and accordingly bought four bottles, which I have taken, and have now the pleaſure to acquaint you, that my appetite is quite reſtored, the ſcurf and pimples have gradually left my face, and all parts of my body, and I now, thank God, find myſelf perfectly cured, and my ſkin as clear as ever it was.

Kilkenny, June 25, 1771. THOMAS HEWITT.

We certify the above caſe to be a fact, ANTHONY BLUNT, Mayor. LUKE MEAGHER.

They may be taken in any ſeaſon, without the leaſt inconvenience or hindrance from buſineſs. They alſo perfect digeſtion, and amazingly create an appetite.

At NICHOLAS BROOKS's,

Near the Coffee-houſe, in Market-ſtreet, may be ſeen the caſes of the following perſons, and many others, cured by Maredant's drops. Joſeph Feyrac, Eſq; lately Lieutenant-Colonel in the 18th regiment of foot. Lewellin Naſh, Eſq; late Lieutenant in the 14th regiment of dragoons. Mr. Stoddard, brewer, Mr. Thomas Forreſt, Attorney. The extraordinary cure of Mr. Attwood, at Bath, and of John Good, late ſurgeon to his Majeſty's ſloop Ferrit.

A moſt extraordinary cure by the uſe of Maredant's drops.

To Mr. NORTON, *September 26, 1771.*

SIR,

I TAKE this method of returning you my moſt ſincere thanks for the cure of my ſon, which was effected by your moſt excellent drops. Two years and a half ago he had the ſmall-pox, immediately after that a moſt violent humour ſettled in both hands, which were ſo bad, that he entirely loſt the uſe of them; the bones were ſo much affected, that two pieces ſeparated, and came away.

The humour in his hands was attended with almoſt as violent a one in his face, which formed an entire ſcab over the whole, and ſmelt intolerably; in ſhort, he was in ſo much miſery, and without hopes of recovery (as I had had the opinion of the moſt eminent, without effect, who called it the King's evil) that I deſpaired of his life; in gratitude for ſo extraordinary a cure, I have deſired this to be made public. Any perſon, by calling at my houſe, the Talbot inn, in the Strand, may be informed of every particular, and ſee the child. CHARLES ASHLEY.

He has alſo for ſale, Bateman's drops, Godfrey's cordials, Scotch pills, Turlington's drops, and a good aſſortment of muſical inſtruments, muſic in books, ſheets and half ſheets, beſt roman fiddle ſtrings, guittar ſtrings, a neat aſſortment of jewellery, Queen's rappee, and Weſton's ſnuff, &c. &c. &c.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſubſcriber's pocket, on Wedneſday, the 4th of this inſtant March, a beaver pelt pocket-book, with Nine or Ten Pounds, paper currency, therein, the greateſt part Maryland bills; with two notes of hand, one for Three Pounds, payable to Michael Lee, the other for Thirty-five Shillings, payable to Joſeph Baker. There were alſo in the ſaid pocket-book, three tickets in the ſecond claſs of Chriſt-Church lottery, in New-York, No. 6961, 6962, and 6963. It is requeſted of thoſe gentlemen concerned in the management of the ſaid lottery, to ſtop the payment of ſaid tickets. Whoever returns the pocket-book with its contents to me, or ſecures the thief, ſo as he or ſhe may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, from me MICHAEL LEE.

IT is propoſed to build a BRIDGE over the Weſt branch of Brandywine, on the provincial road from Lancaſter to Philadelphia; any perſons, being willing and deſirous to undertake the ſame, are requeſted to give their attendance at Caleb Way's Tavern, in Weſt-Caln, on the 21ſt day of March next, where the Commiſſioners, &c. have appointed to meet, in order to agree for the ſame. ¶ *Cheſter County, Feb. 28.*

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION in Motherkill Hundred, Kent county, on Delaware, containing about 500 acres of choice level arable land, about one half clear; the ground is all freſh, being lately improved, and produces excellent crops of wheat and corn, is well ſituated for church, meeting, either Quaker or Preſbyterian, and market, within two miles and a half of Draper's landing, on Jones's creek, 5 miles from the Bay, half a mile from a very good griſt-mill, 7 miles from Dover. There are on the premiſes, two good dwelling-houſes, two good barns, with other houſes neceſſary for two ſettlements, two young orchards; the plantation is in very good repair, being under excellent fence. Any perſon that purchaſes, paying one half, may have reaſonable time for the remainder. For terms, apply to Mr. John Prior, merchant, in Dover, or the ſubſcriber, near Queen's-Town, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland. HUGH NEILL. ¶

BE it known to all whom it may concern, that the owners of the marſh and meadow, on Anſiſcunk creek, propoſe to petition the honourable Aſſembly of the province of New-Jerſey, at their next meeting, for a law to impower the owners to erect ſuch water-works acroſs the ſaid creek, between the land of Samuel Clenſon, and the flood-gates of William Pullen, as they the ſaid owners ſhall think convenient, to keep the tide from flowing up the ſame. †

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from Change-water Forge, in Suſſex county, Weſt New-Jerſey, a certain DANIEL M'SHANE, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a blackiſh complexion; he has a black beard, is fond of ſtrong liquor, very quarrelſome when drunk; he ſtole from ſaid works a bay Mare, about 14½ hands high, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, goes very eaſy, paces, trots, and hand-gallops; he has taken with him, as is ſuppoſed, a certain woman, named ANN GRAZIOUS, who has lived with him as his wife. Any perſon or perſons that takes up the ſaid Daniel M'Shane, *and brings him to me the ſubſcriber, ſhall be paid the above reward, and reaſonable charges, by* JACOB STARN. *January 20, 1772.* ¶

RUN away, the 15th of February laſt, an indented ſervant man, named BARNY CANE, about 20 years of age, a ſhort thick ſet fellow, with black hair, and a pearl on his right eye, ſuppoſed to ariſe from the ſmall-pox; had on an old bearſkin coat and jacket, half-worn buckſkin breeches, new ſhoes, and milled ſtockings. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have him again, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS, paid by me RICHARD ROBINSON, living in Lombard-ſtreet, Philadelphia. §

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, in July laſt, a ſorrel coloured HORSE, with a ratch, or large blaze, two hind feet white, about 14 hands high, 10 or 12 years old, and paces and trots. The ſaid horſe has been advertiſed in divers places, in different townſhips. The owner is deſired to come and pay charges, and take him away. JAMES CRAWFORD, §4W.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of 800 acres of land, formerly known by the name of Gerrard's mill, well timbered, with a good ſaw-mill on the ſame, on an excellent ſtream of water, 5 miles from ſaid mill, to a good landing on Mantua-creek, ſituate in Greenwich townſhip, Glouceſter county, and province of Weſt New-Jerſey; being bounded by lands of Hannah Ladd, Michael Fiſher, junior, deceaſed, and others. For terms of ſale, and particulars, apply to DANIEL COZENS, in Glouceſter county, or JOSEPH SHINN, in Salem county. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WAS dropped, laſt Tueſday in the afternoon, in the town of Cheſter, between Mr. Cowpland's wharff and the houſe of Mrs. Withy, £42:2:6, in paper money, tied up in a ſheet of wrapping paper, among which were the following bills, viz. One new bill of Five Pounds, one ditto of Sixty Shillings, two ditto of Thirty Shillings, ſeveral ditto of Twenty Shillings each, and one remarkable blind bill of Five Shillings, all of Pennſylvania money. Alſo ſeveral bills of Six and Four Dollars, and one ditto of Two Thirds of a Dollar, which had two ſmall ſquare pieces paſted in the middle of it, of Maryland money. Whoever finds the ſaid ſum of money, and delivers it to Mrs. Withy in Cheſter, ſhall be entitled to the above reward; or ſhould any of the above deſcribed money be offered in change, or otherwiſe, to any perſons, they are requeſted to ſtop the ſame; and if the perſon ſo offering ſhall be convicted of ſecreting it, they ſhall receive the above reward. Feb. 29, 1772. ¶

SIXTY POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living on Little Pipe Creek, in Frederick county, Maryland, the 5 following ſervant men, viz. *Edward Rylot*, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, pale yellow countenance, ſtraight black hair, black eyes; he had one of his ancles put out of place, and very bad ſore ſhins, about 27 years of age. *John Pollard*, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, midling clear ſkin, down look, grey eyes, ſtraight brown hair, a large ſcar on his breaſt, which came by a ſcald, about 25 years old, a well ſet fellow. *John Biſſey*, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, bold faucy look, grey eyes, ſtraight black hair, and much pitted with the ſmall-pox; he is about 22 years of age. *William Norris*, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, a well ſet fellow, freſh countenance, pot belly, has a flat noſe, and ſtraight brown hair. *Henry Witmore*, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, a ſlim fellow, brown ſkin, freſh colour, black eyes, curled black hair. All the above ſervants had on under jackets of white linſey, breeches of white kerſey, white yarn ſtockings, country made ſhoes, the bottoms of which are well nailed, old felt hats; three had on old blue fearnought jackets, and two had on white kerſey jackets; they all had on coarſe country made ſhirts; they took with them a new felt hat, country cloth great coat, new grey bearſkin cloſe bodied coat, old white cotton ditto, old linen jacket; they alſo took five horſes, four waggon horſes, one black riding horſe, about 15 hands hands high, 3 years old, has a ſcar on his near ſide, with ſome white hairs, the 4 are ſhod all round; one is a black ſtallion, has ſome ſaddle ſpots, about 15 hands high, 11 years old, one large bright bay, about 15 hands and an half high, 10 years old, they both pace; one dark bay, about 14 hands high, 9 years old, branded N O. on the near buttock, one bright bay, 13 hands and an half high, 7 years old, they both trot. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervants, and horſes, ſhall be intitled to the above reward, under the following conditions, viz. for each and every horſe *Forty Shillings*, and for each and every man *Four Pounds*, if taken within one mile from home, and if taken within 100 miles from home *Forty Pounds*, if taken within 200 miles from home *Sixty Pounds*, as in proportion for each man and horſe.

N. B. The above reward to be paid if brought home to the ſubſcriber; but if ſecured in any goal, ſo that the owner gets them again, two thirds of the above reward ſhall be paid as above proportioned, by EDWARD STEVENSON. ‡

To be LETT, within eight Miles of Philadelphia, and entered into immediately,

A PLANTATION, of about 160 Acres of LAND, above 20 of which are watered meadow, and above 100 excellent Plow Land, a good Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſes, and Orchard thereon. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in the town of Salem, on Monday, the 13th inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant man, named WILLIAM HERROGAN, *who was imported in the year 1769, in the ſhip Earl of Donegall, Duncan Ferguſon, maſter; he is about 25 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, thick ſet, red hair, light grey eyes, broad face, a little pock-marked, ſores or blotches on the back of each hand; had on, and took with him, one greyiſh coloured cloth jacket, with cuffs to the ſleeves, lined with ſtriped lincey-woolſey, an old ſtriped lincey jacket under it, tow ſhirt and trowſers, patched on both knees, one pair of black and white yarn ſtockings, and one pair of blue and white ditto. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me*

Salem, Jan. 16, 1772. ¶ BENJAMIN DEBOW.

A PUBLIC SALE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, at Six o' Clock in the Evening of the 26th Inſtant, being the Fifth Day of the Week, of Part of the Real Eſtate of Benjamin Kendall, *viz.*

A Convenient well-finiſhed DWELLING-HOUSE, almoſt new, three Stories high, ſituate on the North-ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet, 24 Feet front, about 42 Feet deep, with commodious Back-buildings adjoining, good dry Cellars, and well-built Vaults under them, the Lot free of Ground-rent, is 90 Feet deep from Cheſtnut-ſtreet.

A HOUSE and LOT, contiguous to the above, ſituate at the North-eaſt Corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet and Third-ſtreet, with the Stables, &c. having been many Years a well accuſtomed Inn, (the ſign of the Croſs Keys) which now letts for £80 per Ann. the Houſe being 26 Feet front on Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and about 40 Feet on Third-ſtreet, and the Lot the ſame Depth as the above-mentioned.

And on the 30th Inſtant, being the Second Day of the Week, will alſo be expoſed to Sale, at public Vendue, at the ſame Place, at Seven o' Clock in the Evening,

Two Tracts of well-improved MEADOW GROUND, in Paſſyunk Townſhip, on Greenwich Iſland; one of them containing 14 Acres and three Quarters; the other ſix Acres and 12 Perches; diſtant about three Miles from the City.

Alſo a ſmall Tract of LAND, in the Townſhip of Moyamenſing, about eight Acres, with a convenient Brick Tenement, 50 Feet front, thereon erected, Part of the Inſide of which is unfiniſhed; likewiſe a Frame Barn, a Well of good Water and Pump, an Orchard, Garden, and other Improvements, about one Mile and an Half diſtant from the City.

Philadelphia, Second Month 27th, 1772.

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE

CHARLESTOWN PACKET,

SAMUEL WRIGHT,

MASTER,

Will ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and part of her cargoe now ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage, apply to JOSHUA CRESSON, WOOLMAN and PUSEY, or the Maſter on board, at Millnor and Hough's wharff.

N. B. Lignumvitæ, and mahogany, to be ſold. Enquire of *Woolman* and *Puſey*. ¶

New-Caſtle County, ſſ. *January 21, 1772.*

ON Friday, the 20th day of March next, will be expoſed to ſale, at public vendue, 78 acres of LAND, ſituate in Brandywine Hundred, in the county of New-Caſtle aforeſaid, bounded by the lands of Daniel M'Bride, Joſeph Pierce, James Bratten, and Joſeph Day; being part of the real eſtate of Thomas M'Cracken, deceaſed. Attendance will be given on the premiſes, by DANIEL M'BRIDE, Executor of the ſaid deceaſed, or his Attorney. *By order of the Orphan's Court,*

¶ R. M'WILLIAMS, Clerk of Orphan's Court.

Philadelphia, March 4, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

The BELSIZE ARABIAN,

AT 12 o' Clock, on Saturday, the 28th Inſtant, at the London Coffee-Houſe (if not ſold before at private Sale) he is healthful, and in good Order. For further Particulars, enquire of JOHN PERKINS, in Sixth-ſtreet. §

On the 20th day of March next, being the 6th day of the week, at ſix o' clock in the evening, will be expoſed to SALE, at the London Coffee-houſe (if not otherwiſe diſpoſed of within that time)

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, being the third houſe below the corner of Arch-ſtreet, containing in front 14 feet 6 inches, and in depth 80 feet, extending to an alley leading into Arch-ſtreet; the houſe commodious, being 40 feet in depth, the kitchen a brick building; the whole ſubject to a groundrent of 55s. per ann. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, before the above-mentioned day of ſale, may apply to JOHN DRINKER, nearly oppoſite the premiſes. *February 17, 1772.* 4W.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on the 25th day of March next, on the premiſes, if not ſold before at private ſale,

THAT valuable plantation, well known by the name of Breeze-Ridge, an exceeding pleaſant and healthy ſituation for a country ſeat, being in the townſhip of Northampton, and county of Burlington, about 17 miles from Philadelphia, and 3 from the town of Mount-holly, lying in the Forks of Rancocus Creek, adjoining both branches, and near the great road between Philadelphia and Mount-holly aforeſaid, containing about 500 acres of land, 80 whereof improved good meadow, under good bank, and about 20 acres more may be made, 150 acres of upland cleared, and in good fence, a good large dwelling-houſe, neatly finiſhed off, with two large kitchens, out-houſes, milk-houſe, cheeſe-houſe, and every conveniency ſuitable for a dairy, a pump of excellent good water at the door, with a large new barn, granary, ſtables, cow and waggon houſes, two bearing orchards of good fruit, and a large garden, paled in. The ſaid plantation will be ſold together, or in 2 or 3 parts, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, the meadow and upland lying convenient to be divided. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to Sarah Biſpham, *of the town of Haddonfield, or* John Hinchman, *Eſq; of the county of Glouceſter, or* John Biſpham, *of the town of Mount-holly, near the premiſes aforeſaid, for further particulars and conditions of ſale; the above being part of the real eſtate of Thomas Biſpham, late deceaſed, and to be ſold by* SARAH BISPHAM, *Executrix,* JOHN HINCHMAN, *and* JOHN BISPHAM, *Executors. Mount-holly, Feb. 3, 1772.* ¶ 10s.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 13th of MARCH, on the premiſes,

A PLANTATION, containing about 120 acres of land, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Delaware, in the Falls townſhip, Bucks county, between Bordentown and Trenton Ferries; late the property of Amos Shaw, deceaſed, whereon is a dwelling-houſe, barn, and other out-houſes, a good orchard, &c. The conditions to be made known on the day of ſale, by CATHERINE SHAW, and GEORGE BROWN, Execut. §

Bucks County, February 26, 1772.

WE, the Subſcribers, Aſſignees of ISAAC RICHARD, late of the Townſhip of Solebury, in the ſaid County, do requeſt all thoſe indebted to ſaid Richard, to diſcharge their reſpective debts; and alſo all thoſe who have any demands againſt him, are deſired to appear and bring their Accounts, properly atteſted, the 21ſt Day of March next, to the Dwelling-houſe of John Corryell, Innkeeper in the ſaid Townſhip; where Attendance will be given, and Dividend made of ſuch Effects as may be then in our Hands. JOHN ROSS, BENJAMIN PAXSON. ¶

ALL perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of GEORGE HOGELAND, late of Southampton townſhip, in the county of Bucks, deceaſed, either by bond, bill, or book debt, are deſired to bring in their accounts to the ſubſcriber, the 16th day of March next, to have them adjuſted; and all perſons who are indebted to ſaid eſtate, are deſired to pay the ſame, on or before that day, to prevent further trouble.

¶ DIRCK HOGELAND, Adminiſtrator.

PURSUANT to an order of Orphan's Court, on Third-day, the 17th day of March next, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, two contiguous tracts or pieces of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Blockley, in the county of Philadelphia, containing together the quantity of 65 acres; bounded by Cobb's creek, by land of Joſeph Lee, and Thomas Marſhall, land formerly of Daniel Hibberd, now of Thomas Muſgrove, land formerly of Samuel Jones, now of George Emlen, and land of John Nickinſon. And on Seventh-day, the 21ſt, will be expoſed to ſale, in like manner, on the premiſes, a certain other piece or lot of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Moyamenſing, in the ſaid county; bounded northeaſterly by Moyamenſing road, ſouth-eaſterly by land now or late of William Garwood, ſouth-weſterly by Second-ſtreet continued, beyond the city of Philadelphia, and north-weſterly by land now or late of Iſaac Jones; late the eſtate of Abraham Johnſon, deceaſed. The ſale to begin at 12 o' clock at noon. Attendance will be given at the time and place of ſale, by MARTHA JOHNSON, *and* BENJAMIN BONSALL, *Adminiſtrat.*

N. B. There are three acres and a half of good meadow on the ſaid land, next adjoining to Cobb's creek. ¶

Glouceſter, Weſt New-Jerſey, February 17, 1772.

PURSUANT to the Act of Aſſembly of the province of New-Jerſey, entituled, "an Act for the relief of inſolvent debtors," lately made and provided; this is to give notice to the creditors of JAMES MORFORD, now confined in Glouceſter goal, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, on the 19th day of March next, why an aſſignment of the ſaid James Morford's eſtate ſhould not be made to his creditors, and his body diſcharged from confinement. ¶

Glouceſter County.

WHEREAS HENRY DAVIS, and JOHN GEORGE DAVIS, languiſhing priſoners, now confined in the common goal of ſaid county for debt, do intend to apply to the Judges and Juſtices of the ſaid county, at the next Court of Common Pleas, to be held in and for the ſaid county, in order to crave the benefit of the Act of the General Aſſembly of the province of New-Jerſey, entituled "an act for the relief of inſolvent debtors:" If therefore any of the creditors of the ſaid Henry Davis, and John George Davis, or either of them, have any objection againſt the ſaid Henry Davis, and John George Davis, or either of them, why they ſhould not receive the benefit of the aforeſaid Act of General Aſſembly, they are deſired to appear at the Court aforeſaid, to alledge ſuch objections, if any they have. JOHN GEORGE DAVIS,

¶ HENRY DAVIS.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

March 19, 1772. NUMB. 2256.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

To the PRINTERS of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

By inſerting what follows in your next, you will oblige your conſtant Reader, A. B.

NEW-JERSEY.

BY the Conſtitution of this Province, and alſo by a Law paſſed in the Firſt of Geo. II. it appears, that the Repreſentatives in the two reſpective Diviſions of Eaſt and Weſt-Jerſey ought to be equal in Number---and it was for this Reaſon the Chooſing of two Members to repreſent the Town of Salem, in Weſt-Jerſey, as had been uſual, was ſuſpended by that Law, until an equal Number could be provided in the Eaſtern Diviſion, as a Counter Ballance. The Reaſon that then exiſted to induce Government to keep up ſaid Equality in each Diviſion ſtill exiſts, and ought undoubtedly to exiſt, at leaſt until a Seat of Government can be ſo fixed on as perhaps afterwards might render the keeping up ſaid Equality any longer unneceſſary, but not otherwiſe. And as now the three Counties of Morris, Cumberland and Suſſex, have Liberty to chooſe each two Members, to ſit and vote in the next and all ſucceeding Aſſemblies, this of courſe does not only throw a Majority in Weſt-Jerſey of Sixteen againſt Fourteen in the other, but alſo immediately deſtroys that Equality of Number, or Repreſentation.-----This Matter, therefore, ſeems to claim the immediate and particular Attention of the enſuing General Aſſembly, in order to provide for, and guard againſt, the Conſequences of this Innovation.

LONDON, *November* 28.

Extract of a letter from a merchant at Yarm to his correſpondent in town, by the laſt poſt.

IT is needleſs for me to tell you, you know the town of Yarm, that it lies upon the banks of the river Tees, whoſe courſe makes a peninſula of the place; conſequently expoſed on all ſides to the rapidity of its current. On Saturday morning laſt, about ſix o'clock, it began to rain here violently, and continued ſo all the day. Suſpecting that this might occaſion the water to riſe, the inhabitants who had property in the town ſecured it, as they thought, out of the reach of danger, by placing their goods beyond the mark of any preceding flood ever known at Yarm: Before one o'clock on Sunday morning the water came into both our parlours (although our houſe is nearly on a level with the higheſt in the place) and by half paſt three it entered into our bed-chambers. The darkneſs of the night, and the diſmal cries of the people in diſtreſs, at a diſtance, were exceedingly affecting; and the more ſo, as it was totally out of any one's power to aſſiſt or relieve them. Even our next door neighbours could neither relieve or be relieved. To this dark ſcene I may add, the horrid noiſe of the water roaring through the ſtreets, as if driving every thing along with it. After it had come into our upper rooms, it roſe but ſlowly; ſo that at ſix o'clock we found it (its greateſt height) above a foot deep in our chambers. We waited with anxiety for the morning light, which when it came, only increaſed our diſtreſs, although we thought our meaſure full. To deſcribe it, is in vain; for it was beyond deſcription. Some poor people, whoſe habitations were low, were ſitting naked, and almoſt ſtarved, on their houſes tops; their diſtreſs doubly augmented, by ſeeing all impoſſibility of relief: Others, who had exhauſted (but in vain) their utmoſt ſtrength, to break through the roofs of their dwellings, were ſtanding on chairs and tables, to their chin in the water, in their higheſt rooms, to ſave themſelves from drowning, expecting every moment to be ſwept away, together with the houſe they were in: And others again, who could mount no higher, at length fell victims to the water's force, in the ſight of their neighbours, their friends, their children; for many lives were loſt, and many houſes ſwept away. Some were indeed relieved by boats, which were brought in carts from Stockton, and which were employed in taking them from the tops of their houſes, and carrying them to places of ſafety. It was Monday morning before the water left us; and on meaſuring its height in the main ſtreet, we found it twelve feet, which exceeds the great flood in 1753 by near two yards. Many of the trading people, particularly the ſhopkeepers, are heavy ſufferers, and, I fear, ſome utterly ruined; the corn factors, butter-buyers, in ſhort, all ranks of people are either in poverty or diſtreſs, and many whole families in both; and what remains of the poor the water left behind, remained only to ſuffer a worſe death by hunger and cold, had it not been for the aſſiſtance of the neighbouring pariſhes, who have contributed towards their relief. More collections are going forward; and I am told a ſubſcription will be opened in London for the ſuffering traders, who have not known want, till now, in its extreme; it will do honour to your great city, becauſe the diſtreſs is not only great, but true; in which caſes you are known to exceed all the cities in the world for humanity, generoſity, and liberal bounty. We have no walls nor fences remaining; but what houſes are left ſtanding, ſtand, as it were, on a common, and open to all; and ſo is, indeed, our property within, for our doors and windows will not ſhut to ſhelter us from the cold. In ſhort, our loſſes are ſo univerſal, and ſo great, that no juſt eſtimation can be made. I am, &c. &c.

P. S. Our handſome church has loſt its pulpit, and otherways greatly ſuffered."

A letter from an officer on board his Majeſty's ſhip Active, Captain Peere Williams, bound for Barbados, dated at Ferrol, Oct. 15, ſays, "We arrived at this port the 7th inſt. with the loſs of our foremaſt, which happened the 30th ult. in a ſevere ſquall of wind. The Spaniards have behaved with the greateſt civility and politeneſs. As we could not be admitted into their Baſon, where the ſheer-hulk lies, without an order from their Court, they were ſo obliging as to raiſe a pair of ſheers on board one of their 74 gun ſhips; we hauled along ſide of her, and they got the ſtump of the old foremaſt out, and put a new one in. They have but two guard-ſhips here, and they are not rigged."

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be ſold by JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, *at his Printing-Office, in Third-ſtreet, oppoſite the Work-houſe,*

A JOURNAL of the Life, Travels, and Goſpel Labours of a faithful Miniſter of JESUS CHRIST,

DANIEL STANTON,

Late of Philadelphia, in the Province of Pennſylvania. ¶

RAPPEE SNUFF,

Freſh from EUROPE, and of the moſt eſteemed Sorts. A NEAT Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable for Spring Sale, to be ſold by the Subſcriber, at his Store, in Market-ſtreet, near Third-ſtreet.

Thoſ. JOHN GIBSON.

TO BE SOLD,

FOUR groundrents, iſſuing out of different LOTS, ſituated on Front and Second-ſtreets, near the Barracks, in the Northern Liberties, viz. one of Eighteen Pieces of Eight; one of Twenty Pieces of Eight; one of Ten Pieces of Eight; and one of Eight Pounds. The lots are well ſituate, and the rents ſufficiently ſecured. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, will pleaſe to apply to THOMAS BRADFORD, in Philadelphia, or SAMUEL LEECH, in Cheltenham townſhip, Philadelphia county. ‡

Philadelphia, March 13, 1772.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN CORREY, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to produce their accounts, properly atteſted, in order to their being ſettled, by JANE CORREY, Adminiſtratrix; GEORGE CORREY, ROBERT CORREY, ſenior, and JAMES READ, Adminiſtrators.

N. B. To be lett, a lot, containing 12 acres of meadow, with a barn and draw-well thereon, ſituated on the Lower Ferry road.---Alſo a commodious ſtable, in Church-alley. The ſkinning and breeches-making buſineſs is carried on as uſual, by *Robert Correy*, junior, at the late dwelling-houſe of the deceaſed, who will be much obliged to his father's former cuſtomers, and all others, for their orders in that way. ¶

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, the ſecond day of April next, at 4 o' clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes,

A COMMODIOUS new two ſtory framed houſe, in the diſtrict of Southwark, and now in tenure of Daniel Deſhman, oppoſite Mr. William Drewry's Rope-walk; the houſe is 17 feet by 25, has 12 ſaſh windows all glaized, 18 lights in each ſaſh; and likewiſe a ſhuffle-board houſe, with the board and pieces all new, 34 feet long by 11 wide. They are all to be moved off by the 15th of April next. For further particulars, enquire of JAMES BLACK. ¶

Lower Dublin, Third-month 16, 1772.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of DANIEL ASHBRIDGE, late of the townſhip of Benſalem, in the county of Bucks, and province of Pennſylvania, deceaſed, are deſired ſpeedily to pay their reſpective debts; and thoſe who have any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, properly proved, and they may receive what is due to them. ¶ HANNAH ASHBRIDGE, Adminiſtratrix.

HUGH FRAZER

TAKES this method to acquaint his cuſtomers in particular, and the public in general, that he has removed from where he lived, to the ſecond door above the ſign of the Coneſtogoe Waggon, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, and has a very large aſſortment of merchandize (the articles too tedious to mention) which he intends to ſell very cheap for caſh.

N. B. All perſons indebted to him, by bill, bond, or book debt, are once more requeſted to make ſpeedy payment, as they need not expect he will wait any longer. *March* 18, 1772. ¶

Imported in the Ship Hope, Captain Robinſon, from London, and other late veſſels from Britain, and to be ſold on the loweſt terms, for caſh, or ſhort credit, by

JAMES STUART,

In Second-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, a neat and general aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, conſiſting of

BROADCLOTHS, everlaſtings, ſaggathies, ſhaloons, calimancoes, durants, tammies, ſtriped tape, ſpotted and flowered bordered kenting handkerchiefs, a variety of check ditto, 7-8ths, 3-qr. and 6-qr. plain, ſpotted and flowered lawns and gauzes, white and brown Iriſh and Ruſſia ſheetings, 7-8ths and yd. wd. Iriſh linens, brown hollands, Scotch and German ozenbrigs, hoſiery, buckrams, calicoes, camblets, and croſs-barred ſtuffs, ſewing ſilks, ribbons, velverets, cambricks and lawns, ivory and horn combs, ſham-buck, bone and buck table knives, piſtol-capt, Barlow and common pen-knives, ſciſſars, razors, plated and gilt Duncomb and common metal and mohair buttons, a variety of ſhoe and knee buckles, ſpectacles, ſilver locket and common ſleeve buttons, ſnuff boxes, braſs and leather ink pots, powder and ſhot, frying pans, 8, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, needles and pins, bibles, teſtaments, ſpelling books, primers, ſermon books, with ſundry other articles, too tedious to mention.

N. B. He has alſo to diſpoſe of, a few cheſts and quarter cheſts of choice bohea tea. §

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, the Thirtieth of this inſtant MARCH, at one o' clock in the afternoon,

THAT VALUABLE FARM, whereon THOMAS BARNSLEY, Eſq; deceaſed, did live (ſold purſuant to the directions of his laſt will and teſtament) ſituate in the townſhip of Benſalem, and county of Bucks, at the head of the tide water, on Neſhaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, and about a quarter of a mile from Rodman's landing, on ſaid creek, where flour, wood, &c. are tranſported to Philadelphia, containing about 560 acres of excellent land, about one half cleared, and in good fence, near 60 acres of which are extraordinary good meadow, lately drained, and more may be made, the other half is fine timbered land; there is erected on ſaid farm, a new genteel houſe, of brick and ſtone, 56 feet and an half by 44, with a 13 feet entry through the whole, a black walnut ſtair caſe, 4 rooms on the lower floor, 6 rooms on the ſecond floor, and 3 garrets, all well finiſhed off, and painted laſt ſummer, extraordinary cellars under the houſe, alſo two large kitchens and ſtore-houſe, with a cellar under the ſtore-houſe, piazzas in the front of ſaid kitchens, chambers over the ſame for ſervants, and a well of good water at the kitchen door, a carpenter's ſhop, a brick ſmoke-houſe, ſixteen feet and an half ſquare, ſpring-houſe, with a flax and wool-houſe over it, two barns, one 66 feet by 33, a threſhing floor in the middle, and bays on each ſide, and good floors in them, and a granary over the threſhing floor; the other a ſmall barn, a threſhing floor, and cow houſes on each ſide, good ſtables, ſufficient to hold 30 horſes, and loſts over them, for hay, well floored, a commodious ſhed, coach-houſe, and poultry-houſe, 4 compleat barracks, ſtanding on ſills, with cedar tops, made laſt ſummer, two orchards, one an old one, of natural fruit, the other a young one, of 300 bearing trees, of the beſt grafted fruit; alſo is erected, in one corner of the farm, a good ſquare log-houſe, ſuitable for a tradeſman. Attendance will be given by WILLIAM ROBMAN, and GILBERT HICKS, Executors. ‖ 7/6.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold by JAMES ADAMS, *at his Printing-Office, in Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, the following Books, on the moſt important ſubjects*-----(The Fall and Riſe of Man) *viz.*

THE great Chriſtian Doctrine of Original SIN defended; Evidences of its *Truth* produced: And Arguments to the *contrary* anſwered. Containing, in particular, a Reply to the Objections and Arguings of Dr. *John Taylor* (and others) in his Book, intituled, "The Scripture-Doctrine of *Original Sin* propoſed to free and candid Examination," *&c.* By the late reverend and learned JONATHAN EDWARDS, A. M. Preſident of the College of *New-Jerſey*.

THE Harmony of the Divine Attributes, in the *Contrivance* and *Accompliſhment* of Man's Redemption, by the LORD *JESUS CHRIST*: Or, DISCOURSES, wherein is ſhewn, how the *wiſdom, mercy, juſtice, holineſs, power*, and *truth* of GOD, are *glorified* in that *great* and *bleſſed* work.

By WILLIAM BATES, D. D.

N. B. Subſcribers to the above works, eſpecially thoſe who have not *altogether* complied with the propoſals, are requeſted to be ſpeedy in calling for their copies; otherwiſe, as there are but few ſtruck over thoſe engaged, they may be diſappointed.

Where may be alſo had, a variety of other authors, on various ſubjects;---family, ſchool and pocket bibles, teſtaments, common-prayers, ſpelling-books and primers, writing-paper, account-books of all ſizes, ruled and unruled, Holman's ink-powder, red and black ſealing-wax, wafers, paſteboard;---the different kinds of blank bonds and bills, with and without judgment, apprentices indentures, powers of attorney, bills of lading, ſhipping bills, bills of ſale, *&c. &c. &c.* at the loweſt rates. *March* 12, 1772. ¶

To be SOLD, by way of public vendue, on Monday, the 30th of this inſt. March, at one o'clock in the afternoon,

A CERTAIN lot of land, ſituate in Germantown, joining Adam Haaſe, inn-keeper, at the ſign of the White Horſe; it has a beautiful front on the main ſtreet, and joins another ſtreet leading to George Donehouer's mill. This lot contains one acre and an half, and conſiſts of orchard, garden and meadow. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale, or at any time before by the ſubſcriber, living in ſaid town, who will ſhew ſaid lot to any perſon inclining to buy any time before ſaid ſale.

JACOB REES.

To be RENTED, or LETT on Shares, on reaſonable terms,

A GOOD merchant-mill and ſaw-mill, lately built, and all in good repair, having a great run of buſineſs, being ſeated in a good neighbourhood for country work, and in the fork of two public roads, which renders it very convenient on account of purchaſing wheat, there may be had with the ſame, as much or as little upland and good meadow, as may beſt ſuit the renter.

There is likewiſe a large plantation, joining ſaid mills, to be rented alſo, with a good brick dwelling-houſe on the ſame, with other out-houſes; there are on ſaid place a large quantity of good meadow, plow-land, and orcharding; the whole being exceeding well watered, and in a wholeſome part of the country, being ſituate in Weſt Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county. Any perſon or perſons inclining to deal for the ſame, for terms may apply to ANDREW MOORE, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, and within about 4 miles of ſaid place and mills. †

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, of about 500 acres, in Motherkill Hundred, Kent county, on Delaware, 7 miles from Dover, 2 miles from Draper's landing, well ſituated for church, Preſbyterian, or Quaker meetings, very convenient for mill, there being two within a mile. The plantation is divided into two ſettlements, with a dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, orchard, &c. on each, and may very well ſuit two families. The improved part is freſh, being all lately cleared; the ſoil is excellent for wheat or corn, and would bring good tobacco, were any one to purchaſe who underſtands the raiſing of it. The whole farm is level, and not an acre but what is arable. For terms, apply to Mr. John Prior, merchant, in Dover, or the ſubſcriber, near Queen's-Town, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland.

March 9, 1772. HUGH NEILL. ‖ 10 *W.*

CAME to the plantation of Jacob Falkenſtein, on Penroſe's-Iſland, in Paſſyunk townſhip, on the 27th day of November laſt, a ſorrel HORSE, between 13 and 14 hands high, was ſhod on his fore feet. The owner is deſired to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

¶ JACOB FALKENSTEIN.

Philadelphia, March 19, 1772.

To be LETT for a TERM of YEARS,

THE noted FOUNTAIN INN, in Front-ſtreet, Southwark, being a two ſtory houſe, well finiſhed, good kitchen and waſh-houſe, with a deep commodious cellar under the whole, a two ſtory back tenement, ſuitable to entertain the beſt of company, with a large garden, a well finiſhed ſtable to accommodate 20 horſes, with a hay-loft over it, that will contain 15 or 20 tons of hay. Alſo a good two ſtory tenement adjoining, fit for a private family, or for a ſtore, a large yard and alley, and pump at the kitchen door. For terms, apply to ¶ EDWARD BARRET.

B. B. Said *Barret* has for ſale, a quantity of the beſt clover hay, timothy and blue graſs hay, of the firſt and ſecond crops; neats foot oil, ſalt petre dried tongues, cured in the beſt manner, a quantity of liquors of all ſorts, of the beſt quality.

To be RENTED,

and may be entered on immediately,

THE Lower Ferry, Cæcil county, Sasquehanna river, commonly called Harriſon's Ferry, with about 80 acres of good land, on which is a very good new ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, 40 feet by 36 feet, conveniently divided with a partition, well and ſtable, and every thing neceſſary and ſuitable will be made. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, near the Ferry. To ſave trouble, no perſon need apply, without a good recommendation to

4 W. SAMUEL THOMAS.

N. B. Hay and oats are provided for the ſeaſon. A new BOAT and SAIL will be ready.

THE Creditors of SHRIBER and BROWN, are deſired to call on WILLIAM MOORE, Merchant, in Front-ſtreet, to receive a Dividend of the Monies that have come to the Hands of the Aſſignees.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

ZENO's *Answer to* JUNIUS's *Letter of* October 5, 1771, *published in Number* 2245 *of this Paper.*

To JUNIUS,

Alias EDMUND, *the* JESUIT *of* ST. OMERS.

SIR,

YOUR Letter of the 5th, is a greater miracle than any you have hitherto produced. I do not mean in its argument, language, and arrangement. In these particulars you have been invested with a creative power; and whatever you are pleased to bring forth, is not for us to *approve*, but to *admire*. But, Sir, your letter of the 5th, is not written in the single spirit of calumny; you have now turned the efforts which formerly were exerted in creating divisions among the *good*, to cement those which never fail to arise amongst the *bad*.---I have no objection to your success in this undertaking.---Let the *Fathers of* YOUR *Church*, and the Sons of the City unite.----Let them club their *arts* and their *powers*.---Let *Wilkes* enjoy his *fertility in expedients*, he will have need for it all.---But neither that fertility, the *republican firmness* of *Sawbridge*; no, nor the *youth*, *spirit*, *and graces of Townsend*, will avail to overturn the Constitution, or even procure to them, or to you, the ultimate object of your desires---a little money.

Yet, Sir, why, in a Letter professedly written to reconcile the Patriots of the City, do you make a digression to abuse Lord Mansfield? Is it because of the diametrical opposition of *his* character to *theirs*? Certainly it must be so; and *Junius* is less a fool than I believed him. Nothing more likely to reconcile rogues, who rail at each other, than railing at honest men. If your *dogs* are of the true breed, they will leave off worrying one another, and join in the cry against the common enemy.

It is on the subject of this abuse that I take the liberty to address the mighty *Junius*.

This *Phœnix* of *Politicians* and of *Reasoners* tells the public, that "he never had a doubt about the strict right of pressing, till he knew Lord Mansfield was of the same opinion." *That* indeed *staggered him not a little*; and to be sure it was a staggering consideration. For who is to learn that Lord Mansfield is utterly ignorant of the law; and that his judgment is avowedly so weak and perverse, that a wise Politician (I mean so very wise a Politician as *Junius*) will examine no further, but at once conclude, *that* proposition in law to be *false*, which Lord Mansfield holds to be *true*?

Sir, when you are only puerile, blundering, inconsistent, and absurd, I treat you as you deserve, with ridicule and contempt. But when you assert positive falsehoods, the mildest usage you can expect, is to have them crammed down the foul throat from which they issued. Of this nature are the questions you make, and the answers you are pleased to give to yourself, in relation to Lord Mansfield. So many *infamous lies* as these answers contain, were never crowded together before---not even by *Junius*. You insinuate (and you dare but insinuate) that Lord Mansfield was the *secret* adviser of sending out the guards when the affair of St. George's Fields happened; that his Lordship was in any shape, *ostensibly* or otherwise, concerned in that matter; that he knew of it till days after it happened, is a *lie of the first magnitude*; and I dare you to bring even the shadow of proof of your infamous assertion.

It is also a *lie*, that Lord Mansfield attacks the liberty of the press. He has endeavoured, indeed, by legal and constitutional methods, to restrain the *abuse* of that *liberty*; and in doing so he has shewn himself a good Citizen. Are you a Politician, and ignorant that the abuse of the best things makes them degenerate into the worst? Are you a pretender to reason, and ignorant that the abuse of a valuable privilege is the certain means to lose it? Are not *you* a public defamer of every respectable character in the nation? Have not *you* carried the *licence* of the *press* beyond the bounds not only of decency and humanity, but even of human conception? And dare you complain that its *liberty* is attacked? Your reliance on the ignorance of those to whom you write must be great indeed, when you dare affirm a *fact*, which is contradicted and proved a *lie* by the very affirmation of its truth.

Nor is it less *false*, that Lord Mansfield invades the *constitutional power of Juries*. All who are able to form a judgment on a question of law know that Lord Mansfield's opinion, with respect to the power of Juries, is no less the law of the land, than the advantage of the subject.

Your question, relating to Lord Mansfield's challenging a Juryman, I confess I do not understand. Neither do I know to what it alludes. A charge of that nature ought to have been accompanied with circumstances of time, place, and occasion. When, where, and on what account was this done? Answer me these questions, and I pledge myself to the public, that I shall prove, to the conviction of every reasonable man, that if it was so done, it was legally done.

Your next accusation shews you no less void of judgment and consistency, than of justice and truth. You accuse Lord Mansfield to the public, for saying a Lord is entitled to no greater damages in a suit for debauching his wife, than a Mechanic. Lord Mansfield did say, that in an action of damages for Criminal Conversation, the law did not consider the rank of the *person injured*. And in this he uttered not only the dictates of law, but the dictates of common sense and humanity, neither of which you seem to understand. Had Lord Mansfield said, that the law did not consider the rank of the *injuring person*, it might have been argued that he meant to screen the King's brother. But the difference between light and darkness is not greater than between this proposition and the proposition he maintained. None but an Irish understanding could possibly take the change, or suppose them *convertible propositions*. But can you, *Junius*, seriously make your court to the people, by telling them there is a wide difference between the crime of debauching the wife of a Lord, and one of their own? You were bred at St. Omers. You were destined for *a church*, not that, indeed, of which *Saville*, &c. *are the fathers*; but, however, a church which requires some reading. Reading the Scriptures, it is true, is forbid by your Canons; but surely you have heard of the Prophet *Nathan*'s Address to *David*, on a subject of this nature. The Prophet, worse than Lord Mansfield, thought that debauching the wife of a poor man, was a greater crime than debauching the wife of a Lord. For this plain and humane reason, that a poor man's wife was his all, his only comfort and consolation; whereas a rich man had many others. Yet *Junius*, the popular *Junius*, tells the people plainly, that debauching one of their wives is nothing in comparison of laying with a Lord's; and arraigns the upright and discerning Judge, who says, that the injury to the husband is in both cases equal.

Who makes Commissioners of the Great Seal? Lord Mansfield.---Indeed!---I thought that power had only resided in the King. To see how plain men may mistake! If you, *Junius*, by *making Commissioners* mean, *advising* the King to make Commissioners, I understand you. The expression is rather inaccurate, but *that* one is often obliged to pass over in *Junius*. In my turn give me leave to ask you a question. Who so proper to advise his Majesty in the choice of a Law Officer as Lord Mansfield?

But Lord Mansfield not only *made* the Commissioners of the Great Seal; he also framed their decree, and then disavowed the decree of his own framing in the House of Peers. This is an absurd and an improbable *lie*. It is absurd and improbable to suppose Lord Mansfield framed a decree for three Judges, very capable to frame one themselves. It is more absurd to suppose Lord Mansfield would disavow the decree, which he himself had made, in the presence of the three Commissioners for whom he had made it, and who could so easily have detected his duplicity. And it is a direct and public *lie*, that Lord Mansfield said *he never had a doubt that the Law was in direct opposition to that decree*. He did *not* give an opinion in the House of Peers. He only stated the question; and the decree was reversed on the unanimous opinion of the eight Judges who attended. For the truth of this I appeal to all who were present.

The last charge of *Junius* represents Lord Mansfield making it his study to undermine and alter the whole system of jurisprudence in the King's Bench. One would scarcely believe that there could be an understanding so twisted, or a heart so corruptly malignant, as to make *that* an article of accusation, which, fairly taken, includes in it the most exalted merit and virtue. If there be a superlatively eminent quality in Lord Mansfield's great and deserved character, it is the unremitting and unwearied efforts he constantly has made, to rescue injured and oppressed innocence from the harpy fangs of *chicane* and quibble. The nation does him justice in this particular: And all the arts and lies, that have been employed to defame him, have never been able to stagger the public confidence in his judgment and integrity. The proof of this is in the breast of every man to whom I write; and the croud of Suitors in the Court where he presides, gives the most honourable testimony to the truth which I affirm, and the most palpable lie to the assertion of the abandoned *Junius*.

And now, Sir, having answered all your questions, you are worth no further notice. I shall in my turn address a few queries to the public; and I am sorry that the temper of the times should oblige me to recal to their memory things, which ought to be indelibly engraven on the heart of every Englishman.

By whose advice was it that his Majesty, immediately on his accession to the Throne, made the Judges places for life, thereby rendering them independent on King or Minister? *Lord Mansfield*. When Lord Chatham and Lord Camden attempted to revive the impious and unconstitutional doctrine of a power in the Crown to dispense with the Laws of the Land (which was precisely the point on which the glorious Revolution *hinged*, and the doctrine for maintaining of which James II. lost his Crown) *who* stood in the breach, and with eloquence and argument, more than human, defeated the pernicious attempt? *Lord Mansfield*.---Who supported and carried through the House of Peers the Bill called the *Nullum Tempus* Bill. That law by which the minds of the people were quieted against apprehension of claims on the part of the Crown? *Lord Mansfield*.---To whom do we owe the success of the Bill for restraining the privilege of Parliament, of such essential service to the internal commerce of the nation, and especially to that part of it which could least afford to lie under any disadvantage, the industrious Shop-keeper and Tradesman? *Lord Mansfield*.---Who carried Mr. Grenville's last legacy to the nation through the House of Peers; that Bill, by which questions of Elections in the House of Commons are henceforth to be tried in a manner, which will prevent the injustice supposed to have been done in the Middlesex Election, and guard against the bad consequences which it was feared might follow from that determination? *Lord Mansfield*.

I might add many other Constitutional questions, in which Lord Mansfield has ever been on the side of public liberty. But, if what I have already said be not sufficient to vindicate the first character in the nation from the false aspersions of an unprincipled Scribbler, I am bold to say, that the time is now arrived, when it is unworthy of an honest man to labour for the public; and the character of an Englishman, once so respectable, will no longer be known but by its folly and ingratitude. ZENO.

To his GRACE *the* DUKE *of* GRAFTON.

ONCE more, my Lord, accept the accustomed homage; an homage you have successfully laboured to deserve, and which the impartial justice of Junius never has refused you. You will not say that these addresses are disagreeable to you; you will not deny that you have ever listened to their perusal, with gestures expressive of the most contemptuous satisfaction. That you have continually proposed them, as proper subjects of their mirth to the sycophants that surround you: And that they are become marvellously assistant in the entertainment of your acquaintance.---Return thanks to the powers above, that your Grace's character supplies *an inexhaustible fund of humour*; return thanks to the hand that hath so liberally assisted you in the enjoyment of their bounties; and among the constant purveyors of your convivial pleasures, rank foremost---Junius. To the generality of the wretched instruments of arbitrary power, the titles of traitors to their country, of deserters of their King, would convey no satisfaction. They would curse the head that attempted to unveil the black series of their transactions, and be happy when the memory of their crimes should be forgotten.---The Duke of Grafton is no common villain. To him the cries of his injured country, the imprecations of a people, whose dearest rights he has laboured to destroy, are but as the amusements of an idle hour, as ingredients necessary to the enjoyment of a jovial evening. He prides himself in the palm of meanness, and is pleased in being distinguished as the first of traitors. The miscreant tribe that attend and participate his crimes, maintain a listless neutrality in the œconomy of their features, unknowing what character to assume. They are incapable, my Lord, of conceiving you in earnest, when you glory that your villainies are known to those your villainies have injured, and smile exulting over the page that records the history of your oppressions; when you bid them ridicule the miseries of their country, and divert themselves with the accusations of its defenders---Accusations, whose justice you will not attempt to controvert, for you are conscious they cannot be refuted. The unprejudiced part of mankind almost doubt the possible existence of this phænomenon of vice and folly, this equivocal complication of meanness and insensibility. The companions of your former fame look with amazement on this last stretch of excellence---Even Fox and Rigby own you have outdone them.

Let me confess myself unfeignedly grieved, that affairs of more importance now demand my attention: Let me hope your Grace's candid allowance, should I for the future be less assiduously frequent in my applications to you, than I have been. The unhappy spirit of inactivity and disunion, at present so fatally prevalent among the friends of liberty, calls for every effort of every well-wisher to his country; and I am driven to consume, in vigorous attempts to impede the progress of this growing malady, those hours of business I would cheerfully dedicate to your Grace's entertainment. Yet I cannot take my leave of you, while even the least considerate of my countrymen think themselves justified in imagining I have treated you unfairly.---And as among the numerous, and important charges I have offered to the public, the last, and least significant, has met with the most violent and continued opposition, permit me to return to the affair of Whittlebury forest.

Various, trifling, and inconsistent, are the apologies your Grace's conduct has occasioned---I will expose them in order to the impartial eye of the public, conscious that their appearance will be their best confutation. I will rest it with my fellow-citizens to determine, with what degree of justice their authors have asserted, that Junius has been convicted of premeditated falsehood, or his most material accusations proved palpably erroneous.

A part of your ingenious defendants declaim with vehemence against the invasion of your hereditary right to the underwood.---They inform us that you have *meritoriously* postponed the repairs of our navy, and the most consequential interests of your country, to the preservation of---a few *nut bushes*!---They assure us, that your remissness in forwarding manœuvres, concerted for the advantage of the former, proceeded entirely from your fears of the *temporary* inconvenience the latter might sustain. Must we accept of this as an apology for your behaviour? Will you, my Lord, consider these men as your friends, who, in their defence of your conduct, ascribe to you more folly, more meanness and depravity, than the accusations of Junius ever supposed you possessed of? We are informed from another hand, "that the preservation of the succession of young trees is a great national concern." We assent to the justice of this observation; but it has not as yet been proved in what manner, by the execution of the surveyor's warrant, this succession would have been endangered.---For surely these men will not attempt to persuade us, that a sufficient number of plants could not have been with ease removed from beneath the falling trees, without occasioning the destruction even of the *bushes*, your Grace appears so solicitous to preserve. But Philalethes tells us, your Grace is become of a sudden uncommonly charitable; and that your tender anxiety for the interests of the poor was the real reason of your conduct.--He insists, that by the felling of the timber, the poor would lose their right of commonage. Must we take Philalethes's word for this assertion, or may we beg a proof? For surely to vulgar apprehensions it would appear, that if the young trees are transplanted, the underwood need not be lopped, nor of consequence the coppices fenced in. The cattle of the poor would find little inconvenience in being obliged to feed upon the trees; your Grace's new-born charity would not be pained by the damages they might sustain, and, in the end, your---*nut bushes* would be the only sufferers.

To the same hand we are indebted for another piece of intelligence.---That the bark, which is a material article in May, is in July and August absolutely worthless. Let us agree with him, that the difference of the seasons would create some difference in the value of this commodity; let us even suppose that by this proceeding the profits of this *material* article would be entirely lost.---Is no regard then to be paid to the pressing distresses of the British navy? Is it of no consequence that those bulwarks, on whom our safety against foreign invasions alone depends, should not remain another year in their present ruinous condition? Philalethes's maxim is of more universal import than he himself seems to be aware of.---It affects not only the plantations in dispute, but every Royal forest in the kingdom. If a trifling difference in the value of the bark, or even the entire loss of that commodity, must be considered as of such ridiculous importance, till the return of the season, no timber throughout England can be felled. And while the naval strength of our natural enemies is, by their industry, continually increasing, our coasts must become every day more defenceless. He tells us the Lords of the Treasury issued not the warrant, without expecting that due regard would be paid to the circumstances attendant on its execution.---Does he by this mean to insist that, moved by just representations of the ruinous condition of the English navy, they issued a warrant *requiring immediate execution*, with an intention, that if it should prove agreeable to the Duke of Grafton, the trees might be felled in another year? Surely I may be excused in calling this reasoning trifling, and inconclusive; surely this ludicrous parade of impolitic œconomy, is but a lame apology for your Grace's conduct.

The remainder of your partisans seem conscious of the weakness of these arguments, and rest all hopes of palliation, or excuse, upon a different ground; to which, as it is the only plea in your Grace's favour I have not already considered, I shall now proceed.

We are assured by these men, that the insolence of the deputy was the sole cause of your extraordinary behaviour--That not the warrant itself, but some trivial circumstances attending its execution, were the objects of your resentment. If we even suppose that to be the case, if we allow you to have some plea for wreaking your vengence on the man, whose impoliteness had displeased you, why was it not confined to him? In what had your country offended you, that the oaks still keep their ground, and its naval strength still remains decaying, and unrepaired? When the unhappy victim of your malice had severely suffered, under pretence of a different misdemeanor, for an *imaginary* offence to you, why were not the orders he received carried with more decorum into execution? Considering your boasted cares for the welfare of your country, considering the place you hold in the confidence of your *respected* Sovereign, had every one else declined assisting the execution of a warrant so necessary, we could not sure have expected it of you! What but your own interest rendering you deaf, and insensible to every call of virtue and of honour; what but the precise truth of the circumstances Junius has related, could be the cause of this extraordinary delay?

To say after this, that the arguments in your Grace's favour are absurd, inconsistent, and improbable, would be unnecessary. It would be but to anticipate the unavoidable conclusions of every friend of candour, of every well-wisher to his country. But to remove all possibility of subterfuge and evasion, to preclude every possible impeachment of my candour and impartiality,---let us for once suppose them granted in their full force; let us suppose premediated malice a palliation of injustice, and ludicrous attempts after ratiocination, sufficient apologies for your Grace's *wary tardiness* in the service of your country. What is it they will prove? That there were some minute particulars, with which it was impossible for Junius to be acquainted; that your Grace's conduct in this affair had been more exquisitely ridiculous, more thoroughly detestable, than even Junius had conceived it.

Of my most material accusations, your ingenious apologists have not even attempted a confutation. As they remain unrefuted, accept a repetition of them unretracted. Exult in the Remembrance, that pleading the inadvertent omission of a *form*, you have maliciously ruined an honest man and his family; that a declaration, on which you have rested your honour, has been proved to be a *lie*. The witnesses of these facts have been so numerous and respectable, that anonymous assertions can weigh little on either side; and when your *personal* denial shall have been as public as your commission of them, proof shall not be wanting of your guilt.

As to what more particularly concerns myself, I am confident that my countrymen, who have known me ever vigilant in the defence of liberty, will not easily believe the invidious assertions of her enemies.

They are well acquainted with the fertility of your Grace's character. They have not so mean an opinion of my understanding, as to imagine, that I would risque my credit with them, by the invention of falsehoods, when they know that I cannot make you more ridiculous and detestable, than by painting you as you are. They will not think me so absurdly obstinate, as to continue to defend an inadvertency, when the world in general must be convinced of my error. It would not be my interest to do it. The candid and penetrating will believe me when I declare, that sensible of the uncertainty of all human evidence, I shall not unwillingly retract, where I have erred without intention; nor be backward to remedy, by a proper recantation, the evils a too hasty judgment might otherwise occasion. Let me leave my countrymen less ignorant of their real interests, and I shall not anxiously solicit the reputation of infallibility; let me but arrive at truth in matters of this importance, and I care not through what channels I receive her, I shall neither be ungrateful for the assistance of the friends of liberty, nor deaf to the information of her enemies. Every hint on subjects so interesting, shall receive its due consideration; and to him who deserves an answer, it shall not be refused.

After such professions of impartiality; after the many proofs of my candour your Grace has already experienced, you will not fear my being hereafter unjust alone to you.---You have formed a design, worthy of the peculiarity of your talents. Your prudence in the choice of your colleagues has been exemplary. Your *amiable* Sovereign seems at length to be blessed in the possession of what he hath so long in vain required; servants whose *patriotism* his measures would not offend, whose intrepid villainy their consequences could not discourage. While the court, that den of slavery, rings with eulogiums on *ministerial firmness*, think not that Junius is blind to your merits. Think not that he will ever deny a plaudit to the qualifications, that have raised you to the place you hold in the confidence of the Sovereign, and the *esteem* of the people---To that amazing strength of understanding, that hath rendered you too well acquainted with the commands of reason ever by mistake to act according to her dictates; too knowing in the paths of virtue, ever to blunder into the right.---To that exquisite policy that hath hitherto preserved you from shame and destruction; that hath shewn you at once too seriously detestable to be laughed at, and too despicably ridiculous to be detested.---The fabulous legends of pious anchorites pretend not to an unremitted observance of the duties of religion; you alone can boast an unerring continuance in the paths of infamy. No solitary virtue hath sullied the glories of your career, nor hath your anxious attention to the ruin of your country ever known an intermission. Greatness like this will not lose its reward. England will hereafter triumph in having produced the worst of men, and St. North, St. Sandwich, St. Mansfield, and St. Grafton, cannot fail of canonization, from every votary of the infernal deity their actions evidently worship. JUNIUS.

LONDON.

Dec. 7. They write from Carlisle, that there are about 30 villages, as they call them, which consist of 4 or 5 houses together, destroyed by the breaking of the Solway Moss.

During his Majesty's residence at Richmond last summer, he frequently observed an old grey-headed man at work in the garden, and asked him one day, how long he had been employed there? To which he replied, from his childhood. His Majesty on enquiring

finding his character good, ſettled an annuity of 20l. per annum on him for his life, with the liberty of continuing his place as before.

We hear that ſome freſh inſtructions are preparing to be ſent to his Majeſty's Conſuls at the different trading ports of Italy, on the ſubject of ſome commercial regulations intended to be introduced as ſoon as poſſible.

Advices are received, that the Hon. Mr. Hodges, Governor of Bombay, died at the Caſtle, on the 19th of February laſt; and that the Hon. Mr. Hornby ſucceeds him.---The ſame advices add, that a ſmall expedition had been embarked againſt the Cooleys, which proved ſucceſsful. The number of our troops amounted only to thirty killed and wounded; amongſt the wounded was Col. Robert Key, who was ſhot through the belly; but there were great hopes of his recovery.

A correſpondent, verſed in the law, is of opinion, that if the D. of C. was married in Great-Britain to Mrs. H. by a licence, *not firſt confirmed* by his Majeſty, as *ſpecially enacted* by a ſtatute of 25 Hen. VIII. ſuch marriage is an abſolute nullity, and the children, proceeding and procreate under ſuch unlawful marriage, will be illegitimate, and not capable of inheriting the C---n of Great-Britain. If, on the contrary, his R---l H-----ſs was married in France, but not in the Engliſh Ambaſſador's chapel *there*, nor by the chaplain, or other church of England clergyman, duly authoriſed by ſuch Ambaſſador, ſuch marriage is alſo an abſolute nullity, and involved in all the diſabilities abovementioned.

A nobleman, well known, no leſs for his great humanity than his great underſtanding, yeſterday reading a news-paper, containing a variety of ſilly actions attributed to a certain royal Duke, exclaimed, "that the poor boy had real faults enough to anſwer for, without the exertion of ridicule to ruin him more effectually in the opinion of the public."

Dec. 10. We can aſſure the public, from undoubted authority, that the King of Pruſſia has already advanced the Empreſs of Ruſſia four millions of rubles, all which were coined very ſecretly at Magdeburgh, for the uſe of the Ruſſian army in Poland, Moldavia, and Walachia; the ſum is very near 800,000l. ſterling. From this loan of the King of Pruſſia it appears, that he will, in a ſecret treaty, have ſecured to himſelf ſome important acquiſition on the ſide of Poland; as it is well known, that this great Prince never was uſed to throw his money away.

A foreign Miniſter, much intereſted in the event of the preſent negotiation between the Courts of London and Madrid, lately ſpeaking on that ſubject, expreſſed himſelf thus.---"It is ſurprizing, when three things are conſidered, that paſſion of the Engliſh nation for quarrelling with their neighbours ſhould be ſo predominant; in the firſt place (continued his Excellency) the eſtates of the landholder muſt be heavily taxed; in the ſecond place, the trade of the merchant muſt be interrupted; and in the third place, the commonalty muſt be torn from their families to ſerve on board the public fleets. Yet ſtill the people of England continually roar for war, and, if they have not a common enemy, are ready for a civil war among themſelves."

By authentic accounts from China we are aſſured, that the Emperor of that country has, at the inſtance of the Engliſh ſuper-cargoes, diſſolved the Cohong, or Company of Merchants, at Canton, who had the direction of the Chineſe commerce, and the excluſive privilege of trading with the Europeans.

Six proceſſes have been begun at Doctor's Commons within this fortnight, by perſons of diſtinction againſt their wives, on the ſubject of *crim. con.* Theſe, with the others already inſtituted, make up the number thirty.

On Thurſday laſt as a young couple were going to be married, at a church weſt of Temple-bar, a well-dreſſed young woman, with a child in her arms, gave the parſon a note into his hand, which he ſoon delivered the intended bridegroom, who was ſo confounded at the contents, that he ran out of the church without ſpeaking a word.

We hear from Darlington, that at Croft, during the flood, there was a very affecting ſcene between a man and his wife, who, when they were forced to the top of their houſe, the under part being all under water, and only ſome of the upper part left ſtanding, they clung by the rigging-tree a long time; but at laſt the old woman, being no longer able to bear herſelf up, took leave of her huſband, and dropt down: On which the huſband, out of laſting affection, replied, "No, my dear, as we have lived 40 years happily together, ſo let us die in peace and love;" and inſtantly leaving his hold, reſigned himſelf to the will of Providence. It happened, however, that the upper floor of the houſe was left ſtanding, and they were luckily ſaved thereon, the water having ſubſided.

Dec. 12. Yeſterday, after the levee, Edward Le Grand, Eſq; reſigned his office of Treaſurer to his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland. It is expected all the officers of the houſhold of this diſgraced Prince will do the ſame in a few days.

Some letters from Sileſia ſay, that the King of Pruſſia had put a body of troops in motion, with which he was marching towards Saxony.

Dec. 17. We are favoured with the following intelligence from our correſpondent at Genoa---Letters from Madrid ſpeak of nothing but the arrival and departure of the different couriers belonging to that Court, France, and England, and frequent councils held by the Spaniſh adminiſtration. Extraordinary levies and armaments have been continued for upwards of a year, and as they are reſumed at preſent with the greateſt vigour, it furniſhes matter for ſpeculation and ſurprize. It is ſaid, that if peace be not concluded this winter between the Ruſſians and the Turks, the war will become general; in which caſe Auſtria will ſide with the Turks, and of conſequence France and Spain will do the ſame: England therefore will be obliged to aſſiſt Ruſſia.

Dec. 19. It was Miſs Flood, ſiſter to the Iriſh patriot of that name, *and not an Italian Lady*, as mentioned lately in the papers, to whom the D--- of Y--- was married.

Miſs Flood, who is at preſent ſtiled, by her friends and intimate acquaintances, D-----ſs of Y---, has been preſſed by the K--g's friends to marry, accompanied with a promiſe of beſtowing a very lucrative employment on whomſoever ſhe may chuſe to honour with her hand.

Dec. 21. A great puſh, it is ſaid, will be made for the diſſolution of a late marriage, notwithſtanding the firſt lawyers in the kingdom have pronounced in favour of its validity: However we have had certain proof that a H---e of C-----s can do what they pleaſe with this country, for an example of which we need not look farther back than the Middleſex election.

Yeſterday a gentleman at the Change laid five guineas to one, that preſs warrants would be iſſued within a fortnight.

Orders are ſent to Scotland to raiſe immediately a number of men for his Majeſty's ſervice, who are to be ſent abroad, but to what part is not known.

The powder-mills within twenty miles of London have orders to work on Sundays.

The Earl of Chatham, and Earl Temple, we hear, have abſolutely agreed to the terms propoſed to them.

Lord North, by the new meaſures with the two noble brothers (if the report of thoſe meaſures are really to be depended upon) is not to remove from his preſent department, nor is Lord Sandwich: In the reſt of the miniſterial arrangements, it is ſaid, there will be a very conſiderable change.

It is ſaid that a diſcovery of a Dutcheſs of York, which ſeems to gain much credit, has created a great conſternation among the Luttrells, and damps the hopes which the account of the Dutcheſs of Cumberland's pregnancy had given to that aſpiring family.

BOSTON, *February* 27.

The reigning toaſt is, "*The late ſpirited Grand Jury for Suffolk, who had their country's honour and intereſt at heart.*"

Captain Shout, from Cadiz, arrived at Cape-Anne, on Monday, January 27th, in Lat. 22: 38 N. Long. 46: 40 W. ſpoke the Ship Glory, Jonathan Webſter, Maſter, from Liverpool, bound to Virginia, but meeting with bad Weather, and ſhort of Water, of which he ſpared him ſome, was then bound for Antigua.

Capt. Brown, from Briſtol, on the 4th of December, ſpoke a Brig, Crowell Hatch, Maſter, from Virginia, bound to London.

NEW-YORK, *March* 9.

The Buoy that was lately carried away from the South Weſt Spit of the Eaſt Bank, by the Ice, was found laſt Week on the South Side of Long-Iſland, with the Anchor and Chain to which it was fixed, and is again placed near where it was formerly.

We hear from the Manor of Livingſton, that Mr. Juſtice Livingſton is re-elected; that the freeholders are highly exaſperated at being deprived of their moſt valuable rights for near two years, ſince they have not only choſen a perſon qualified by law, but conformed to the late conſtruction of our Act of Aſſembly for regulating elections, and contrary to their uſual practice for many years paſt, have choſen a non-reſident. They ſay, that they know of no diſqualification by vote, and will never conſent to have their rights illegally abridged. Many of them reſolve, if the perſon they have now choſen ſhould be again diſmiſſed, to come down and inſiſt on giving their votes in perſon, ſince they are not ſuffered to be repreſented.

N. B. The Manor contains as many freeholders as King's or Richmond counties.

The Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives of this Colony having, on the 12th ult. reſolved, that his Excellency Governor Tryon be allowed, for his adminiſtering the Government of this Colony, from the 8th of July 1771, to the 1ſt day of September 1772, after the rate of 2000 l. per Ann. and for fire-wood and candles for his Majeſty's Fort-George, during the ſame time, after the rate of 400 l. per Ann. on the 13th his Excellency the Governor ſent a meſſage to the Houſe, in the words following,

Gentlemen, obſerving in the votes of your Houſe, of the 11th inſtant, that you have voted me a ſalary as Governor of this Province, it is my duty to lay before you an extract from his Majeſty's inſtructions, which will apologize for my not accepting that liberal proviſion you intended for my ſupport.

Fort-George, New-York, 13th Feb. 1772.

Extract from His Majeſty's Inſtructions to Governor Tryon.

"*Whereas ſeveral inconveniencies have ariſen to our Governments in the Plantations, by gifts and preſents made to our Governors by the General Aſſemblies; for the preventing thereof for the future, It is our expreſs will and pleaſure, that neither you our Governor, Commander in Chief, or Preſident of the Council of our ſaid Province of New-York, for the time being, do give your or their conſent to the paſſing any law or act, for any gift or preſent to be made to you or them, by the Aſſembly, and that neither you, nor they, do receive any gift or preſent from the Aſſembly, or others, on any account, or in any manner whatſoever, upon pain of our higheſt diſpleaſure, and of being recalled from that our Government.* A true Copy.

Teſt. *EDMUND FANNING, P. Scry.*"

PHILADELPHIA, March 19.

The following was intended for our laſt, but came to hand too late.

On Friday, the 6th Inſtant, died, Mrs. HANNAH CARPENTER, of this City, Widow, in her 79th Year. Her laſt Illneſs, tho' very tedious and painful, was ſupported with a Greatneſs and Strength of Mind, altogether unuſual in ſo advanced an Age. Far from repining at the Diſpenſations of Providence, or ſhrinking at the Proſpect of Death, ſhe welcomed its Approach, as the only Means of Releaſe from ſuffering, and a happy Removal from Works to Rewards. Her Remains, attended by a great Number of the moſt reſpectable Citizens, on the Sunday following, were interred in the Burying-ground of the Society called Quakers, by whom ſhe was always eſteemed an exemplary and valuable Member.

Next Sunday Evening a CHARITY SERMON will be preached at ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, by the Rev. Mr. WILLIAM STRINGER, for the Benefit of the Priſoners, now confined in the Goal of this City, when it is hoped the Benevolent and Charitably-diſpoſed will attend, and contribute to their Relief.

Laſt Thurſday Mr. JAMES CRESSON was married to Miſs SALLY HOOTON; and Mr. CHARLES WHARTON to Miſs JEMIMA EDWARDS.

And on Tueſday Mr. THOMAS FISHER was married to Miſs SALLY LOGAN.

Laſt Week there fell ſo much Snow, at different Times, that in many Places it was near two Feet deep, and the Weather was ſo cold, as to occaſion a great Deal of Ice in our River on Monday.

Friday Evening laſt died, after a ſhort Illneſs, in the 32d Year of her Age, Mrs. MARY POLLARD, Wife of Mr. WILLIAM POLLARD, of this City, Merchant; and on Sunday her Remains were decently interred in Chriſt-Church Burying-ground, attended by a great Number of reſpectable Inhabitants.

Captain Clark, from Dominica, about 10 Days ago, in Lat. 20, Long. 71, ſpoke a Ship, from London for South-Carolina, 60 Days out, all well.

The Brig Sally, Captain Smith, which ſailed from Liverpool the Beginning of October, bound for this Port, after beating for ſome Time on our Coaſt, was at laſt obliged to bear away for the Weſt-Indies, and is arrived at Dominica.

The Brig Dolphin, Captain Ruſſell, is arrived at Dominica from this Place.

☞ No News from Europe at New-York on Monday laſt.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Neptune, L. Dodge, from Hiſpaniola. Schooner Harris, J. Clark, Dominica. Sloop Molly, V. Wightman, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner Polly, T. Woodberry, and Schooner Premium, A. Gage, Salem, N. E. Schooner Phœnix, J. Beard, and Brig Bedford, T. Bunker, Nantucket. Sloop Lydia, S. Crocke, North-Carolina. Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, Boſton.

OUTWARDS. *Ship Hope, G. Johnſton, and Brig Dolphin, J. Cardle, for Liſbon. Brig Nancy, W. Adamſon, Grenades. Brig Bedford, T. Bunker, and Schooner Phœnix, J. Beard, Nantucket.*

CLEARED. *Brig Polly, J. Shields, and Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, to Jamaica. Brig Burke, N. Valence, Surrinam. Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, and Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, South-Carolina. Schooner Tryall, G. Erwin, Salem, N. E. Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, Grenades. Brig Leiſure-Hour, W. Wilſon, Nevis-Providence. Brig Sophia, B. Peel, and Sloop New Molly, W. Kerlin, Liſbon. Brig Becky, J. Harper, Antigua. Schooner William, N. Lamſon, to Boſton.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 30th of March inſtant, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain frame tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Sixth-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, 13 feet and 1 inch, and in length or depth 52 feet 6 inches; bounded by Sixth-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by ground of Joannet Church, James Glenn, and others; late the eſtate of David Davis, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 31ſt day of March inſtant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-houſe of John Gurly, inn-keeper, in the townſhip of Plumſted, and county of Bucks, a certain meſſuage, tenement, plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in Plumſted aforeſaid, bounded by land of Alexander Brown, Matthew Hughes, and others, containing 111 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, with the appurtenances; late the property of Levi Owen; ſeized and taken in execution, by RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff. §

RUN away, on the 29th of February laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at the ſign of the Bull's Head, in Weſt Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named HUGH QUIN, about 15 or 16 years of age, has ſhort lightiſh brown hair, and has been in the country above a year: Had on, when he went away, a ſpotted flannel lappelled jacket, which is too large for him, a lightiſh cloth jacket, with ſleeves, a tow ſhirt, a ſtriped red and white ſilk handkerchief, half-worn buckſkin breeches, a wool hat, almoſt new, ſheep's grey ſtockings, blackiſh ribbed leggings, his ſhoes newly ſoaled, one good braſs buckle; he is remarkably knock-kneed, apt to ſwear, and give unmannerly anſwers to people who converſe with him; it is probable he will try to get on board ſome veſſel in the harbour, as he always had a notion of going to ſea; therefore all maſters of veſſels are forbid carrying him off at their peril. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN GRAHAM. †

Philadelphia, March 17, 1772.

THE partnerſhip of BAYARD and JACKSON, in the vendue buſineſs, being expired,-----all perſons indebted to them, are requeſted to make immediate payment; and thoſe who have any demands againſt them, are deſired to apply to JOHN BAYARD, who will diſcharge the ſame.

John Bayard, at the ſame time, takes this opportunity to inform his friends, and the public, that he continues the vendue buſineſs, and will be greatly obliged to all thoſe that may pleaſe to employ him; who may depend upon his care and punctuality in the management of their buſineſs. Goods are received at his ſtore, in Chancery-lane, or at the vendue houſe, on the days of ſale. ¶

Philadelphia, March 18, 1772.

A Quantity of FRENCH INDIGO,

To be SOLD by

SALTAR and HEPBURN,

At their Store in Water-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet.

THOMAS MORGAN, Watch and Clockmaker,

Late of Philadelphia,

At the Sign of the Arch Dial, in Gay-ſtreet, BALTIMORE,

TAKES this method to acquaint the public, that he has employed two Journeymen from London, who were regularly taught the art and myſtery of Watch and Clock making; where he intends carrying on the buſineſs in all its extenſive branches. Likewiſe intends repairing and cleaning repeating, horizontal, muſical, quarterly and plain watches and clocks, after the beſt and neateſt manner; and further, propoſes to engage his performance for one year, provided the owners do not abuſe the ſame, nor apply to unſkilful hands, where many good watches are greatly abuſed for want of experience.

N. B. Any Gentleman may, by applying, have new Watches and Clocks made after the neateſt and beſt conſtruction; and he moſt gratefully acknowledges the many favours he has received from the Public, and hopes for a continuance of them, as he will make it his conſtant ſtudy to merit their eſteem.

*** The ſaid T. MORGAN intends working at the ſame rates and prices as done at Philadelphia.

To be LETT, and may be entered upon immediately,

A COMMODIOUS Dwelling-houſe, with a number of convenient office-houſes, 5 acres of good incloſed paſture, and two large gardens, ſituate in Frederick-Town, on the river Saſſafraſs, Cæcil county, Maryland. The place is peculiarly adapted for a perſon in the mercantile buſineſs, there being a rich country all around it, and good navigation for veſſels of conſiderable burthen to Cheſapeak Bay, and only 14 miles land-carriage to navigation on Delaware. For terms, apply to Meſſieurs THOMAS WILLIAMS, and COMPANY, merchants, in Annapolis; GAVIN HAMILTON, on the premiſes; or to HAMILTON and LEIPER, tobacconiſts, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, Philadelphia. ¶

BULLUS and WIGFALL,

HAVE opened a ſhop in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, where they intend to carry on the Cutlery and White-ſmith trades, in all their branches. Knives, ſciſſars, razors, &c. are neatly ground; all kinds of ſpring knives made and warranted good, and table knives and forks made to any pattern. Such who pleaſe to oblige them with their orders, may depend on having them executed in the neateſt manner, on the moſt reaſonable terms, and their favours will be gratefully acknowledged.

To be SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, containing 100 acres of land, 50 of which are cleared, of which there are 18 of good meadow ground, and a part made; the ſaid plantation is well watered, with two brooks running through the ſame, which is very convenient to water the ſaid meadow, and a quantity of excellent mud to manure the land; there is a good dwelling-houſe, ſuitable for a gentleman's country ſeat, or ſtore; alſo a good thriving young orchard, with excellent fiſhing and fowling. The above plantation is ſituate in Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county, on Neſhaminy creek, about a quarter of a mile from the ferry, and about 16 miles from Philadelphia; there is a fine proſpect of ſaid Neſhaminy, and of the river Delaware. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid plantation, may know the terms, by applying to JOSEPH VANDEGRIFT, at the Croſs Keys, at the corner of Cheſtnut and Third-ſtreets, Philadelphia. ¶

WANTED immediately,

THREE or four Journeymen SHOEMAKERS, they muſt be good Workmen; and if they can do both Mens and Womens Work, the more agreeable. Apply to Mr. JOHN REED, at Mr. Stacy's, the Rainbow, Society-Hill.

N. B. Alſo wanted to rent, a Public Houſe, either in the City of Philadelphia, or upon the Road, in a good Situation for Buſineſs, and if ſome Land, the more agreeable. Any Perſon having ſuch a Place to rent, may apply, or direct, as above. ¶

Abington, Third-month (March) 17, 1772.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

TWO tracts or parcels of land, ſituate in Abington townſhip, 11 miles from Philadelphia; one of them containing 16 acres, on which for many years paſt hath been a forge for making bar-iron, called Fletcher's forge, a large coal-houſe, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, a ſmall log tenement, and an apple orchard, of good fruit. The other tract of land contains 72 acres, bounding on the aforeſaid land, and near 100 perches on Pennypack creek, alſo on lands of Edmund M'Veagh, Thomas Bourne, and Lewis Roberts; near 40 acres are moſtly very well timbered, the other part cleared, and moſtly in clover; on which are a log houſe, a ſpring of water near the door, an apple orchard, and 3 or 4 acres of meadow, which produces good graſs, and more may be made, and watered by a ſtream of water large enough for a fulling-mill, having, as it is thought, upwards of 30 feet fall on ſaid land. The titles are good. For terms, apply to THOMAS FLETCHER, JOSHUA MORRIS, THOMAS AUSTIN, or ROBERT PAUL.

N. B. Likewiſe to be ſold, a large pair of wooden bellows, which hath been uſed in ſaid forge; apply as above. §

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, and tract of LAND, in Pequea, part thereof in the county of Cheſter, and part in the county of Lancaſter, containing 438 acres, with allowance, fine lime-ſtone land, upwards of 100 acres clear, 25 acres of watered meadow, and 80 acres more may be made at a ſmall expence; two bearing orchards of choice fruit, a neat garden, a good dwelling-houſe of ſtone, well finiſhed off, a good kitchen, with a well of good water at the door, barn, ſtables, ſmoke-houſe, and other out-houſes; plenty of timber and water, as well as lime-ſtone, to manure the land; ſo that it will never wear out with any kind of good huſbandry; the whole pleaſantly ſituated on Lancaſter road, about 46 miles from Philadelphia, fit for any kind of public buſineſs, near places of worſhip, merchant mills, iron-works, and markets. It is well known, that the Pequea land is excellent for wheat, hemp, and all ſorts of ſpring grain; this tract may be divided into two or more plantations, leaving timber, water and meadow on each. As for the ſoil and ſituation, enquiry may be made of the Reverend Mr. James Boyd, of New-Town, in the county of Bucks; Benjamin Lightfoot, Eſq; at Reading; James Wilſon, Eſq; at Carliſle; Major John Philip Dehaas, Eſq; of Lebanon; Edward Shippen, Eſq; at Lancaſter; Mr. William Moore, of Baltimore-Town, in Maryland; and Mr. John Kerlin, Innkeeper, at the White Horſe, on Lancaſter road. One third part of the purchaſe money to be paid down, the remainder will be made eaſy, on giving ſecurity. For further particulars, apply to the owner, on the premiſes,

Churchill, Feb. 10, 1772. JOHN MILLER. ‖

THIS is to give notice to the owners and poſſeſſors of Holland's Creek Marſh, that there is a tax of Five Shillings per acre thereon aſſeſſed, to be paid in three weeks from this date; and all perſons in arrears for their levy on ſaid marſh, are deſired to pay the ſame to the Treaſurer, otherwiſe they will be ſubject to the penalties, agreeable to an Act of Aſſembly for ſaid Holland's Creek Marſh. ¶

March 19, 1772. JOHN HOBSEN, Treaſurer.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, living in Manington, in Salem county, the 9th of March, 1772, an apprentice lad, named JOHN GREEN, about 20 or 21 years of age, about 5 feet 3 inches high, browniſh hair, by trade a Tanner; ſtole, and took with him, a beaver hat, half-worn ſnuff-coloured cloth coat and jacket, dove-coloured velvet breeches, half-worn fine ſhirt, pale blue ribbed worſted ſtockings, a pair of coarſe yarn ditto, old ſhoes, with round ſteel buckles, a rapraſcal or ſurtout coat, made of brown mixed beaver coating, with black mohair buttons, and a conſiderable ſum in caſh. It is thought he will change his name to SAMUEL AUSTIN, as he ſtole the cloaths from him, and they will nearly fit him. Any perſon that will ſecure him in Philadelphia, Glouceſter, or Salem goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, and the cloaths, ſhall have the above reward, paid by* CHARLES ELLET. ¶

WHEREAS DANIEL WHEATON, *an inſolvent debtor, now confined in the common goal of Salem county, preſented a petition to the Judges and Juſtices of the ſaid county, at the laſt Inferior Court of Common Pleas, held in and for the ſaid county, craving the benefit of the act of the General Aſſembly of the province of New-Jerſey, intituled, "an Act for the relief of inſolvent debtors:" This is therefore to give notice to the creditors of the ſaid* Daniel Wheaton, *to ſhew cauſe (if any they have) on the 9th day of April next, at a meeting to be then had, at the houſe of Joſeph Burroughs, Eſq; in the town of Salem, why an aſſignment of the ſaid debtor's eſtate ſhould not be made, and the debtor diſcharged.*

¶ DANIEL WHEATON.

Carliſle, March 13, 1772.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

THE Ferry on Saſquehanna River, known by the name of Nelſon's or White's Ferry; the boats, and lands belonging to the ferry, on both ſides the river: There is, on the weſt ſide, a large ſquare log dwelling-houſe, two ſtory high, where a tavern is kept; a ſtore-houſe, an orchard, and about 20 acres of land cleared; on the eaſt ſide, a ſquare log ſtore-houſe, and about 20 acres of land cleared, the breadth of the river at that place is but 62 perches; it is a very convenient place for purchaſing wheat, and for merchandize.

A tract of land and plantation where Robert Stevenſon kept ſtore and tavern about 7 years ago, ſituate about a mile from the former, on both ſides the great road from ſaid ferry to York and Baltimore towns, in Chanceford townſhip, York county; on which is a good ſquare log dwelling-houſe, two ſtory high, a ſtone ſhed the length of the houſe, and a good cellar; the houſe and ſhed contain on the firſt floor 3 rooms, in 2 of which are fire-places, alſo a kitchen and ſhop; on the ſecond floor 3 rooms, in one of which is a fire-place; there is a ſpring of good water near the houſe, a barn and ſtables, about 60 acres of land cleared, and about 6 acres of meadow ground.

A tract of land and plantation, ſituate on both ſides the great road from the ferry aforeſaid to York-Town, on Little Codorus Creek, about two miles from York; on which are a merchant mill, griſt mill, ſhelling mill, and ſaw mill, all in good repair; 2 dwelling-houſes, two paled gardens, a large barn and orchard, about 60 acres of land cleared, above one fourth of which is meadow, moſtly watered, and as much more meadow ground to clear; alſo a good ſeat for an oil mill, where there was one many years.

A tract of land and plantation, ſituate on Little Codorus Creek, on the north ſide the great road from York to Wright's Ferry, a mile and an half from York; on which are a griſt mill, ſhelling mill, and ſaw mill, in good repair, a dwelling-houſe and barn, about 50 acres of cleared land, near one fourth of which is meadow.

A large plantation, ſituate on the mouth of Little Codorus Creek, between the laſt above deſcribed tract of land and Big Codorus Creek, on which are a merchant mill, griſt mill, and ſhelling mill, which have the uſe of the water of both creeks, a good dwelling-houſe, a very large barn, containing 2 threſhing floors, and ſtables fit to contain 80 cows and horſes, a large ſtill-houſe, and a ſtable near the mill, an orchard, two gardens, one of them very large, and incloſed with a pale fence; near 150 acres of land cleared, of which about 30 acres are meadow, as much more meadow may be made, part of ſwamp, and part by watering.

A tract of land and plantation, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Big Codorus Creek, oppoſite to the laſt above deſcribed tract, on which is a large and commodious ſaw mill (which, with 2 ſaws, cuts two logs at the ſame time, by one water wheel) a mill for grinding ſickles, and boring gun barrels, a large ſquare log dwelling-houſe, a barn and ſtables, an houſe for a ſaw-miller, and an orchard; near 100 acres of clear land, of which, about 15 acres are meadow, part of which is watered, about 10 acres more meadow may be made, and the whole watered at a ſmall expence.

A tract of land and plantation, ſituate on both ſides of the great road from York to Frederick-Town, 2 miles from York; on which is a ſmall dwelling-houſe, a large barn and ſtable, about 70 acres of land cleared; of which, near 10 acres are meadow, part of which is watered, a few acres more meadow may be made and watered.

A ſmall tract of land near the Round-top, about 3 miles from the laſt above deſcribed tract, now in the tenure of Lawrence M'Gill; on which is plenty of timber, water and meadow ground, the improvements ſmall, and not much land cleared.

A tract of land and plantation, ſituate on the great road from Lancaſter to Grub's Furnace, about a mile from Lancaſter, known by the name of the Three Tons, on which is a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, covered with cedar ſhingles, two ſtory high, a cellar, a ſquare log kitchen, barn and ſtable; on which is about 60 acres cleared land, near 12 acres whereof are meadow, timber ſufficient to ſupport the place; it is ſuitable for a tavern, which has been kept there many years.

Sundry lots and houſes in York-Town, ſome of them as valuable as any in that place, both as to ſituation and buildings.

Several tracts of land of leſs value than thoſe herein before deſcribed, ſituate in different parts of the country, too tedious particularly to deſcribe here.

The ſubſcriber will ſell the above deſcribed lands, lower than any lands of equal quality in their neighbourhood, and does not expect, that any perſon will buy before they view the premiſes, and therefore forbears any particular deſcription of the quality. The inhabitants of each tract will ſhew it to any ſtranger. Such as live at a diſtance, and would deſire a more particular deſcription, before they take the trouble of viewing, may enquire of Meſſieurs Henry Keppele, and James Benezet, of the city of Philadelphia, Merchants; Meſſieurs Thomas Doyle, Matthias Slough, and Paul Zanſingar, of the Borough of Lancaſter; Mr. Peter Miller, of Ephrata; Edward Biddle, Eſq; at Reading; Mr. Thomas Armor, at York; or the ſubſcriber, at Carliſle,

GEORGE STEVENSON.

*** The ſaw mill and land in the South-Mountain, on Mountain-Creek, Cumberland county, about 6 miles from Carliſle Town, which has been lately advertiſed for ſale by public vendue, in this Gazette, was not ſold; any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may enquire of Joſeph Galloway, Eſq; of Anne-Arundel county, in the province of Maryland; of John Armſtrong, Eſq; or George Stevenſon, at Carliſle. ‡ 30ſ.

RAISINS in Kegs, Indigo, and ſundry other Dye Stuffs, Sugars, &c. &c. to be ſold by BENEDICT DORSEY, in Third-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to the Work-houſe. †

On THURSDAY, the 2d of April next, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, will be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the Weſt Side of Front-ſtreet, three Doors below the London Coffee-houſe, now in the Tenure of William Smith, Broker; together with a Lot adjoining the ſame on the Back, and fronting on Lætitia-Court, with a three Story Brick Houſe erected thereon. The Houſe, in Front-ſtreet, is 17 Feet 9 Inches in Breadth, and the Lot continues the Width 100 Feet deep; the Lot, on Lætitia-Court, is 13 Feet Front, and 80 Feet deep to the before-mentioned Lot. There is a Pump in the Yard, which may be appropriated to the Uſe of both Houſes.

The ſame Evening will be ſold, a Lot of Ground, ſituated on the North Side of Market-ſtreet, between Eighth and Ninth-ſtreets, oppoſite the Muſtard Works of William Norton, containing 132 Feet Front on Market-ſtreet, and extending 306 Feet back. Any perſon, deſirous of viewing the above Premiſes, may apply to WILLIAM BRADFORD, at the London Coffee-houſe.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 24th of March inſtant, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Saſſafras (or Race) ſtreet, containing in breadth, on ſaid ſtreet, 18 feet, and in length, or depth, 180 feet; bounded eaſtward with Francis Alliſon's houſe and lot, northward with a 15 feet alley, extending from Third to Fourth-ſtreet, weſtward with Edward Evans's ground, and ſouthward with Saſſafras-ſtreet aforeſaid; late the eſtate of Martha Kelly (late Powell) deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, late the eſtate of Philip Fitzſimons, deceaſed, containing about 50 acres, ſituated in Worceſter townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the Manatawny road, leading from Philadelphia to Reading town. There is on the premiſes a good large ſtone houſe, 50 feet by 40, two ſtories high, and a cellar under it, 4 rooms on each floor, a new kitchen, and a pump by the houſe, with exceeding good water; alſo a ſtone ſpring-houſe, a large ſtone barn, with 5 ſtables, and a large ſtone ſhed, that will hold 40 or 50 horſes; a fine kitchen garden; every thing very convenient on ſaid place. There are 12 acres of exceeding good meadow, that can be well watered the whole year; laſt year there was made on ſaid meadow above 30 tons of hay; alſo a fine bearing orchard, between 6 and 8 acres, with exceeding good fruit; there are aboout 22 acres of extraordinary good wood land, well timbered, the reſt all cleared land, in good repair. Whoever inclines to purchaſe ſaid place, may apply to JOSEPH CAUFFMAN, Executor, in Second-ſtreet, near Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or MARY FITZSIMONS, Executrix, on the premiſes. ‡

N. B. It has been a noted Tavern for Twenty Years paſt.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE (if not diſpoſed of before by private ſale) on SATURDAY, the 11th of April next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Conrad Heſſe, in the Northern Liberties, the upper end of Second-ſtreet continued,

A LOT of GROUND, 100 feet front, and 500 deep, with a large commodious dwelling, three ſtories high, 4 rooms on a floor, with good cellars, and convenient out buildings, agreeably ſituated for a gentleman's retreat, being but one mile from the Court-houſe, is a ſuitable ſtand for a houſe of entertainment, and has been licenced for ſeveral years. Alſo, adjoining ſaid place, a groundrent of £ 17 : 10 : 0 per annum, iſſuing out of a lot of ground 100 feet front, and 500 deep. A ſmall brick tenement, newly finiſhed, on a lot 20 feet on Second-ſtreet, and 120 deep. Likewiſe ſundry vacant lots on ſaid ſtreet.

N.B. Any perſon inclinable to join in the DISTILLING BUSINESS, may be informed of advantageous terms, by applying to WILLIAM MASTERS.

TO BE SOLD,

At public VENDUE, in the City of BURLINGTON, on Fifth-day, the 26th Inſtant,

A LARGE brick dwelling-houſe, and lot of ground, ſituate in the ſaid city, on the eaſt ſide of High-ſtreet, oppoſite to Friends Meeting-houſe, on one of the higheſt parts. The houſe is ſuited for two tenements, or may be readily converted into one, has 3 rooms on a floor, with a good kitchen and waſh-houſe back; a large yard, into which there is room for a carriage to enter; and a large good garden back, the lot being 46 feet front, on the ſaid ſtreet, and extends that width half way to York-ſtreet. Alſo a lot of ground, with a ſtable thereon, fronting on the ſouth ſide of Broad-ſtreet, near the Church, containing in width 85 feet and a half, and extending back to Thomas Powell's lot.

Alſo a tract of timber land, in Hunterdon county, near Rockſeticus Iron-works, containing by the ſurvey thereof 100 acres, adjoining to lands late Iſaac Norris's.

And a quantity of Weſtern Propriety Rights to unlocated lands; late the property of Samuel Scattergood, of ſaid city, deceaſed.

The payments will be made very eaſy to the purchaſer or purchaſers, on giving ſecurity, if deſired; and a good title will be ſhewn and conveyed by WILLIAM SMITH, and SAMUEL ALLINSON, Executors. *Burlington, Third Month* 2, 1772. §

To be LETT, within eight Miles of Philadelphia, and entered into immediately,

A PLANTATION, of about 160 Acres of LAND, above 20 of which are watered meadow, and above 100 excellent Plow Land, a good Dwelling-houſe, Out-houſes, and Orchard thereon. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

AS there are ſundry LOTS in the Borough of Wilmington, in New-Caſtle county, that are upon groundrent to the Swedes Congregation there, and the rents remain unpaid for ſeveral years paſt; this is to give notice to all perſons concerned therein, that unleſs they diſcharge the ſame, before the 10th day of April next, they will be ſold for the ſame, at the houſe of William Marſhall, in ſaid Borough, at two o' clock on ſaid day, at which time and place, attendance will be given by NEILS JUSTIS, and JUSTA WALRAVEN, Truſtees. *February* 25, 1772. ¶

Northern Liberties, February 8, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, containing 11 Acres, pleaſantly ſituated, two Miles from the City of Philadelphia, in the Diſtrict of Richmond, commonly called Point-No-Point; bounded by the River Delaware, and the Point Road. From thence there is a fine Proſpect of the City and its Port. The Soil is high and dry, of the beſt Kind for Gardening. For further Information, enquire of the Subſcriber, who lives near the Premiſes. *Thoſe.* JOSEPH BALL.

TO BE SOLD,

A GOOD ſecond hand Cheſt of Carpenter's Tools; they will be ſold at a moderate Price, as the Owner has no Uſe for them.

Alſo a ſtout likely NEGROE MAN, about 25 Years of Age, underſtands the Dutch Fan making, and Carpenter's Buſineſs. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

To be SOLD,

At the Farm of the Subſcriber, at Point-No-Point,

A FEW TONS of RED CLOVER, and young TIMOTHY HAY, cured in dry Weather, and in the beſt Manner. JOHN GIBSON.

JOSEPH READ,

Nottingham and Philadelphia Meſſenger,

HEREBY informs his Employers, that his fourth Year of riding expires the 22d Inſtant. He returns Thanks to thoſe who, by punctual Payments, have aſſiſted him to diſcharge his Duty faithfully; but as there are many who are long in Arrears, he requeſts ſuch ſpeedily to leave their Ballances with the different Tavern-keepers on the Road, where their Papers are left, who will give proper Receipts, otherwiſe he muſt be obliged to quit riding. *March* 3, 1772.

Baltimore, January 7, 1772.

A CERTAIN ALEXANDER LEWIS, having, by advertiſement in the public Gazette, cautioned any perſon from purchaſing a tract of land, called Alexander's Lot, which the ſubſcriber had advertiſed for ſale.----To remove the impreſſions, which may be made upon the credulous, by the poſitive aſſertions of Mr. Lewis (ſhould they remain unanſwered) evidently calculated to prevent the ſale: The ſubſcriber begs leave to aſſure the public, that the ſaid tract of land lies in Cæcil county, in Maryland, about 1 mile to the weſt of the 12 mile circle, and the ſame diſtance from the weſt line, as ſettled by the province commiſſioners, and on the Maryland ſide of the reputed temporary line, that the ſaid tract is adjoining a tract of land called New-Munſter, lying in Maryland, that he has obtained a patent from the Land-office, after a regular ſurvey made, and certificate returned.---Such is the title of the ſubſcriber, by which he has hitherto held, and will hold the tract of land in controverſy.---Had Mr. Lewis been ſo candid as to point out, where his patent of 70 years old was granted, by whom, and to whom, and the name of his land, the ſubſcriber could then have fully undeceived the public, until that is done nothing is left but conjecture, the moſt probable of which is, that the title and patent reſt only in the imagination of a man capable of ſuch effrontry, as to aſſert that the above land lies in London-Britain townſhip, Cheſter county, and can only be equalled by Dr. Samuel Kennedy, and his man John Jack, in the depoſition taken before the honourable William Allen, Eſq; upon a pretended claim of the above land.----The ſubſcriber will put the above land to public ſale, the 25th day of March next, at which time he requeſts Mr. Lewis would attend with his old patent. MARK ALEXANDER. ¶ 12.5

Londongrove, Cheſter County, January 29, 1772.

WHEREAS Mark Alexander appears to be uneaſy, that I the ſubſcriber have cautioned the public not to buy a plantation and griſt-mill thereon of him, which he advertiſed for public ſale on the 10th of December laſt, in the public Gazette, and by his advertiſement of the 7th inſtant, would fain have the public to think, that I have no right to ſaid place, but did it to hurt his ſale; I ſhall let the public know how I came by my title, which I think will make his appear to be of no value, notwithſtanding he advertiſed it to be indiſputable.

In the year 1683, a certain Edward Odwire obtained a patent of Lord Baltimore for 6000 acres of land, lying on both ſides of Elk-river, called New Munſter, according to the courſes and diſtances therein mentioned, be the ſame more or leſs, and in the year 1701 the London Company obtained a patent of the Proprietaries of Pennſylvania for a large tract of land, on the eaſt ſide of ſaid Odwire's land, and took in ſeveral hundred acres of the land that was granted to Odwire by patent by Lord Baltimore; upon which land a certain John Alexander ſettled, but never obtained any right but poſſeſſion right, which he ſold to his ſon-in-law, Abraham Emet, which can be proved by living evidence, and writing from under ſaid John Alexander's hand. Said Abraham ſearching the records in Annapolis, in Maryland, found that ſaid Odwire had ſold and conveyed ſaid land unto one Tows; that Tows was dead, and had left ſaid land by will to his ſon John Tows; that John Tows had run 23 l. ſterling in debt, for which his brother-in-law, Robert Roberts, became bound; ſaid Tows then run away, and ſaid Roberts had the money to pay. Said Robert Roberts then petitioned the General Aſſembly of Maryland to make an act to ſell ſaid Tows's land, in New Munſter, to pay ſaid debt, which they were pleaſed to do, and by virtue of their act impowered ſaid Roberts to ſell the ſame, of whom Abraham Emet obtained a deed for 200 acres of ſaid land in New Munſter patent, on which he built a griſt-mill and dwelling-houſe, and ſold 100 acres of ſaid land unto Dr. Samuel Kennedy, with the mill, and other buildings, and conveyed the ſame to him. Said Dr. Kennedy then repaired ſaid mill, and put two pair of ſtones in her, one Collogne, the other Brandywine's, and made her running geers all new, with new boulting cloths, and every thing fitting for merchant work. Then Mark Alexander ſaid that the land was his by virtue of John Alexander's will, who firſt ſettled on it, and was then deceaſed, and by force put Dr. Kennedy out of the houſe, and took poſſeſſion of the premiſes. Dr. Kennedy then had a court of enquiry called, by which ſaid Mark Alexander was found to have taken forceable poſſeſſion, and unlawfully to detain the ſame; then the Sheriff of Cheſter was commanded to diſpoſſeſs ſaid Alexander, and put Dr. Kennedy in poſſeſſion of the premiſes, which he did, according to law. I, not knowing of all this diſturbance, purchaſed ſaid plantation and mill of Dr. Kennedy, and paid him for the ſame, and received a deed of him, duly executed. Mark Alexander then appeared a ſecond time with an inſtrument of writing, that he ſays is a patent from the Land-office in Maryland, and in my abſence took poſſeſſion of ſaid mill and plantation, without taking any ſteps of the law to gain poſſeſſion of them. At preſent I leave to the public to judge, whether ſaid Mark Alexander is an honeſt man or not, by his endeavouring to ſell the ſame by a title that is of no value, as the land was patented to Odwire, and then to the London Company, ſo long ago; and if the land had not been patented, to go privately, and obtain a patent to take away another man's mill and houſe, as no one that was concerned ever knew any thing of his certificate or ſurvey, if he had any, be a thing that any honeſt man will juſtify; likewiſe to endeavour to aſſert that it is in Cæcil county, in Maryland, and not under the juriſdiction of Cheſter court, when he knows that the Magiſtrates of Cheſter county, with a jury of 12 men of ſaid county, found him guilty of forcibly entering on ſaid premiſes, and unlawfully to detain the ſame; that the Sheriff of ſaid county diſpoſſeſſed him of the ſame; that there is a road laid out and opened, by order of Cheſter court, acroſs the middle of ſaid place, and that John Alexander, by whoſe will he firſt claimed, always paid tax to Pennſylvania; and his will, when dead, was proved and recorded in Cheſter; theſe are not things that have no other foundation but my own aſſertions, but facts that ſtand upon record in Cheſter and Annapolis, and Mark Alexander knows to be true.

¶ ALEXANDER LEWIS.

Baltimore County, December 9, 1771.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next General Aſſembly of Maryland, for an Act to confirm the title of the ſubſcriber, of and in two parcels of land, being parts of two tracts of land, called M'Gill's Choice, and Winchester's Lot, lying in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, ſold by a certain Peter Harmon, late of the city of Philadalphia, Brewer, deceaſed, to the ſubſcriber, JAMES HENDRICKS. § 6 *W.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

March 26, 1772. NUMB. 2257.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

PHILADELPHIA.

On Saturday laſt the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province adjourned to the 18th of May next. During their Sitting the following Laws were paſſed, viz.

AN ACT for the ſupport of the Government of this province, making the exciſe upon wine, rum, brandy and other ſpirits, more equal, and preventing frauds in the collecting and paying the ſaid exciſe.

An ACT for veſting a certain tract of 450 acres of land, ſituate in Frederick townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, commonly called the Perkioming Copper-Mine Tract, in truſtees, to be ſold, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned.

An ACT for opening, and better amending and keeping in repair, the public roads and highways within this province.

An ACT for the ſale of goods diſtrained for rent, and to ſecure ſuch goods to the perſon diſtraining the ſame, for the better ſecurity of rents, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned.

An ACT to prevent frauds and abuſes in the manufacturing of leather.

An ACT for regulating Chimney Sweepers, within the city of Philadelphia, the diſtrict of Southwark, and the townſhip of the Northern Liberties.

An ACT for preventing frauds and perjuries.

An ACT for granting to his Majeſty the ſum of Four Thouſand Pounds for the purpoſes therein mentioned.

An ACT to regulate the aſſize of bread, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned.

An ACT to enable William Hembell, of the city of Philadelphia, taylor, to hold lands, and to inveſt him with the privileges of a natural born ſubject of this province.

An ACT for the recovery of divers ſums of money from the perſons therein mentioned.

An ACT for rendering Juſtices of the Peace more ſafe in the Execution of their Office, and for indemnifying Conſtables, and others, in acting in obedience to their warrants.

An ACT to enable the Commiſſioners therein named, to ſettle the accounts of the managers of a lottery, ſet up and drawn, for repairing the Meeting-houſe, and building or repairing the houſe, for the reſidence of the Miniſter of the Preſbyterian congregation of Newtown, in the county of Bucks, and to ſue for, and recover, ſuch ſums of money as remain due and unpaid, on account of the ſaid lottery.

An ACT to enable the owners of the lands called the Pigeon Swamp, in the townſhip of Briſtol, in the county of Bucks, to dig, maintain and keep open, a ditch through the ſaid Swamp, and to raiſe money to defray the expence thereof.

A SUPPLEMENT to the Act entituled, "An Act for the advancement of Juſtice, and more certain Adminiſtration thereof."

An ACT for explaining and better aſcertaining the boundary lines of the county of Bedford.

An ACT for the more eaſy recovery of legacies.

An ACT to enable the owners and poſſeſſors of a certain tract of meadow-land, ſituate in the borough of Cheſter, in the county of Cheſter, to keep their dams, banks, ſluices and floodgates, in good repair.

An ACT to diſſolve the marriage of George Kehmle, of the city of Philadelphia, barber, with Elizabeth his wife, late Elizabeth Miller, and to enable him to marry again.

An ACT for confirming the eſtate of Adam Simon Kuhn, in and to a certain lot of ground, in the borough of Lancaſter, one of the title deeds whereof is loſt.

A SUPPLEMENT to the Act, entituled, "An Act againſt adultery and fornication."

An ACT for the relief of ſuch perſons as conſciencioufly ſcruple the taking of an oath in the common form.

An ACT for erecting a part of the counties of Lancaſter, Cumberland, Berks, Northampton and Bedford, into a ſeparate county.

An ACT for raiſing a fund to pay the damages done by dogs in the City and county of Philadelphia, and the county of Bucks.

An ACT for the ſafe keeping and preſerving the records and other public papers of the county of Bucks.

An ACT for the relief of William Faries, John Gillard, Charles Hicks, and John Reynolds, languiſhing priſoners in the goal of Philadelphia; and William Bennet, and Felix M'Cowan, languiſhing priſoners in the goal of York County, with reſpect to the impriſonment of their perſons.

An ACT for confirming the eſtates of John Pawling, Joſeph Pawling, Abraham Sabler, Peter Reimer, Bernard Kepler, and Andrew Heiſer, in and to certain lands in the county of Cheſter.

An ACT for confirming the eſtate of Samuel Phipps, in and to certain lands in the townſhip of Goſhen, in the county of Cheſter.

An ACT for the relief of Richard Stevens, with reſpect to the impriſonment of his perſon."

An ACT to regulate the Aſſize of Bread, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the Mode heretofore uſed for regulating the Aſſize of Bread by the Prices at which Wheat is commonly ſold, has been found, on Experience, to be unequal, as the Price of Wheat by no Means determines, with Certainty, the Price of Flour; to the Intent therefore, that from and after the Tenth Day of *April* next enſuing the Publication of this Act, a juſt, equal and conſtant Rule and Method, may be duly obſerved and kept in the Making and Aſſizing the ſeveral Sorts of Bread herein after mentioned, which ſhall be made for Sale in any Place or Places where ſuch Aſſize ſhall be ſet in Purſuance of this Act; Be it enacted by the Honourable RICHARD PENN, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor, under the Honourable THOMAS PENN, and JOHN PENN, Eſquires, true and abſolute Proprietaries of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the ſaid Province, in General Aſſembly met, and by the Authority of the ſame, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Mayor or Recorder, and any two of the Aldermen of the City of *Philadelphia*, or for the Burgeſs or Burgeſſes of any Borough, and two Juſtices of the Peace of the County, or for any three Juſtices of the Peace for any County within this Province, from and after the ſaid Tenth Day of *April*, as often as there may be Occaſion, to ſet, aſcertain and appoint, in any Place or Places within their reſpective Juriſdictions, the Aſſize and Weight of the ſeveral Sorts of Bread following, which ſhall in any ſuch Place or Places be made for Sale, ſold or expoſed to Sale, and the Price to be paid for the ſame; and that in every Aſſize of Bread which ſhall be ſo ſet, in Purſuance of this Act, due Regard ſhall be had from Time to Time to the Market Price which Flour, whereof ſuch Bread ſhall be made, ſhall be ſold at in the Cities, Towns or Places, in or near the Place where ſuch Aſſize ſhall be ſo ſet, and that the ſaid Aſſize ſhall be ſet and aſcertained according to the Table following, in Avoirdupois Weight, of Sixteen Ounces to the Pound.

The Price of fine Flour, Middlings, and Rye Flour, by the Cwt. reſpectively.		A Four-penny Loaf to weigh,		The Price of fine Flour, Middlings, and Rye Flour, by the Cwt. reſpectively.		A Four-penny Loaf to weigh,	
s.	*d.*	*lb.*	*oz.*	*s.*	*d.*	*lb.*	*oz.*
7	0	3	5½	14	6	2	3
7	6	3	3½	15	0	2	2½
8	0	3	2	15	6	2	1½
8	6	3	0½	16	3	2	0½
9	0	2	15	17	0	1	15½
9	6	2	14	17	9	1	14½
10	0	2	12½	18	6	1	13½
10	6	2	11	19	3	1	13
11	0	2	10	20	0	1	12½
11	6	2	9	20	9	1	11½
12	0	2	8	21	6	1	10½
12	6	2	7	22	3	1	10
13	0	2	6	23	0	1	9½
13	6	2	5	24	0	1	8½
14	0	2	4	25	0	1	7½

And ſo in Proportion for Loaves of a larger or ſmaller Size.

And in order to enable the ſaid Magiſtrates and Juſtices within their reſpective Juriſdictions to ſet the Aſſize of Bread with Juſtice and Equity, be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, that the reſpective Prices which the ſeveral Kinds of Flour, fit to make the ſaid different Sorts of Bread allowed to be made by this Act, ſhall commonly and generally from Time to Time, *bona Fide*, ſell for in the ſaid City of Philadelphia, and other Places aforeſaid, and not at particular Times, or on particular Contracts only, ſhall once in every Month, or oftener, if neceſſary, as the ſaid Magiſtrates or Juſtices reſpectively ſhall appoint, be given and delivered in Writing, on Oath or Affirmation, to the ſaid Magiſtrates or Juſtices, by the Clerk of the Market, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons, in the Places aforeſaid, as the ſaid Magiſtrates and Juſtices reſpectively ſhall order and appoint, and within two Days next after ſuch Return of the Prices aforeſaid ſhall be given in, as aforeſaid, the Aſſize, Weight and Price, of all Kinds of Bread to be made for Sale, ſold or expoſed to Sale, ſhall, from Time to Time, be ſet by the Magiſtrates and Juſtices aforeſaid, within their reſpective Juriſdictions; and that after the fixing and ſetting ſuch Aſſize, the ſame ſhall with all convenient Speed be made public, in ſuch Manner as the ſaid Magiſtrates and Juſtices ſhall think proper, and ſhall be in force, until a new Aſſize ſhall be fixed and ſet; but before any Advance or Reduction ſhall be made in the Weight of Bread in any of the Places aforeſaid, the ſaid Clerk of the Market, or other Perſon, appointed as aforeſaid, to give in the Prices of Flour, ſhall deliver Copies of ſuch Return to two of the Bakers reſiding within the Place, for which the ſame ſhall be made, with the Notice thereunder written of the Time and Place of ſetting the next Aſſize, to the End that the Bakers of ſuch Place may have, from Time to Time, an Opportunity to offer to ſuch Magiſtrates or Juſtices their Objections, if any they have, againſt any Advance being at that Time made in the Weight of Bread.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That after any Aſſize of Bread ſhall be ſet, in Purſuance of this Act, no Alteration ſhall be made therein, either to raiſe the ſame higher, or to ſink the ſame lower, unleſs the Price of Flour ſhall be returned, as having roſe *Six-pence per* Hundred Weight more than the laſt Return made, or having fallen *Six-pence per* Hundred Weight lower than the ſaid laſt Return.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every Perſon and Perſons, who ſhall make any Loaf Bread of Wheat Flour for Sale in any of the Places aforeſaid, ſhall mark all the Bread he ſhall bake with his Name, and with the following Letters, to diſtinguiſh the ſeveral Sorts; that is to ſay, the fine white Bread with F, and middling Bread with M; which ſeveral Sorts of Bread ſhall be made in the Manner following, the fine white Bread of the beſt fine white Flour, and the middling Bread of good Middlings, and the Loaves of ſuch Bread, ſhall be a *Penny* Loaf or Roll, a *Two-penny*, a *Four-penny*, an *Eight-penny*, and a *Twelve-penny* Loaf, and no other.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever ſhall, after the ſaid Tenth Day of *April*, make for Sale, ſell or expoſe to Sale, any of the ſeveral Sorts of Bread aforeſaid, within the Places aforeſaid, which ſhall not be ſufficiently baked, or marked with the Mark, and of the Weight and Fineneſs directed by this Act, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons offending in the Premiſes, ſhall forfeit all ſuch Bread ſo deficient in Weight or Fineneſs, and not marked as aforeſaid; and that it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Clerks of the reſpective Markets, in any of the Places aforeſaid, if ſuch there be, with any two reputable Freeholders, to be appointed by the Mayor, Chief Burgeſs of any City or Corporate Town, and by any Juſtice reſiding in any Town not Corporate, and in ſuch Places aforeſaid, where there ſhall be no ſuch Clerk, to and for ſuch Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Juſtices reſpectively ſhall appoint, and they are hereby authoriſed and required (without any further or other Warrant, with or without a Conſtable) to enter into all Houſes or other Places, where they ſhall be informed, or ſuſpect there is any Bread baked for Sale, at leaſt twice in every Month, to examine and weigh all ſuch Bread, and to ſeize all ſuch as they ſhall find deficient in Weight or Fineneſs, and not baked and marked as aforeſaid; and if any Baker, or other Perſon, ſhall refuſe to ſuffer the ſaid Clerks and Freeholders, or other Perſons, appointed as aforeſaid, to enter into his Houſe or other ſuſpected Place, to examine and weigh his Bread, he ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of *Five Pounds*, for every ſuch Offence, to be recovered before any Magiſtrate or Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid City, Boroughs or Counties, reſpectively, as Debts not exceeding *Five Pounds* are by Law directed to be recovered; of all which Forfeitures and Penalties the ſaid Clerk of the Market, or other Perſon appointed as aforeſaid, ſhall have one Third Part for his Trouble, and ſhall deliver the other Two Thirds to the Overſeers of the Poor of the City, Borough, Townſhip or Place, where ſuch Bread ſhall be ſeized, or Penalty incurred, for the Uſe of the Poor thereof.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Baker ſhall conceive himſelf aggrieved by the Seizure of Bread as aforeſaid, he may appeal to any Magiſtrate or Juſtice aforeſaid reſpectively, who ſhall hear and finally determine thereon, and if it ſhall appear to the ſaid Magiſtrate and Juſtice that the ſaid Bread was juſtly ſeized, the Baker thereof ſhall pay the Sum of *Ten Shillings*, to the Uſe of the Poor of the City, Borough or Townſhip, where the ſaid Bread was ſeized, with reaſonable Charges; but in caſe the ſaid Bread, upon Trial, ſhall be found of due Weight and Fineneſs, and marked and baked as this Act directs, it ſhall be returned to the Baker, and the Charges ſhall be paid by the Officer or Perſon ſeizing the ſame; and if any Perſon purchaſing Bread, ſhall find it deficient in any of the Particulars before mentioned, he or ſhe may make Complaint thereof, within One Day after the ſaid Bread ſhall be ſo purchaſed, to any Magiſtrate or Juſtice aforeſaid, who is hereby authoriſed and required to hear and examine ſuch Complaint, and if the ſaid Bread ſhall be deficient in any of the ſaid Particulars, the Baker thereof ſhall be adjudged to pay *Five Shillings* for every ſuch Offence, and be thereupon committed to the common Goal, without Bail or Mainprize, until he pay the ſame, which Penalty, when received by the ſaid Juſtice, ſhall be delivered to the Overſeers of the Poor aforeſaid, for the Uſe of the Poor.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall adulterate or mix any improper or unwholſome Ingredient in any Kind of Flour, of which Bread ſhall be made for Sale, in any of the Places where the Aſſize of Bread ſhall be ſet, as aforeſaid, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons, being thereof legally convicted, before any Magiſtrate or Juſtice for the City or County where ſuch Bread ſhall be ſo made, ſold or expoſed to Sale, who is hereby authoriſed and impowered to hear, try and determine the ſame, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of *Five Pounds* for every ſuch Offence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Clerk of the Market, of any City, Borough or Town, within this Province, to weigh all Butter, brought into the ſame, to be ſold by Weight, which, if found deficient, the ſaid Clerk ſhall, forthwith, in the Preſence of two reputable Freeholders, weigh again, and if it appear to the ſaid Freeholders, that the ſaid Butter is under Weight, the ſame ſhall be ſeizable; one Third Part thereof for the Uſe of the ſaid Clerk, and the other Two Thirds for the Uſe of the Poor of the Place where ſeized; and in caſe any Owner or Owners of Butter ſo ſeized, ſhall conceive him, her or themſelves, aggrieved by ſuch Seizure, he, ſhe or they, may appeal to any Magiſtrate or Juſtice aforeſaid, of the City, Borough or Place, where ſuch Seizure is made, who ſhall hear, try and determine the ſame.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Clerks of the ſeveral Markets within this Province now in Office ſhall, on or before the Tenth Day of *April* next enſuing the Publication of this Act, and all ſuch Clerks as ſhall hereafter be appointed, before they ſhall enter upon the Execution of their Offices, take the following Oath or Affirmation, before ſome Magiſtrate or Juſtice of the City, Borough or County, wherein they ſhall reſide, *viz.* "*That he will well and truly, to the beſt of his "Skill and Judgment, do and perform all Things enjoined and required "of him, as Clerk of the Market, by the Laws of this Province.*" And that the Perſon or Perſons to be appointed, from Time to Time, in Virtue of this Act, to ſearch for and ſeize Bread, made contrary to the Regulations herein before mentioned, ſhall in like Manner take the following Oath or Affirmation. "That they "will, to the beſt of their Skill and Judgment, do and perform "all and ſingular the Matters and Things enjoined and required "of them by this Act."

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Act of General Aſſembly, paſſed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of *William* the Third, intituled, "*An Act for the Aſſize "of Bread*," ſhall be, and is hereby repealed and made null and void.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That this Act ſhall continue and be in Force from the Publication thereof, for and during the Term of Three Years, and from thence to the End of the next Seſſion of Aſſembly, and no longer.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premiſes, on the 20th day of April next, at two o'clock in the afternoon,

A SMALL valuable plantation, containing 45 acres of good land, whereon is a good two ſtory ſtone houſe, with 3 rooms on a floor, and two good cellars, with a large two ſtory kitchen, and a pump of good water near the door, a good ſpring-houſe, a large ſtable and ſheds, two good gardens, well paled in; a large orchard of good fruit, 5 or 6 acres of good meadow, part of which watered. The whole is in good repair, and may be entered on immediately; it is a fine healthy place, and may ſuit a gentleman for a country ſeat, or any public buſineſs. There has been a public houſe kept there for 40 years paſt, and known by the name of *The Prince of Wales*, about 10 miles from Philadelphia, on the main road to Lancaſter. Attendance will be given, and the conditions made known, by FRANCIS HOLTON. ‖ 4*W*.

To the PUBLIC.

NECESSITY obliges me, though with the greateſt Reluctance, thus to inform a Number of the Adventurers in the late PETTIT'S-ISLAND Land and Caſh Lottery, that unleſs they immediately diſcharge their reſpective Balances (for which I am greatly diſtreſſed) the Delay of which prevents me from acting agreeable to the Intention of the Undertaking, and inſtead of being to my Benefit, muſt compleat my Ruin, as I am obliged, by all Principles of Honour and Honeſty, to make good the reſpective Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers. I truſt, the ſame Friendſhip that induced my Acquaintance, and others, to purchaſe Tickets, will be fulfilled, by paying their Balances to Mr. JOHN CHALNOR, who is properly authorized to receive the ſame. A ſpeedy Compliance ſhall ever be gratefully acknowledged, by the Public's obliged Friend,

WILLIAM MASTERS.

THE Members of the BLOCKLEY and MERION UNITED LIBRARY COMPANY, are deſired to attend at their Library Room, the Sixth Day of April, between the Hours of Three and Six in the Afternoon, to chooſe Six Directors, and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year, and to make their annual Payment. *By Order of the Directors,*

March 17, 1772. § ISAAC WARNER.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Kingleſs townſhip, Philadelphia County, about the middle of 12th Month laſt, a HEIFFER, ſuppoſed two years old, with red ſides, white belly and face, two white ſpots on her back. The owner is deſired to come and prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOHN HUNT. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

PHILADELPHIA.

EXTRACT of an ACT *for the Support of the Government of this Province, making the Exciſe on Wine, Rum, Brandy and other Spirits, more equal, and preventing Frauds in the Collecting and Paying the ſaid Exciſe.*

BE it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Tenth Day of *April* next, enſuing the Publication of this Act, there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid the Rate, Duty and Sum of *Four-pence* per Gallon, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Quantity, for all Wine, Rum, Brandy and other Spirits, bartered, ſold or conſumed within this Province (Wine, Rum, Brandy and other Spirits, made or diſtilled from the natural Products of this Province, for the private Uſe of the Owner, and Wine, Rum, Brandy and other Spirits, entered for Exportation out of this Province, and exported accordingly, only excepted.)

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the ſaid Tenth Day of *April*, every Perſon who ſhall ſell, barter or diſpoſe of, all or any of the Liquors aforeſaid, by any Quantity above Twenty Gallons at one Time, ſhall be deemed a Seller by Wholeſale; and that every Perſon who ſhall ſell, barter or diſpoſe of, all or any of the Liquors aforeſaid, by any leſs Quantity, at one Time, ſhall be deemed Retailers, within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act. And that every Retailer of all or any of the ſaid Liquors ſhall, before he, ſhe or they ſhall draw, barter, ſell or diſpoſe of the ſame, or any Part of them, enter his, her or their Name or Names, and Places of Abode, with the ſaid Collector of Exciſe for the County where he, ſhe or they ſhall reſide, or with the Deputy of ſuch Collector, in a Book to be kept by them for that Purpoſe; and ſhall take and have a Permit for ſelling the ſaid Liquors by Retail, under the Penalty of forfeiting the Value of all ſuch Liquors as ſhall be ſold by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſelling by Retail without ſuch Entry and Permit.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That every ſuch Wholeſale Dealer and Retailer, who ſhall purchaſe any of the Liquors aforeſaid, within this Province, and every Perſon and Perſons purchaſing any ſuch Liquors of and from the ſaid Dealers by Wholeſale, for his, her or their private Uſe, ſhall, before they, or any of them, their or any of their Agents or Servants, ſhall load, or cauſe the ſame to be loaded into any Veſſel, Cart, Waggon, Dray or other Carriage, for Tranſportation, and before they or any of them ſhall remove, or cauſe the ſame to be removed from the Houſe, Cellar, Vault, Shop, Store or other Place where purchaſed, make a juſt and true Entry with the Collector of the Exciſe for the City and County of *Philadelphia*, if there purchaſed, otherwiſe with the Collector of the Exciſe for the County where the ſame ſhall be purchaſed, of his, her or their Name or Names, and the Name of the Townſhip and County where he, ſhe or they ſhall reſide, and of all and every Caſk or other Veſſel in which ſuch Liquors are contained, with the Marks, Numbers and true Contents thereof, and of the Name or Names of the Perſon or Perſons of whom purchaſed, under the Penalty of forfeiting all ſuch Liquors ſo loaded or removed, and not truly entered as aforeſaid. And that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, of whom any Quantity of the Liquors aforeſaid above Twenty Gallons ſhall be ſo purchaſed at one Time, ſhall deliver, or cauſe or ſuffer the ſame to be delivered, to the Purchaſer or Purchaſers thereof, or to his, her or their Agents or Servants, or any of them, before the ſaid Liquors ſhall be duly entered, in the Manner, and with the Collector aforeſaid, under the Penalty of *Fifteen Pounds* for every Hundred Gallons, and ſo in Proportion for any greater or leſſer Quantity of the Liquors aforeſaid, ſo as aforeſaid delivered, or cauſed or ſuffered to be delivered, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, to be recovered in any Court of Record within this Province, by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Eſſoin, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than one Imparlance, ſhall be allowed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any of the Liquors aforeſaid ſhall be purchaſed by Wholeſale in the City or County of *Philadelphia*, with Deſign to Tranſport and ſell, or conſume the ſame in any other County within this Province, the Collector of the ſaid City and County ſhall deliver to the Purchaſer, at the Time of making the Entry aforeſaid, a Certificate, under his Hand, to the Collector of ſuch other County, where the ſame is intended to be tranſported, ſold or conſumed, of the Entries ſo as aforeſaid made in his Office, with an Account of the Sum and Sums of Money by ſuch Purchaſer paid, if any; for which Entry and Certificate, the ſaid Collector ſhall receive *Six-pence*, and no more. And the ſaid Collector of the City and County of *Philadelphia* ſhall moreover, once in every Three Months, tranſmit to the Collectors of the ſeveral other Counties within this Province, reſpectively, a full and true Account, under his Hand, of all Entries in his Office, made of the Liquors aforeſaid, and of the Sum and Sums of Money paid, from Time to Time, by the Purchaſers, in order that the Rates and Duties aforeſaid, remaining unpaid, may be duly collected, and Frauds, againſt the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, more eaſily detected.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Seller by Wholeſale, or Retailer, of all or any of the Liquors aforeſaid, who ſhall purchaſe the ſame in the Province of *New-Jerſey* or *Maryland*, or in the *Three Lower Counties* on *Delaware*, or in any Place in the River or Bay of *Delaware*, ſhall alſo, from and after the ſaid Tenth Day of *April* next, enſuing the Publication of this Act, before he or they ſhall take into his or their Houſes, Shops, Cellars, Vaults or Stores, or divide or ſell, barter or conſume any Quantity thereof, make true Entry of all and every Caſk and Veſſel in which ſuch Liquors are contained, with the Marks, Numbers and Contents thereof, and of the Name or Names of the Perſon or Perſons of whom purchaſed, with the Collector of the County, or his Deputy, where ſuch Liquors are brought or intended to be bartered, ſold, divided or conſumed, or with a Juſtice of the Peace living next to ſuch Purchaſers, under the ſame Penalty as if ſuch Liquors had been bought within this Province, and not entered as this Act directs; true Copies of which ſaid Entries the ſaid Juſtice ſhall, once in every Three Months, tranſmit or deliver to the ſaid Collector, or his Deputy; for each of which Entries the ſaid Juſtice or Collector, or his Deputy, ſhall have and receive *Six-pence*; and the ſaid Juſtice for ſuch Copies, *Six-pence*, and no more.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That where any Perſon or Perſons ſhall import any of the Liquors aforeſaid for his, her or their private Uſe, or ſhall apply to his, her or their private Uſe, any Liquors imported for Sale, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall, before he or they ſhall draw the ſame, or any Part thereof, for ſuch Uſe, enter the ſaid Liquors in the ſame Manner, with the Collector of the County, or his Deputy, where ſuch Liquors ſhall be ſo drawn or uſed, as is herein before directed as to Liquors purchaſed within this Province, under the Penalty of forfeiting all ſuch Liquors, not entered as aforeſaid, with the Value thereof, for every ſuch Offence. And if it ſhall appear to any Juſtice of the Peace, on the Oath or Affirmation of ſuch Collector, or his Deputy, or any other credible Perſon, that there is Cauſe to ſuſpect that any ſuch Perſon or Perſons have drawn any ſuch Liquors, before Entry as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful, and the ſaid Juſtice is hereby impowered to iſſue his Warrant, authoriſing the ſaid Collector, with the Sheriff, Under-ſheriff, or any Conſtable, whom he ſhall take to his Aſſiſtance, to enter, in the Day-time, and, if Neceſſity requires, to break open any Door of any Houſe, Store, Shop, Cellar, Vault or other Room of ſuch Offender, to ſearch for, diſcover and ſeize the Liquors ſo forfeited.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, ariſing on all or any of the Liquors aforeſaid, purchaſed by any Quantity above Twenty, and not exceeding Eighty Gallons at one Time, ſhall be paid by the Purchaſer to the Collector for the County, where the ſame ſhall be purchaſed, at the Time of entering ſuch Liquors as aforeſaid. And that the Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, ariſing on all or any of the Liquors aforeſaid, purchaſed at one Time by any Quantity above Eighty Gallons, ſhall, in Three Months after the Purchaſe, be paid by the Purchaſer to the Collector for the County where the ſame ſhall be ſold, uſed or drawn, under the Penalty of *Ten Shillings* for every Neglect or Refuſal. And that all the Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, ariſing on any of the Liquors aforeſaid, retailed by the Quantity of Twenty Gallons and leſs, at one Time, ſhall, once in every Three Months, be paid for by the Retailer thereof to the Collector of the County where ſold, unleſs the ſame ſhall have been paid at the Time of the Entry of ſuch Liquors, to the Collector of the County where purchaſed as aforeſaid.

Provided always nevertheleſs, that where any ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſelling all or any of the Liquors aforeſaid by Wholeſale, ſhall purchaſe the ſame within this Province, by any Quantity above Eighty Gallons, and ſhall, by Entry thereof, be charged with the Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, ariſing thereon, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every ſuch Perſon and Perſons, once in every Six Months, to diſcharge him, her or themſelves of and from the Payment of the ſaid Rates, Duties and Sums of Money, ariſing on all ſuch of the ſaid Liquors as he, ſhe or they, ſhall ſell or barter, by the Entries to be made in Purſuance of the Directions of this Act, at the Time of the Sale thereof, and a juſt and true Return of the ſaid Liquors remaining unſold. And the Collectors aforeſaid reſpectively ſhall, and they are hereby required to levy, collect, recover and receive the ſame, of and from the Purchaſer or Purchaſers thereof, in the Manner enjoined by this Act.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no ſuch Permit ſhall be granted to any Perſon or Perſons (Diſtillers of Spirits from the natural Products of this Province only excepted) to retail any of the Liquors aforeſaid, unleſs ſuch Retailer ſhall firſt agree, and give ſufficient Surety, that he will well and truly pay to ſuch Collector, as much Money as ſhall make up the Rates and Duties, ariſing on the Quantity of Liquors he ſhall retail in one Year, or in any leſs Time, ſhould he not continue to retail Liquors throughout the Year, the Sum of *Three Pounds*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Retailer and Retailers are hereby enjoined, once in every Three Months, or oftener, if required, to make true and particular Entries with the Collectors, or their Deputies aforeſaid reſpectively, upon Oath or Affirmation (which the ſaid Collectors, and their Deputies, or any Juſtice of the Peace, are hereby fully authoriſed and enjoined to adminiſter) of all the Wine, Rum, Brandy or other Spirits, which they, or any of them, have purchaſed, or had in their Poſſeſſion, within that Time, and that they had not ſold or bartered more of ſuch Liquors than by them returned, and ſo from Time to Time during the Continuance of their Sale, under the Penalty of *Five Pounds* for every Neglect or Refuſal. And the ſaid Retailers ſhall alſo, and are hereby enjoined to account for and pay to the ſaid Collectors, or their Deputies reſpectively, once in every Three Months, or oftener, if required, all ſuch Rates and Sums of Money, as ſhall become due and payable by them by Virtue of this Act, under the Penalty of *Forty Shillings* for every Refuſal, and have their Permits or Licences taken away, and are hereby declared incapable to be Retailers of Liquors as aforeſaid, during the Continuance of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all and every Retailer and Retailers of all or any of the Liquors aforeſaid ſhall, at the Time of entering his, her or their Name or Names, and Places of Abode as aforeſaid, with the ſaid Officers, give unto the ſaid Collectors, or their Deputies reſpectively, an exact and true Account of all Wine, Rum, Brandy and other Spirits, which ſhall be in their Poſſeſſion, or in the Poſſeſſion of any other Perſon or Perſons in Truſt for them, at the Time of the Entry aforeſaid, and of whom purchaſed, under the Penalty of forfeiting all ſuch Liquors; for which Entry, the ſaid Officers ſhall have *Six-pence*, and no more.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the ſaid Collectors reſpectively, and their Deputies, and they are hereby authoriſed and impowered, at any Time when they ſhall ſee convenient, to enter, in the Day-time, the Houſe, Store, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or any other Room or Place of any ſuch Retailer or Retailers, and to compare the Liquors there, or in any other Place found, with the Entries made; and to ſeize, take and carry away all ſuch Liquors, as ſhall be not truly entered, or otherwiſe forfeited by Virtue of this Act. And if it ſhall be found impracticable or inconvenient to take away the ſaid Liquors from the Place where they ſhall be ſo as aforeſaid ſeized, the Collector or Deputy-collector ſeizing the ſame, in every ſuch Caſe, ſhall aſcertain the Quantity of ſuch Liquors by gauging the ſame, and the Owner or Owners thereof ſhall pay to the ſaid Collector or Deputy the Value thereof, at and according to the current Price of the ſaid Liquors at *Philadelphia*, at the Time of making ſuch Seizure.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the ſaid reſpective Collectors, or their Deputies, to enter, in the Day-time, into any Houſe, Store, Shop, Cellar, Vault, Room or other Place, of any Perſon or Perſons retailing any of the Liquors aforeſaid, either by Licence or Permit, to ſearch for, examine and gauge the ſame, as often as they ſhall ſee fit, and if any ſuch Retailers ſhall refuſe them the Liberty ſo to do, or ſhall oppoſe or reſiſt them in Diſcharge of their ſaid Duty, they ſhall and may break open any Doors, and, if Occaſion or Neceſſity requires, take to their Aſſiſtance the Sheriff, or one or more Conſtable or Conſtables of the City or County reſpectively, who, without any further or other Warrant, are hereby, under the Penalty of *Five Pounds* for every Refuſal or Neglect, required to be aiding and aſſiſting therein to the ſaid Collectors and their Deputies, for the better and more effectual collecting the Rates, Duties, Penalties and Forfeitures, impoſed by this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That in all Caſes where any Seizure ſhall be made by any of the ſaid Collectors, or their Deputies, of any of the Liquors aforeſaid, in Purſuance of this Act, the burthen of the Proof ſhall lie on the Owner or Owners thereof.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That there ſhall be allowed by the Collectors, or their Deputies reſpectively, unto ſuch Perſon and Perſons, as ſhall ſell the Liquors aforeſaid, *Ten per Cent.* for Leakage and Waſtage of the Liquors, by them bought or ſold; and if any Caſk ſhould happen to break, ſtart or burſt, no Rate or Duty ſhall be charged for ſo much of the Liquors, as ſhall be proved by the Owner or Owners thereof to be thereby loſt.

PETERSBURGH, Nov. 29.

MESSIEURS Obreſcow and Leuaſchow, who were ſo long priſoners, either in the Caſtle of the Seven Towers, or in the Ottoman army, while they were Miniſters from this Court to the Porte, are returned here. The Empreſs, to ſhew how well ſhe is ſatisfied with their conduct, has appointed the former a Knight of the order of St. Alexander Newſki, and made him a preſent of 10,000 rubles; and the other is made a Counſellor of State, and gratified with 5000 rubles; and her Imperial Majeſty has aſſured them, that this is only an earneſt of her future favours.

LONDON.

Dec. 10. An Anathema was pronounced on Saturday laſt at the Synagogue in Duke's Place, againſt all the accomplices in the late robbery at Mrs. Hutchins's.

The Dutcheſs of York is next heir to an eſtate of 6000 l. per annum, her brother, the Iriſh patriot, having no children.

In a converſation which the Earl of Rochford had a few days ago with the Prince de Maſſerano, wherein the Secretary demanded explicit reaſons for the conduct of the Spaniards in the American ſeas, and of their movements in general, the haughty Spaniard arrogantly aſked his Lordſhip, why he was not commiſſioned too to enquire how often his (the Spaniard's) maſter ſaid his prayers, or retired to his water-cloſet? The ſpirited anſwer of Lord Rochford was, "Sir, your Excellency may treat the buſineſs of the Engliſh *Miniſter* as ludicrouſly as you pleaſe; but pray remember that the Engliſh *Gentleman* demands another kind of carriage, and will enforce it on all requiſite occaſions." This determined reply of the *Gentleman* compelled a conceſſion, which no remonſtrance of the *Miniſter* had ever been able to effect.--The ſtory is now the talk of all the great tables.

A little before the play of Barbaroſſa began on Friday at Covent Garden, a young lady of faſhion came into the King's Box, with three daughters of about five years old, all twins, exactly of a ſize and ſhape, and perfectly alike in features; there was no knowing one from the other: They were very handſome, and their dreſs being exactly alike as their perſons, added to the prettineſs of the appearance. The audience were ſo ſtruck with the ſingularity of the thing, that they gave a great applauſe, and the little creatures curtſeying to it, made their obeiſance ſo exactly all at once, that they ſeemed as if one mind inſpired them.

Tranſlation of a Letter from Civita Vecchia.

"Yeſterday a felucca arrived here from Corſica. I have only time by this poſt, to ſend you the following extraordinary intelligence: Next week you ſhall receive intelligence ſtill more extraordinary, that will ſurprize you much.

"At Oletta, nine French ſoldiers, three weeks paſt, found an old peaſant, in appearance paſt ſeventy, in a cottage in this place, much wounded, and in company with his two daughters, who anxiouſly attended the critical ſituation of his health: Not doubting but he was wounded in a ſkirmiſh with the French troops, they compelled the eldeſt of the daughters to ſhoot the father, when bound to a cheſtnut-tree, and afterwards murdered the two daughters.

"At Sangalino, three Corſican girls, about nine years of age, were yeſterday hanged up by their feet in the market-place, by order of a French Major, for having cried, *Viva il Coſtro Generale Illuſtriſſimo Signor Paulo.* Having hung an hour, by order of the officer, their throats were cut, and they were ſuffered to hang bleeding the reſt of the day.

"At Paſtorechia, a father and ſon being returned to this place, after the laſt ſkirmiſh with the French, and much wounded, a party of French ſoldiers immediately ſeized the father and ſon, and put them into chains. The next morning they compelled the father, before a multitude of Corſican peaſants, to fire at his ſon, aged 31 years, who was inſtantly ſhot through the body.

"At Crucciaci, a Corſican prieſt, worn out with age, and much wounded, was found by a French officer and his party, near this town; they immediately cut off the old man's legs, plucked out his tongue by the roots, ſtuck his eyes full of pins, and filled his mouth with pebbles, leaving the mutilated body upon the road.

"At Veſcovato, a decrepid peaſant, with every mark of venerable old age, ſupported by his ſon, a youth of 20, paſſing through this town, were laſt week ſeized for ſpies; the old man blind, the ſon deaf and dumb. Theſe objects of univerſal charity were by French penetration inſtantly dubbed ſpies. The unfortunate youth was beheaded, and his head placed in the hands of venerable old age, and who was immediately hung upon a tree.

"The French threaten there ſhall be an avenue formed with Corſican bodies, from Baſtia to Fiorenzo; nor is it to be doubted, for they have diſtributed two thouſand ſcalping knives among their troops, with a premium of twenty livres for every Corſican ſcalp. A brilliant proof of the politeneſs and humanity of the moſt refined nation in Europe, as the French ſtile themſelves, and who firſt taught the ſavage Americans the uſe of ſcalping knives; who taught barbarity to the moſt inhuman of ſavages."

Dec. 12. *Died at Canterbury, Lieut. Swinburne, aged* 103; *though never promoted higher, he had been in the ſea ſervice near* 80 *years, and had diſtinguiſhed himſelf in ſeveral great actions; in particular he was in the caſtle of Alicant, at the time of blowing up the rock at that place, yet died at laſt on half-pay.*

A ſhip from Carolina to Liverpool, was loſt on the 28*th ult. near Kinſale, and all the people periſhed, except the captain.*

As ſome labourers were cleanſing a fiſh pond at a gentleman's ſeat, near Eaſt Grinſtead in Suſſex, they found a bottle covered with mud a yard deep, on which were inſcribed theſe words: "New Canary, put in to ſee how long it will keep good, April, 1666, *R. Wilſon." The mouth of the bottle was waxed over, the wine was excellent, though the cork was almoſt decayed.*

The inhabitants of Jerſey are going to ſend over four of the principal merchants of that Iſland, in order to repreſent to his Majeſty the oppreſſions which thoſe people labour under, and to crave a ſpeedy redreſs of their grievances.

Dec. 17. *Thurſday Lady W-ld----ve met the Dutcheſs of C--------d on the road near Windſor, when not the leaſt compliment paſſed between them.*

Dec. 23. *Lord North has appointed ------ Jones, Eſq; Collector of the Cuſtoms for the port of Briſtol.*

The Nelly, Hudſon, from Virginia, in coming up the river, was run foul of by a collier, which drove her anchors through her bows, whereby ſhe was obliged to run on ſhore, with four feet water in her hold.

Dec. 31. *The Bilboa, Power, from Marblehead to Bilboa, is totally loſt near Bilboa Bar; part of the cargoe ſaved.*

The Lowther and Senhouſe,-----, from Virginia to Whitehaven, is ſtranded near Whitehaven.

EDINBURGH, *December* 6.

Copy of a Letter to a Gentleman in this City, Nov. 29.

"*A moſt aſtoniſhing Event has lately happened here. Upon Saturday Night the* 16*th, the great Solway or Solon Moſs (which is upon a high Ground between the Sark and the Eſk, and is near* 1500 *Acres, burſt on the eaſt Side, and in two Days covered about* 400 *Acres of the fineſt Holms upon Eſk, from* 5 *or* 6 *to* 20 *Feet deep. I went to ſee it upon the Wedneſday after, and again upon Tueſday laſt, and found it ſtill running out, like very wet Mortar. It moves but ſlowly, but is a horrid Stream. There is little more Land covered than when I firſt ſaw it, but the Depth is much greater, and I have no Doubt but it muſt ſoon extend itſelf greatly. It has already ruined* 11 *or* 12 *Townſhips, and about* 40 *Families, and many are removing all round it. I ſaid before the Moſs lies high, and as there is a Deſcent from it every Way, no Water could run into it; I have therefore no Doubt but this terrible Event has been occaſioned by ſome ſubterraneous Convulſion. I went upon the Flow, and found near the Middle of it above* 400 *Acres from* 5 *to* 20 *Feet lower than the reſt, in two different Courſes, to the Gap where it burſt out. Many People reckon* 6 *or* 700 *Acres of the Holms covered, but I cannot think it exceeds* 400. *Mr Graham, of Netherby, has ſhewn great Humanity, in giving the poor Sufferers, who are all Tenants, every Aid in his Power. Moſt of the Surface remains, and what is come away is chiefly from the Bottom of the Moſs.*"

CORSICAN ANECDOTE.

TWO Grenadiers, of the regiment of Flanders, in garriſon at Ajaccio, deſerted, and penetrating into the country, inland, ſought ſhelter from purſuit. Chance had brought their Colonel, who happened to be out a hunting, into the track of the two Grenadiers, who ſeeing him, ran into a ſwamp among ſome buſhes. A Shepherd had obſerved them, and with his finger pointed out their hiding-place. The Colonel, who did not comprehend the ſign he was making, aſked him what he meant. The Shepherd obſtinately kept ſilence, but continued to direct him with eyes and finger to the buſhes. At length the people with him went to the place ſo pointed out, and diſcovered the heads of the Deſerters, who were up to the neck in mud. Theſe unfortunate men were inſtantly ſeized, carried to Ajaccio, tried by a Court Martial, and condemned to be ſhot the next day. The ſentence was executed. The Shepherd to whom the Colonel had given a gratuity of four Louis d'Ors, could not for joy keep it ſecret, and divulged his adventure. The Shepherd's own family heard of it, and ſhuddered with horror. All his relations aſſembled and decided, that ſuch a monſter was not fit to live, as had diſhonoured his country and family by receiving the price of the blood of two men, innocent, at leaſt, as to him. They ſought him out, ſeized him, and led him to juſt under the walls of Ajaccio. There, having provided a Prieſt to confeſs him, they ſhot him, without farther ceremony, much in the ſame manner, and about the ſame time, as the French had ſhot their two deſerters. After the execution, they put the four Louis d'Ors into the hands of the Prieſt, whom they commiſſioned to return them to the Colonel. "Tell him, ſaid they, we ſhould think we polluted our hands and ſouls, were we to keep theſe wages of iniquity. None of our nation will touch this money."

WILLIAMSBURG, *March* 5.

It is reſolved in the Honourable the Houſe of Burgeſſes, to concur with the Lower Houſe of Aſſembly of Maryland, in the Expediency of erecting a Lighthouſe on Cape Henry, and that Commiſſioners be appointed to carry the ſame into Execution; for which Purpoſe they direct that a Sum, not exceeding Six Thouſand Pounds, be paid by the Treaſurer to the Commiſſioners; and that a Duty be laid on the Tonnage of all Ships, and other Veſſels, coming into this Colony, other than from Maryland, to repay ſo

much as ſhall be expended in erecting the ſaid Lighthouſe, and to provide a proper Fund for lighting and ſupporting the ſame.

BOSTON, March 5.

We hear that France is not in a State to engage in a War with Great-Britain, and that without the Aſſiſtance of France there is no Danger of a War with Spain:---That the Oppoſition in England is at an End, and the Kingdom in a more quiet and pacific State than it has been for divers Years paſt.

We hear from Liverpool, in Nova-Scotia, of the following ſingular, unhappy Occurrence. A Number of School-boys, for their Amuſement, in the Abſence of their Maſter, formed themſelves into what they called a Court; and immediately exerciſed their Authority in the Trial of a Boy for wearing remarkably ragged Cloaths, who was firſt ſentenced to be whipped: But as this Puniſhment was ſaid to be inadequate to the Crime, they ordered a ſecond Trial, before what they called the Superior Court; when he was ſentenced to be hanged. They made Preparation for the Execution, ſet him upon a Table, with a Rope about his Neck, one End of which was made faſt to ſomething above; when pulling away the Table, he was left hanging; and before they could cut him down, he was dead. It is ſuppoſed they were not aware how quick he would die, and intended to cut him down before he received any Injury. A Number of them were committed to Goal.

We are informed, that great Improvement hath lately been made in the Method of *illuminating Light-Houſes*, by an Invention of the Hon. HENRY NEWTON, Eſq; of Halifax, Nova-Scotia. In the former Method, the Oil decreaſing, left the Wick dry, which of Courſe occaſioned a faint Light; the Smoke alſo darkened the Glaſſes, and obſcured the Light: To remedy which, *Fountain Lamps* are conſtructed, that burn 20 Hours without any ſeeming Decreaſe of Oil; by which Means the Wick has the Oil floating conſtantly to it, and wants no Snuffing (at moſt, but once in a Night) and is ſo contrived, that the Waſte Oil falls back into the Fountain. And to keep the Glaſſes clean, Tin Funnels, ſomewhat in the Shape of Speaking Trumpets, hang over each Lamp, and paſs through the Roof of the Lanthorn, with raiſed Caps of Tin upon them, to prevent Rain or Snow falling down. By this Means the Attendant at the Light Houſe has only to light the Lamps in the Evening, and they burn bright all Night; whereas formerly, the Lamps wanted to be ſupplied two or three Times in a Night, and ſnuffed every Hour; and the Glaſs could not poſſibly be kept clean from Smoke----Each Lamp has three Spouts, which run into a Baſon at the Bottom of the Fountain, and thereby keeps the Oil ſo warm, that it never chills while they are burning.---Another Advantage is, that they burn a leſs Quantity of Oil than the others. The *Halifax* LIGHT-HOUSE *is lately* altered upon the above Plan, and is now acknowledged by all Maſters of Veſſels, to exhibit a remarkably bright and conſtant Light.

NEW-YORK, March 23.

The Brig Diana, Capt. Paul Miller, ſailed from hence for London the 15th of December laſt; and in a few Days after the Veſſel ſprung a Leak, which increaſed ſo faſt, that they threw overboard moſt of the Cargoe between Decks, and were obliged to put into Fyall, Captain Miller having died the ſecond of January. The Diana ſailed from Fyall for London, the Twenty-ſecond of January.

Capt. Rogers, in the Ship Sharp, who arrived here laſt Tueſday from Havre De Grace, ſpoke with the following Veſſels, viz. The firſt Inſtant, in Lat. 35, Long 69, with a Brig from South-Carolina for Gibraltar, 3 Days out; the next Day, Lat. 35: 30, Long. 69: 41, with the Ship Milford, William Levet, Maſter, belonging to Milford, from Hamburgh to Maryland, out 13 Weeks, his Veſſel much wrecked, being frapped with a Hawſer, and was very ſhort of Proviſions, with which Capt. Rogers ſupplied him.

The 9th Inſtant, in Lat. 37: 30, Long. 71: 10, Captain Rogers alſo ſpoke with a Ship from Philadelphia, for Londonderry, 3 Days out, but did not learn the Captain's Name.

On Wedneſday laſt, the 18th Inſtant, was celebrated, at the Houſe of Mr. Abraham De La Montagnie, the Anniverſary of the REPEAL OF THE STAMP-ACT, where a conſiderable Number of Gentlemen were aſſembled, and ſpent the Day with the greateſt Harmony and good Order.---The Day was celebrated in like Manner by another Company of Gentlemen at Proteſtant-Hall, on Long-Iſland; mutual Meſſages of Congratulation were exchanged by them, and the following Toaſts drank by both Companies, viz. The King. The Queen. The Prince of Wales and Royal Family. The Governor and Province. The Earl of Dunmore, our late worthy Governor. The Lieutenant Governor, and the Honourable Members of His Majeſty's Council. The Preſent worthy General Aſſembly. The Mayor and Corporation. Great-Britain and her Colonies. The Navy and Army. The Earl of Chatham. The Patriotic Miniſtry of 1766. The glorious Majority of both Houſes of Parliament in 1766. The ſpirited Burgeſſes of Virginia in 1765. The Pennſylvania Farmer. Loyalty, Unanimity and Perſeverance to the true Sons of Liberty in America. May the Authors of Diſcord and Promoters of inteſtine Feuds meet with their juſt Demerits. Proſperity to Ireland, and the worthy Sons and Daughters of St. Patrick. The German Proteſtants. Trade and Navigation. The Chamber of Commerce. The Marine Society. The Liberty of the Preſs. The Proteſtant Intereſt. May the Houſe of Hanover rule the Britiſh Empire to the End of Time. The Day.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.

Captain Johnſton, from St. Chriſtophers, on the 13th Inſtant, about 13 Leagues from our Capes, ſpoke the Schooner Chance, Captain Greenway, from this Port for Montſerrat, all well.

At St. Chriſtophers Captain Johnſton was informed, that the Captain of a Veſſel, arrived at St. Euſtatia, had made Oath there, that there were many Britiſh Subjects at Porto Rico, kept in cloſe Confinement, and treated like Slaves, by the cruel and haughty Spaniards.

Capt. Robertſon, from Liſbon, on the 29th ult. in Lat. 32: 10, Long. 69: 52, ſpoke the Ship Walworth, Captain Hunter, from Glaſgow for Norfolk, out 7 Weeks; on the 1ſt Inſtant, in Lat. 32: 11, Long. 69: 30, ſpoke a Sloop, from North-Carolina for Antigua, 3 Days out; and on the 8th, in Lat. 37: 29, Long. 71: 30, he ſpoke the Snow Fortune, Captain Cromiſhield, from Salem for North-Carolina, 14 Days out, all well.

On the 7th of laſt Month departed this Life, at Lewes-Town, in the County of Suſſex, in the 80th Year of his Age, after a long and tedious Illneſs, which he endured with great Fortitude and Chriſtian Reſignation, JACOB KOLLOCK, Eſq; who for upwards of forty Years was annually choſen one of the Repreſentatives in Aſſembly for ſaid County; and, for the ſame Length of Time, he was Preſident of the Court of Common Pleas, a Truſtee of the Loan-Office, Regiſter of Wills, Clerk of the Orphan's Court, and Treaſurer of the County; all which Offices he executed with great Reputation: And in the various Stations of private Life his Conduct was irreproachable; he was an affectionate Huſband and Father, a faithful Friend, and a kind Maſter. His ſteady Perſeverance in a virtuous Courſe of Life, rendered him deſervedly beloved by all his Acquaintance.

Laſt Saturday Morning died, in the 59th Year of her Age, Mrs. FLEESON, Wife of Mr. PLUNKET FLEESON; and on Sunday her Remains were decently interred in St. Paul's Church Yard, attended by a great Number of the reſpectable Inhabitants of this City.

THOMAS POLGREEN HEWLINGS, and JAMES KINSEY, Eſquires, are elected Repreſentatives for the City of Burlington, in New-Jerſey; and HENRY PAXSON, and ANTHONY SYKES, Eſquires, Repreſentatives for the County.

JOHN HINCHMAN, and ROBERT FRIEND PRICE, Eſquires, are elected Repreſentatives for the County of Glouceſter, in New-Jerſey.

Laſt Sunday Evening a CHARITY SERMON was preached at ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, in this City, by the Rev. Mr. WILLIAM STRINGER, for the Benefit of the Priſoners, and other diſtreſſed Poor, when the Sum of *Twenty-ſeven Pounds, Seven Shillings and Five-pence*, was collected.

Large Contributions of Victuals, Bedding, Wearing Apparel, and Wood, were laſt Week ſent to the Priſoners confined in our Goal. And on St. Patrick's Day, a Number of Iriſh Gentlemen generouſly contributed above *Thirty Pounds* for their Relief.

ARRIVALS.

Captains Simmons, Keith, and Williams, from Philadelphia, at Liſbon; and Captain Galbraith, from Virginia, at Dover.

Public Notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, That a Court of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GOAL DELIVERY, will be held at Philadelphia, for the City and County of Philadelphia, on FRIDAY, the Tenth Day of April next. JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

*** The SALE of the OLD ALMS-HOUSE LOTS comes on this Evening at Six o' Clock, at the London Coffee-Houſe.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Nancy and Sukey, J. Robinſon, from Liſbon. Schooner Happy Return, T. Eaſtwick, St. Euſtatia. Snow Dickinſon, J. Johnſon, from Liverpool.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Royal George, J. Lockhart, for Penſacola. Schooner Polly, T. Woodberry, Salem, N. E. Schooner Auguſtine Packet, W. Harris, Georgia. Brig Mermaid, J. Doubleday, and Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, Boſton. Schooner Neptune, L. Dodge, Salem, N. E. Brig Peggy, P. Brown, Barbados. Brig Conſtant Friends, P. Flynn, Liſbon. Sloop Molly, W. Waſdell, for Jamaica.

CLEARED. Brig Friendſhip, J. Blewer, to South-Carolina. Ship King of Portugal, R. Buckley, Liſbon. Sloop Bonaventure, J. Waterman, and Schooner Phœnix, J. Beard, Nantucket. Schooner Lydia, J. Crocker, North-Carolina. Brig Dove, W. Allen, Barbados. Ship Elizabeth, H. Robinſon, Vigo. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, and Schooner Molly, V. Wightman, Rhode-Iſland. Schooner George, J. Scott, to Maryland.

In a few Days will be publiſhed, by HENRY MILLER, *in Race-ſtreet* [*Price Nine Shillings*]

A Complete GERMAN GRAMMAR, in two Parts. By JOHN JAMES BACHMAIR, M. A.

[*The London Edition ſells for Fourteen Shillings.*] ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 4th of April next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the houſe of the Widow Dotterer, in Limerick townſhip, one equal and undivided moiety or half part of and in a certain plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in Limerick townſhip aforeſaid, the whole containing 100 acres, or thereabouts, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by lands of William Brooks, George Brooks, Barnabas Coulſton, and others; having a two ſtory ſtone meſſuage or tenement, barn, ſtables, and other outhouſes erected thereon; late the eſtate of HENRY SEIDLER, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

At the ſame time alſo, in purſuance of an order of Orphan's Court, will be expoſed to ſale, at the houſe of the ſaid Widow Dotterer,

THE other equal and undivided moiety, or half part, of and in the aforeſaid plantation and tract of land. Alſo one other tract or piece of land, with a meſſuage thereon, ſituate in Limerick townſhip aforeſaid, contiguous to the above deſcribed tract, containing 240 acres, or thereabouts; late the eſtate of Philip Dotterer, deceaſed.

Attendance will be given, at the time and place of ſale, by ELIZABETH DOTTERER, and FREDERICK ANTIS, Adminiſtrat.

To be DISPOSED of,

THE Time of an Engliſh Servant Lad, who has about two Years to ſerve, is a very good Poſtilion, and can drive on the Box. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

Philadelphia, March 26, 1772.

THE MEMBERS of the PHILADELPHIA CONTRIBUTIONSHIP, *for enſuring Houſes from Loſs by Fire*, are hereby notified, that their Annual Election for the Choice of Twelve Directors, and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing Year, will be held at the Court-Houſe, on Monday, the 13th of April next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon.

MATTHEW CLARKSON, Clerk.

TO BE LET,

PART of a PLANTATION, containing about 15 acres of land, with a good brick and ſtone dwelling-houſe, ſpring-houſe, &c. ſituate on the bank of Schuylkill, about three miles from the city. Enquire of

§ SAMUEL RHOADS.

To be SOLD, at the London Coffee-houſe, at public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 25th day of April next, at ſix o' clock in the evening (or any time before at private ſale)

A BANK HOUSE (inſured for 7 years from the 10th of February laſt) a few doors below Market-ſtreet, where the ſubſcriber lately lived, now in the tenure of Mr. John Duffield, is an excellent ſtand for buſineſs, the houſe is 18 feet and a half front, and 44 feet deep, well finiſhed, 5 ſtory in Water-ſtreet, and 3 in Front-ſtreet, 3 rooms on a floor, a pump in the kitchen, a cellar under the whole, and a vault under Front-ſtreet, that will hold 18 cords of wood, one half of the four-feet ſteps from Water-ſtreet to Front-ſtreet, oppoſite to the honourable William Allen, Eſq; belonging to ſaid houſe. One half of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, the other half payable in one year, with intereſt.

¶ TOWNSEND WHITE.

WANTS a PLACE,

A MIDDLE-AGED ſober perſon, of a good conduct, lately come from Germany. He is fit for a merchant's clerk, but would ſuit a wine merchant beſt, as in Europe he has been a conſiderable time in that trade, as well for himſelf as others, and conſequently is a good judge of wines. For particulars, apply to LUDWIG KUHN, at the ſign of the Golden Roſe, the corner of Third and Arch-ſtreets, in Philadelphia. †

MATTHIAS ASPDEN

HAS for SALE, at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, a ſmall aſſortment of DRY GOODS, which he will diſpoſe of at a low advance, for caſh, viz. Broadcloths, beaver coating, blue and green frize, blue duffels, white ſwanſkin, white flannel, beſt hempen and flaxen ozenbrigs, brown roll, brown heſſen, 7 8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, Iriſh ſheetings, durants, calimancoes and ſhaloons, clouting diaper, Ruſſia drilling, 11 nail ¼, 7-8ths, yard wide, and yard 3-8ths cotton and linen checks, black, blue, green and cloth-coloured quality binding, ſtriped tapes, ſhirt buttons and bobbin, 3-qr. and 7-8ths check handkerchiefs, feſterſoy ditto, black, green and cloth-coloured perſians, cloth-coloured ſattin and paduaſoy ribbons, black ditto, black and cloth-coloured beſt belladine ſewing ſilk, white 3 corded ditto, cambricks and lawns, in patches and pieces, ſaggathies, calicoes and chints, mens and womens thread and cotton hoſe, table knives and forks, butchers ditto, Barlow penknives, ſciſſars, white metal and ſteel buckles, horn combs, &c.

N. B. To be ſold, the time of an indented ſervant lad, who has about 6 years to ſerve. Enquire of MATTHIAS ASPDEN.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE,

On SATURDAY, the Twenty-fifth of April next, at the Coffee-houſe, at ſix o' clock in the evening,

A LOT of LAND, in the Northern Liberties, known by the name of the Bleach-yard, about one mile and a half from the Market-houſe; there is on ſaid lot, a ſmall genteel brick houſe, alſo a houſe ſuitable for a tenant, with a ſtable and other buildings, a conſiderable number of fruit trees, a conſtant ſtream of water running through the middle of the lot. Said lot may be very conveniently divided into two parts, as it fronts on two roads. The purchaſer may have time for payment, if required, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt regularly. *March* 24, 1772. ISAAC ALLEN. ¶

A QUANTITY of TIMOTHY and BLUE GRASS HAY, to be ſold by JACOB WEISS, living in Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Race-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to Mr. John Schweighauſer's. ¶

Philadelphia, March 21, 1772.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN *away this morning, from the ſubſcriber, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named* MATTHEW GLOSTER, 18 *or* 19 *years of age, 5 feet* 4 *inches high, by trade a rope-maker, well ſet, a thin freckled face, down look, thick brown hair, and grey eyes; came from Cork, about* 3 *years and a half ago; had on a dark greyiſh bearſkin coat, with a ſmall cape of the ſame, buckſkin breeches, yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, and a red and white ſilk handkerchief round his neck. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, from* WILLIAM DREWRY,

N. B. It is ſuppoſed he is gone to New-York. If ſuch a fellow ſhould enquire for work there, it is hoped that he will be taken up and ſecured by ſome of the calling, as ſoon as this ſhall come to their knowledge, which will oblige their humble ſervant,

¶ W. DREWRY.

To the PUBLIC.

THE ſubſcriber, who, for many years paſt, kept a public houſe of entertainment, in the Borough of Lancaſter, in this province, takes this method of informing his friends and cuſtomers in particular, and the public in general, that he now keeps a public houſe in the town of Lebanon, in the county of Lancaſter, at the ſign of the Bear, partly oppoſite to the houſe of John Philip De Haas, Eſq; where he has erected convenient ſtables for horſes, ſheds for carriages, &c. and as it will be his conſtant care to be furniſhed with the beſt of every thing neceſſary, for the entertainment of gentlemen and their horſes, he hopes his friends, and travellers in general, when their buſineſs calls them to this place, will favour him with their cuſtom, which favour ſhall ever be kept in grateful remembrance, by their moſt humble ſervant, JOHN BARR. §

To be SOLD by

JAMES MATHER,

In Cheſter,

VERY good banking and building STONES, on Crum Creek, where Flats may come up and be loaded. †

Philadelphia, March 23, 1772.

WHEREAS a certain GEORGE WALKER, of the County of Philadelphia, Tavern-keeper, did, on the 14th Day of February laſt, obtain a Note of Twenty Pounds Five Shillings Currency, payable in ſix Months, fraudulently from the Subſcriber; this is therefore to forewarn all Perſons from taking an Aſſignment of the ſame, as Seven or Eight Pounds of the Money was borrowed to game with in his own houſe, he being privy to the ſame, and Twelve or Thirteen Pounds for Punch, and other Liquors, as he informed me, having never rendered me an Account, and otherwiſe taking an Advantage of me, as I can neither read nor write, therefore I am determined never to pay it, unleſs compelled by Law.

† JOHN BATES.

THIS is to give notice to the creditors of HENRY DAVIS, that purſuant to the Act of Aſſembly for the relief of inſolvent debtors, he has preſented a petition to the Court of Quarter Seſſions for the county of Glouceſter, and which has been ſigned by two thirds of his creditors in value, and the Court has appointed the 25th day of April next, for the creditors to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of the ſaid Henry Davis's eſtate ſhould not be made, and his body diſcharged from confinement. HENRY DAVIS. §

Baltimore, March 2, 1772.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber, on the 25th of laſt month, delivered a LETTER to a certain John Hooper (a waggoner, in Frederick county) directed to Normand Bruce, Eſq; and incloſed therein Mr. James Cheſton's Bills of Exchange, dated the 1ſt day of February laſt, payable to the ſubſcriber, on Meſſieurs Stephenſon, Randolph and Cheſton, merchants, in Briſtol, for One Hundred and Five Pounds, ſterling money, which letter the ſaid John Hooper, promiſed to deliver to the ſaid Normand Bruce, Eſq; the next day after he received it, which he has not done. Therefore all perſons whatſoever, are hereby cautioned not to take the ſaid Bills in payment, or purchaſe them on any account, as they will not be paid by the perſons they are drawn on, who are adviſed of the ſame, and directed to ſtop payment, by JAMES CHESTON, the drawer of the Bills, and by

WILLIAM AISQUITH.

*** If the letter ſhould be left in an any gentleman's hands by Hooper, they are deſired to forward the ſame to NORMAND BRUCE, Eſq; and any expence thereon will be paid by him, or

¶ WILLIAM AISQUITH.

Baltimore, March 7, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, from the ſubſcriber, a Scotch ſervant woman, named ANNE M'DONNELL, ſpeaks much in that dialect, about 40 years of age, has red hair, pock-marked; had on, when ſhe went away, a check gown, with broad ſtripes, ſtriped linſey petticoat, an apron the ſame of the gown, leather ſhoes, with low heels, blue yarn ſtockings, one twilled linen ſhift, one ditto, country linen, with ſome other clothes not known; took with her a child, about 3 years old, the child ſpeaks much in the Scotch dialect. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid woman, ſo that her maſter gets her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges paid, if brought home, by JAMES HOLLIDAY.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry off ſaid ſervant. §

RUN away, the 24th of November laſt, an indented ſervant woman, named HANNAH FELIRS, about 25 years of age, a ſhort thick ſet body, with black hair, and a pearl on her left eye, ſuppoſed to ariſe from the ſmall-pox; had on, a new ſtriped lincey woolſey gown, a dark woollen cloak, her ſhoes very bad; and took with her one blue ſtuff gown, and one red ſtriped calicoe ditto, two new ſhifts, &c. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings her to the Three Crowns, in Saliſbury townſhip, on Lancaſter road, or ſecures her in any goal, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

† JOHN GROSCH.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A GOOD two ſtory brick houſe, two rooms on a floor, and fire places in each room, with a good cellar, and a kitchen in part of it; the ſaid houſe is ſituate the ſouth ſide of Chriſtian-ſtreet, between Front and Water or Swanſon-ſtreets, not far from Joſeph Wharton's wharff, Southwark; the lot whereon ſaid houſe ſtands extends 20 feet on Chriſtian-ſtreet, and 80 feet upon a 30 feet alley, with one other lot, adjoining the abovementioned lot, of the ſame dimenſions; the whole is ſubject to a groundrent of Two Shillings currency, per foot. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to JOSEPH TOWN, *living on the ſaid premiſes.* §

Philadelphia, March 24, 1772.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN *away from his bail, on the* 16*th day of this inſtant, a certain* ROBERT BOTCHFORD, *commonly known by the name of* COPPIT'S BOB, *about* 27 *or* 28 *years of age, of a ſwarthy complexion, dark brown hair, and full mouthed; had on, when he went away, a homeſpun ſtriped linſey frock, with black, blue, and white ſtripes, a lightiſh coloured lappelled cloth jacket, ozenbrigs ſhirt, old leather breeches, with old linen trowſers over them, black and white yarn ſtockings, neats leather ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; he took with him ſeveral things that were not his own. Whoever takes up the ſaid* Robert Botchford, *and confines him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me*

¶ WILLIAM ENGLE.

TO BE SOLD,

By the subscriber, and may be entered upon the first day of Fifth-month (May) next, or sooner, if needful,

A VALUABLE tract of land, situate in the township of Upper Freehold, and county of Monmouth, in East New-Jersey, 9 miles from Bordentown, and 4 from Allentown, containing upwards of 180 acres of exceeding good land, 25 acres thereof good meadow, the most part produces a great burthen of clover and spear grass, upwards of 100 acres plow land, and two bearing orchards, all enclosed with good cedar fence; on the land are erected a merchant and grist-mill, having two pair of stones, 3 boulting-cloths, and hoisting jack, which all work by water; the mill-house is 55 feet by 26 feet, with a lean-to of 14 feet wide, a good scale, beam and weights; a wire screen for cleaning wheat, and other utensils, necessary to said mills; a fulling-mill and dye-house, wherein is a large furnace, well fixed, a press-shop, press-screw, and other implements for carrying on the fulling business; a saw-mill, built about two years ago, suited to cut ship plank, or other timber, 40 feet long, having crow bars, dogs and other utensils, requisite thereto.---All said mills are situated on a large and constant stream of water, called Crosswick's-creek, whereby all sorts of lumber, flour and other produce, may be transported to Philadelphia, at a moderate expence. There are also on said premises a commodious brick dwelling-house, two stories high, with 3 rooms on a floor, a frame tenement one story and a half high, having 6 rooms, and a kitchen, all adjoining; a well of water near the door, and one garden before, and another behind the house, both well enclosed. There are likewise on said premises four other tenements (suitable for a miller, cooper, fuller and blacksmith, and their families) a cooper's shop, smith's shop and coal-house; a large pork-house, smoak-house, barn, waggon-house, chaise-house, and stables sufficient for 12 horses. The situation is very convenient for a merchant (a store having been kept there for many years past) and for collecting pork, which may be yearly had in large quantities in the neighbourhood, as good in quality as any where in the province of New-Jersey. The neighbouring farmers generally sell wheat one penny per bushel lower at the said mill than at the mills nearer Delaware. Much might be said in favour of the premises, as to the pleasant, agreeable and advantageous situation thereof in a rich and fertile country, but an examination will be the best recommendation. The title is clear and indisputable, and time will be given for a large part of the purchase-money.

Also to be sold, a tract of good land in Nottingham township, Burlington county, two miles from Lewis's mill, and two and a half from Vandyke's landing, containing 178 acres, 30 whereof meadow land, or swamp, of which 5 acres are cleared; about 80 acres of plow land cleared, and in good fence, a good bearing orchard; the remainder well timbered land; hereon is erected a convenient frame dwelling-house, with a well of water before the door; also a suitable barn, adjoining the premises lies a large quantity of timber land, very useful as an outlet for cattle or swine. The place is now in tenure of Peter Curtis, and may be entered on the first of Fourth-month (April) next. Its situation being contiguous to navigable water, will produce great advantage to a purchaser in the sale of timber he may clear off the land, which will bring a good price at the aforesaid landing. Time will be given for part of the purchase-monies. Any person inclining to purchase the whole, or part of the above described lands, may be further informed, by applying to JAMES and DRINKER, merchants, in Philadelphia; JOHN and WILLIAM IMLAY, merchants, in New-York; or to the owner, living on the first mentioned place. RICHARD BROWN. ‖ 6*W.*

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

A GOOD convenient grist-mill and saw-mill, turned by the main and middle branch of Naaman's-creek, 240 rods from a landing on said creek, and 20 miles water carriage to Philadelphia, built in the years 1761 and 1762, with 7 acres of good meadow, and as much upland, with a dwelling-house, barn, &c. Said mills are situated and calculated for carrying on a large trade, in the flour and scantling way, with sundry conveniencies to each mill. Any person inclining to purchase, may be further informed, by Archibald Dick, inn-keeper, near the premises, and near Marcus-hook; or by the subscriber, near Wilmington, SAMUEL REYNOLDS.

N. B. Also 20 acres of good land, one half whereof cleared, distant one mile from the above premises; all of which will be sold on very reasonable terms. ¶

The Flying-Machine, kept by
CHARLES BESSONETT, at Bristol,

SETS out on Mondays and Thursdays, from the House of JOSEPH VANDEGRIFT, at the Cross-Keys, the Corner of Chestnut and Third-streets, in Philadelphia, and proceeds to Prince-Town the same Days, where it meets the New-York Stage, and returns on Tuesdays and Fridays, till the First of May; and then goes three Times a Week, till the First of November. All Gentlemen and Ladies, that please to favour me with their Custom, may depend upon my best endeavours to give Satisfaction. Passengers and Baggage to be carried as usual. CHARLES BESSONETT.

Lancaster, March 17, 1772.

THIS is to inform whom it may concern, that there was committed to my custody, on the 21st of February last, a certain man, named DENNIS M'CALLOW, who says he is a servant to JAMES TODD, in Chester county. Said master is hereby desired to come and pay charges, and take him away, in three weeks from the date hereof, otherwise he will be sold for his prison fees, by me ¶ GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.

To COVER this SEASON,

THE famous grey horse NORTHUMBERLAND (commonly called the IRISH HORSE) at Fifty Shillings the season, and Twenty-five Shillings the single leap, and Three Pounds Ten Shillings, if insured. He is 15 hands 2 inches high, and free from all blemishes, and is allowed by all judges, to be the best made horse ever imported; he was bred by Lord Mazarine, and got by the famous horse Bustard, out of a daughter of Old Crab Grandam, by Old Babram; he is brother to Free-mason, and Lord Mont-Eagle's famous horse Bolton, who kept the course of Kildare, in Ireland, for 3 years successively; his performances in England, Ireland, and America, are well known to all sportsmen. He is very sure, and his colts remarkably fine, and has covered in Philadelphia at Five Pounds the season.

He is kept at JOHN HART's, Esq; in Hunterdon county, New-Jersey, where good pastures for mares are provided, at a moderate price.

TO BE SOLD,

Pursuant to the last will and testament of *Cadwalader Evans*, late of Edgmont, in the county of Chester, deceased, by PUBLIC SALE, on the Twentieth day of April next, at the dwelling-house of *Thomas Evans*, of Edgmont, in the county aforesaid,

A CERTAIN plantation, and tract of land, situate in the township of Pennsborough, and county of Cumberland; bounded by lands of Hugh M'Cole, John Mitchell, William Laver, and others; containing 118 acres and 139 perches, with the usual allowance, a good log-house, and a very good conveniency for a mill thereon, with about 20 acres cleared. Any person inclining to view the premises, may apply to *Tobias Hendricks*, living near the premises. The sale to begin at two o' clock said day; where the conditions, which will be easy, will be made known by ANNE EVANS, and THOMAS EVANS, Execut. *March* 20, 1772. ¶

Burlington, March 19, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, that this day was committed to the goal of the city of Burlington, a certain WILLIAM RICHARDSON, a Sweep-chimney; he acknowledges to be servant to one Nicholas Hosaker, in Lebanon town, Lancaster county; he is advertised in the Pennsylvania Gazette, March 12, 1772, No. 2255, by Mr. Curtis Grubb, at Cornwall Furnace. His master is hereby desired to come (or send) and pay charges, and take him away as soon as possible, by ¶ EPHRAIM PHILLIPS, Goaler.

THE MANAGERS OF THE FILATURE IN PHILADELPHIA, hereby give *public Notice*, to all Persons desirous of raising SILK the ensuing Season, that they may be supplied with Eggs of the Silk-Moth, *gratis*, by applying to Mr. ISAAC BARTRAM, in Second-street: Any so inclined, should lose no Time in making their Applications, lest they should meet with Disappointment.

A PUBLIC SALE, at the London Coffee-House, at Six o' Clock in the Evening of the 26th Instant, being the Fifth Day of the Week, of Part of the Real Estate of Benjamin Kendall, *viz.*

A Convenient well-finished DWELLING-HOUSE, almost new, three Stories high, situate on the North-side of Chestnut-street, near Third-street, 24 Feet front, about 42 Feet deep, with commodious Back-buildings adjoining, good dry Cellars, and well-built Vaults under them, the Lot free of Ground-rent, is 90 Feet deep from Chestnut-street.

A HOUSE and LOT, contiguous to the above, situate at the North-east Corner of Chestnut-street and Third-street, with the Stables, &c. having been many Years a well accustomed Inn, (the sign of the Cross Keys) which now letts for £80 per Ann. the House being 26 Feet front on Chestnut-street, and about 40 Feet on Third-street, and the Lot the same Depth as the abovementioned.

And on the 30th Instant, being the Second Day of the Week, will also be exposed to Sale, at public Vendue, at the same Place, at Seven o' Clock in the Evening,

Two Tracts of well-improved MEADOW GROUND, in Passyunk Township, on Greenwich Island; one of them containing 14 Acres and three Quarters; the other six Acres and 22 Perches; distant about three Miles from the City.

Also a small Tract of LAND, in the Township of Moyamensing, about eight Acres, with a convenient Brick Tenement, 50 Feet front, thereon erected, Part of the Inside of which is unfinished; likewise a Frame Barn, a Well of good Water and Pump, an Orchard, Garden, and other Improvements, about one Mile and an Half distant from the City.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on the premises, the Thirtieth of this instant MARCH, at one o' clock in the afternoon,

THAT VALUABLE FARM, whereon THOMAS BARNSLEY, Esq; deceased, did live (sold pursuant to the directions of his last will and testament) situate in the township of Bensalem, and county of Bucks, at the head of the tide water, on Neshaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, and about a quarter of a mile from Rodman's landing, on said creek, where flour, wood, &c. are transported to Philadelphia, containing about 560 acres of excellent land, about one half cleared, and in good fence, near 60 acres of which are extraordinary good meadow, lately drained, and more may be made, the other half is fine timbered land; there is erected on said farm, a new genteel house, of brick and stone, 56 feet and an half by 44, with a 13 feet entry through the whole, a black walnut stair case, 4 rooms on the lower floor, 6 rooms on the second floor, and 3 garrets, all well finished off, and painted last summer, extraordinary cellars under the house, also two large kitchens and store-house, with a cellar under the store-house, piazzas in the front of said kitchens, chambers over the same for servants, and a well of good water at the kitchen door, a carpenter's shop, a brick smoke-house, sixteen feet and an half square, spring-house, with a flax and wool-house over it, two barns, one 66 feet by 33, a threshing floor in the middle, and bays on each side, and good floors in them, and a granary over the threshing floor; the other a small barn, a threshing floor, and cow houses on each side, good stables, sufficient to hold 30 horses, and losts over them, for hay, well floored, a commodious shed, coach-house, and poultry-house, 4 compleat barracks, standing on sills, with cedar tops, made last summer, two orchards, one an old one, of natural fruit, the other a young one, of 300 bearing trees, of the best grafted fruit; also is erected, in one corner of the farm, a good square log-house, suitable for a tradesman. Attendance will be given by WILLIAM RODMAN, and GILBERT HICKS, Executors. ‖ 7*s*6.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 30th of March instant, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain frame tenement, and lot or piece of ground, situate on the east side of Sixth-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, north and south, 13 feet and 1 inch, and in length or depth 52 feet 6 inches; bounded by Sixth-street aforesaid, and by ground of Joannet Church, James Glenn, and others; late the estate of David Davis, deceased, seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 31st day of March instant, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-house of John Gurly, inn-keeper, in the township of Plumsted, and county of Bucks, a certain messuage, tenement, plantation, and tract of land, situate in Plumsted aforesaid, bounded by land of Alexander Brown, Matthew Hughes, and others, containing 111 acres, be the same more or less, with the appurtenances; late the property of Levi Owen; seized and taken in execution, by RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff. §

Philadelphia, March 6, 1772.

THE Owners and Occupiers of the WICACOA MEADOWS, are desired to meet at the Court-House, the First of APRIL next, to elect MANAGERS, and TREASURER, for the ensuing Year. ¶

HENRY BARNHOLD, of this City, Grocer, having assigned all his Effects to the Subscribers, for the general Benefit of his Creditors, and also appointed us his Attorneys for the Recovery of his Debts, all Persons, indebted to said BARNHOLD, are desired to make immediate Payment, in order that a Dividend may be made thereof. THOMAS CLIFFORD,
4w ROBERT PROUD,
Philad. Feb. 10, 1772. JAMES BUDDEN.

BOULTING-CLOTHS,

A LARGE and complete Assortment, of 5 and 6-qr. fine, superfine, middling and coarse, imported by ELLIS LEWIS, and to be sold, on the lowest Terms, at his House, in Second-street, near Spruce-street, Philadelphia.

Millers and others, that are not well acquainted with BOULTING-CLOTHS, may depend on being supplied with the best in Quality, and Directions how to affix them on the Reels.-----A proportionable Discount will be made to those that purchase to retail.

He has several Pair of Cologne Mill-stones on Hand, four Feet to four Feet four Inches broad, which will be sold very low for Cash or short Credit. T, b, o, t, f.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBERS,
In such parcels as may best suit the purchasers,

A VALUABLE TRACT of improved LAND, in the township of Alexandria, in the county of Hunterdon, and province of New-Jersey, commonly known by the name of Byerly's Tract, containing about 8000 acres, now in possession of a number of tenants, whose leases will expire the 25th of March next. It is situate on the rivers Delaware and Musconecong, about 6 miles below Easton, 10 miles from Union Iron-works, is contiguous both to Mr. Hughes's and Johnson's forges and grist-mills, and in the neighbourhood of several other grist and saw-mills. The land is extremely well watered, and of an excellent quality for raising of wheat and grain of all kinds. The tract is accommodated with a very good fishing place on the river Delaware, where a great quantity of shad and other fish are taken in the proper seasons. The buyers, on paying down one third of the purchase-money, will have time given to pay the rest. For further particulars, application may be made to Archibald Stewart, of Andover Iron-works, who will attend on the land, from the 1st to the 25th of March next. *Feb.* 8, 1772. ALLEN and TURNER. 6*W.*

To be SOLD, by
BALDWIN and GILBERT,
At their store, at the corner of Front and Vine-streets, viz.

WEST-INDIA and Philadelphia RUM, by the hogshead, or larger quantity, best melasses, Muscovado, loaf and lump sugar, tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, cocoa, cotton, fall mackarel, Madeira wine, four years old, by the pipe or quarter cask, Lisbon and Liverpool salt; a very large and general assortment of red cedar, which they will sell at a very low price to any person, inclining to purchase the whole, as they intend to drop that branch; they have likewise to sell a pair of BURR MILL-STONES. §8w.

Gloucester, February 3, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on the 4th day of May next, between the hours of 12 and 5 o' clock, on the premises, a valuable plantation, containing 210 acres, situate on Woodberry creek, 97½ thereof is as good meadow as any in the province, and in excellent order, being chiefly in timothy and green grass, and is secured from the tide by a dam at the mouth of the creek, which is maintained at the expence of a number of proprietors; there is a good orchard thereon, a good two story brick house, with 3 rooms on a floor, and a cellar under the same, a good kitchen adjoining the same, a good barn and stables, a granary, and divers other necessary out-houses, which renders it both commodious and convenient; the whole adjoining lands of James Whitall, William Snowden, John Hopkins, and others; late the property of Abraham Chattin, deceased, seized in execution by JOSEPH HUGG, Sheriff. ¶ 5*s*. Tbc.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE certain LOTS of GROUND; one situate on the north side of Arch-street, between Fourth and Fifth-streets, containing in breadth on Arch-street 37 feet, and the same on a public alley, called Apple-tree Alley, being 140 feet in length or depth; there are now on the said lot 3 tenements and a stable, which will rent for 47*l.* per annum.

One other lot, situate on the west side of Fourth-street, between Arch and Race-streets, being in breadth on Fourth-street 12 feet and a half, and in length or depth 49 feet and a half; subject to a groundrent of 25*s.* currency, per annum; having thereon a two story frame building, that now rents for 10*l.* per annum.

And one other lot, situate on the east side of Fifth-street, between Arch and Race-streets, containing in breadth on Fifth-street 16 feet, and in length or depth 60 feet.

Any person or persons desirous of purchasing the above mentioned lots, may apply to JOSEPH WATKINS, junior, in Third-street, opposite Cherry-alley, Philadelphia, and be informed of the conditions of sale. *tf.*

Downing-Town, Chester County, in Pennsylvania, Feb. 3, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN *away from the subscriber the 1st instant, a native Irish servant lad, named* WILLIAM CRAWNEEN, *but calls himself* GORDON, *has been between 2 and 3 years in the country, about 18 or 19 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, of a black complexion, streight black hair, rugged and boisterous in discourse, can neither read nor write; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a half-worn fur hat, two goood cloth jackets, light coloured, lined with lincey, one of which had cuffs, the other without sleeves, two shirts, one fine and good, old buckskin breeches, coarse yarn stockings, of a brown colour, one pair of strong shoes, the soles drove full of pegs, with flat square copper buckles, two silk handkerchiefs, one of which black; is an artful fellow, and addicted to gaming, particularly at hussel-cap. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me* JOSHUA WAY. ¶ 6 w.

N. B. He was seen crossing the Upper Ferry, on Schuylkill, last First-day morning, and is supposed to have gone into the Jerseys.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

ON Monday, the 4th day of May next, at the Coffee-house, in Baltimore, the HOUSE wherein I now live, on the south side of Market-street, a few doors above the market-house; the house is commodious, and well situated for business, stands on a lot 160 feet deep, in which there is a fee simple.

At the same time will be sold, a HOUSE adjoining the above, in which Mr. William Harris lives, it is fitted exactly in the same manner as the other in front, and the lot is the same depth. The only difference between them is, there is a back building added to the one in which I live, and none to this.

The first may be entered on immediately, the other is on lease to Mr. Harris, at 60l. per ann. which lease expires the 1st day of April, 1773.

The terms will be made known on the day of sale. The houses may be viewed at any time on application. EBENEZER MACKIE.

I intend going out of the country next summer; therefore, all persons indebted to Messieurs SPIERS, FRENCH *and* COMPANY, *of Glasgow, for dealings with me, are requested to make speedy payment; if that is not in their power, I expect at least they will settle their accounts by bond. I have on hand, a large and well assorted parcel of goods, which I will sell very cheap by wholesale,*

EBENEZER MACKIE.

TO be rented for one year, or a term, as may be agreed on, the HOUSE and WHARFF on Fell's-point, known by the name of LONG's; it is conveniently calculated, and well situated for taking in goods on storage, and has been rented for 140l. per annum. 6. *W.* EBENEZER MACKIE.

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